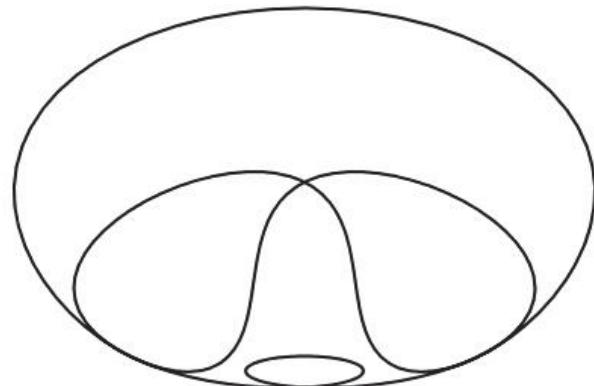


数の2進3進数を用いたグラフ

2 3 、 9 6 KUN 9 9 9



蛭子井博孝作

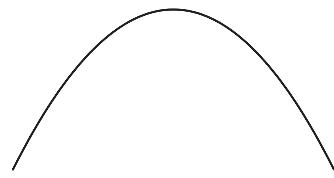
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<http://geomatics85.org/>

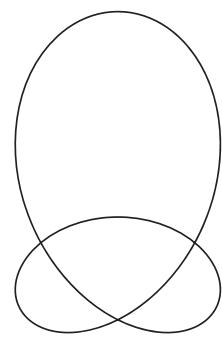
$X = 0$
 $Y = 0$



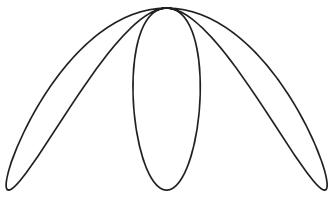
$1_{\{[1]=HeFc(0)\}}=1_{3 \sinus}, 0=0$
 $X=\sin(x)$
 $Y=0$



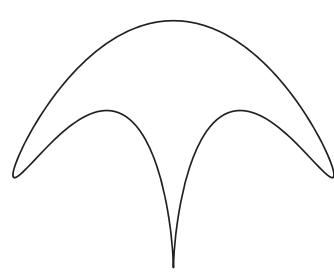
$2_{\{[2]=HeFc(2)\}}=2_{3 \sinus}, 2=10_{2 \sinus}$
 $X=2 \sin(x)$
 $Y=\cos(2x)$



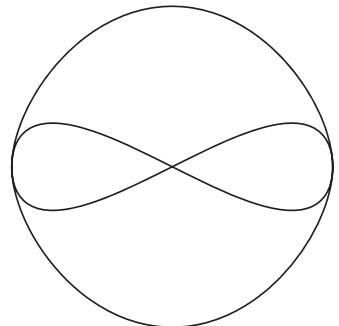
$3_{\{[3]=HeFc(3)\}}=10_{3 \sinus}, 3=11_{2 \sinus}$
 $X=\sin(2x)$
 $Y=\cos(x) + \cos(2x)$



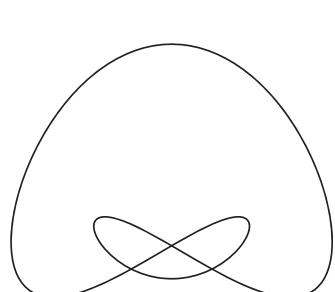
$4_{\{[2,2]=HeFc(4)\}}=11_{3 \sinus}, 4=100_{2 \sinus}$
 $X=\sin(x) + \sin(2x)$
 $Y=\cos(3x)$



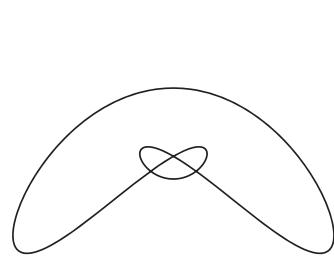
$5_{\{[5]=HeFc(5)\}}=12_{3 \sinus}, 5=101_{2 \sinus}$
 $X=2 \sin(x) + \sin(2x)$
 $Y=\cos(x) + \cos(3x)$



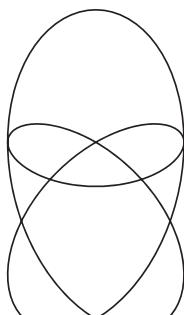
$6_{\{[2,3]=HeFc(5)\}}=20_{3 \sinus}, 6=101_{2 \sinus}$
 $X=2 \sin(2x)$
 $Y=\cos(x) + \cos(3x)$



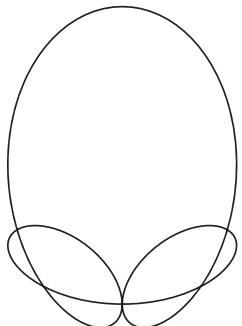
$7_{\{[7]=HeFc(7)\}}=21_{3 \sinus}, 7=1112_{2 \sinus}$
 $X=\sin(x) + 2 \sin(2x)$
 $Y=\cos(x) + \cos(2x) + \cos(3x)$



$8_{\{[2,2,2]=HeFc(6)\}}=22_{3 \sinus}, 6=1102_{2 \sinus}$
 $X=2 \sin(x) + 2 \sin(2x)$
 $Y=\cos(2x) + \cos(3x)$



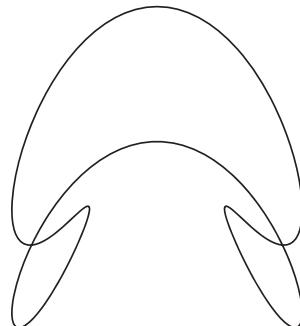
$9_{\{[3,3]=HeFc(6)\}}=100_{3 \sinus}, 6=1102_{2 \sinus}$
 $X=\sin(3x)$
 $Y=\cos(2x) + \cos(3x)$



$$10_{\{[2, 5] = HeFc(7)\}} = 101_3 \sinus, 7 = 111_2 \sinus$$

$$X = \sin(x) + \sin(3x)$$

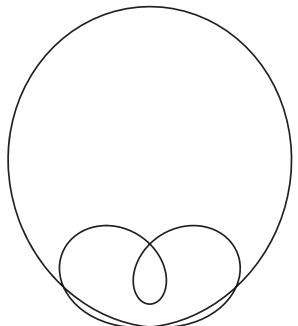
$$Y = \cos(x) + \cos(2x) + \cos(3x)$$



$$11_{\{[11] = HeFc(11)\}} = 102_3 \sinus, 11 = 1011_2 \sinus$$

$$X = 2 \sin(x) + \sin(3x)$$

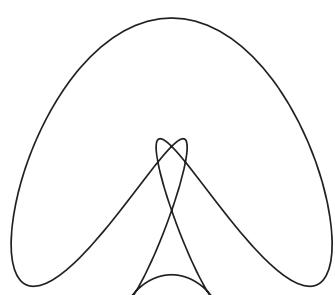
$$Y = \cos(x) + \cos(2x) + \cos(4x)$$



$$12_{\{[2, 2, 3] = HeFc(7)\}} = 110_3 \sinus, 7 = 111_2 \sinus$$

$$X = \sin(2x) + \sin(3x)$$

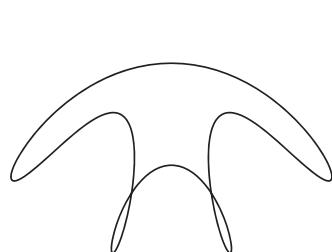
$$Y = \cos(x) + \cos(2x) + \cos(3x)$$



$$13_{\{[13] = HeFc(13)\}} = 111_3 \sinus, 13 = 1101_2 \sinus$$

$$X = \sin(x) + \sin(2x) + \sin(3x)$$

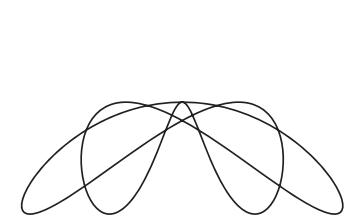
$$Y = \cos(x) + \cos(3x) + \cos(4x)$$



$$14_{\{[2, 7] = HeFc(9)\}} = 112_3 \sinus, 1 = 1001_2 \sinus$$

$$X = 2 \sin(x) + \sin(2x) + \sin(3x)$$

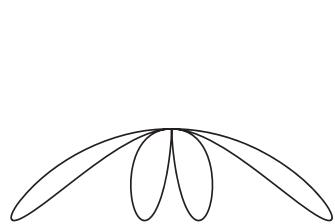
$$Y = \cos(x) + \cos(4x)$$



$$15_{\{[3, 5] = HeFc(8)\}} = 120_3 \sinus, 8 = 1000_2 \sinus$$

$$X = 2 \sin(2x) + \sin(3x)$$

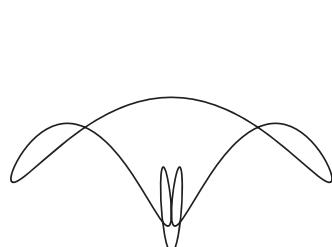
$$Y = \cos(4x)$$



$$16_{\{[2, 2, 2] = HeFc(8)\}} = 121_3 \sinus, 8 = 1000_2 \sinus$$

$$X = \sin(x) + 2 \sin(2x) + \sin(3x)$$

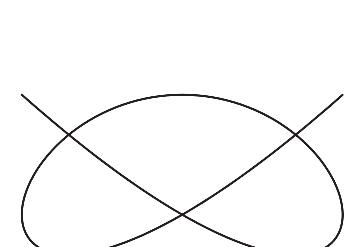
$$Y = \cos(4x)$$



$$17_{\{[17] = HeFc(17)\}} = 122_3 \sinus, 17 = 10001_2 \sinus$$

$$X = 2 \sin(x) + 2 \sin(2x) + \sin(3x)$$

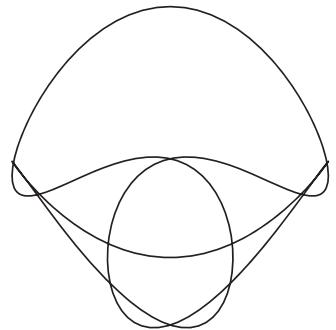
$$Y = \cos(x) + \cos(5x)$$



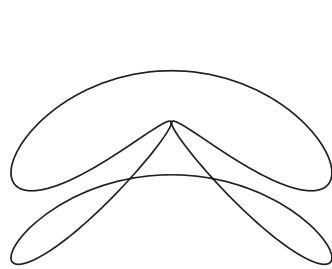
$$18_{\{[2, 3] = HeFc(8)\}} = 200_3 \sinus, 8 = 1000_2 \sinus$$

$$X = 2 \sin(3x)$$

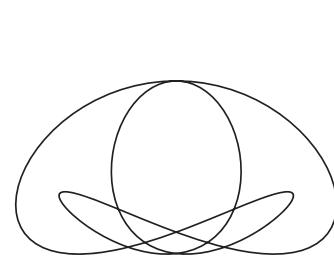
$$Y = \cos(4x)$$



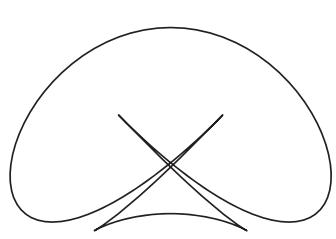
19_{[19]=HeFc(19)}=201_{3 sin(x)}, 19=10011_{2 sin(x)}
 $X=\sin(x) + 2 \sin(3x)$
 $Y=\cos(x) + \cos(2x) + \cos(5x)$



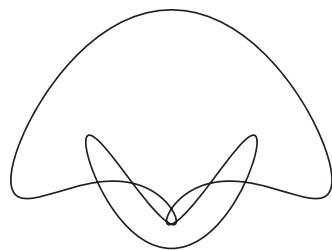
20_{[2, 2, 5]=HeFc(9)}=202_{3 sin(x)}, 9=1001_{2 sin(x)}
 $X=2 \sin(x) + 2 \sin(3x)$
 $Y=\cos(x) + \cos(4x)$



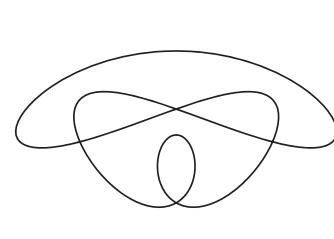
21_{[3, 7]=HeFc(10)}=210_{3 sin(x)}, 10=1010_{2 sin(x)}
 $X=\sin(2x) + 2 \sin(3x)$
 $Y=\cos(2x) + \cos(4x)$



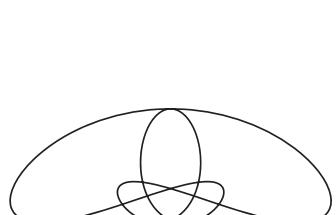
22_{[2, 11]=HeFc(13)}=211_{3 sin(x)}, 13=1101_{2 sin(x)}
 $X=\sin(x) + \sin(2x) + 2 \sin(3x)$
 $Y=\cos(x) + \cos(2x) + \cos(3x) + \cos(5x)$



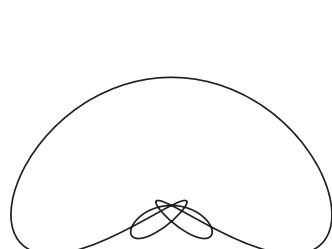
23_{[23]=HeFc(23)}=212_{3 sin(x)}, 23=10111_{2 sin(x)}
 $X=2 \sin(x) + \sin(2x) + 2 \sin(3x)$
 $Y=\cos(x) + \cos(2x) + \cos(3x) + \cos(5x)$



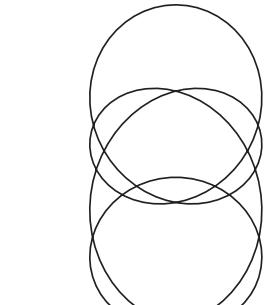
24_{[2, 2, 2, 3]=HeFc(9)}=220_{3 sin(x)}, 9=1001_{2 sin(x)}
 $X=2 \sin(2x) + 2 \sin(3x)$
 $Y=\cos(x) + \cos(4x)$



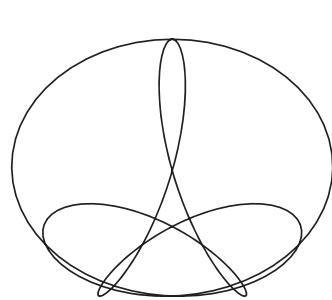
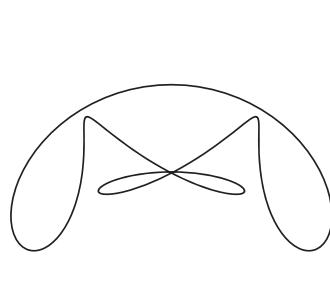
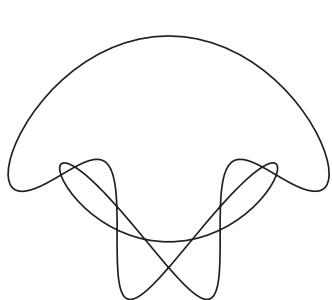
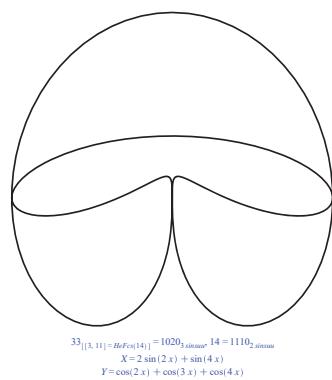
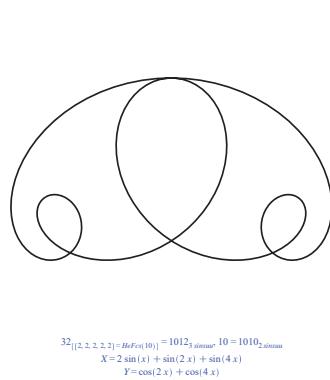
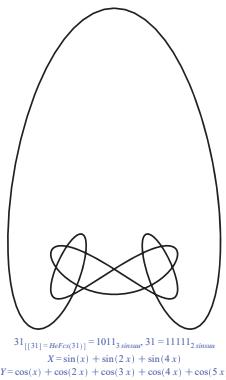
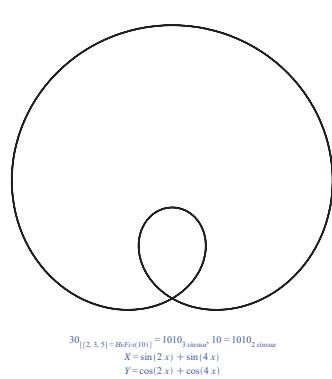
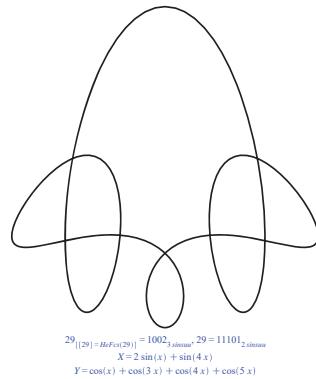
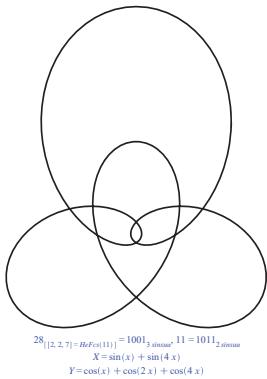
25_{[5, 5]=HeFc(10)}=221_{3 sin(x)}, 10=1010_{2 sin(x)}
 $X=\sin(x) + 2 \sin(2x) + 2 \sin(3x)$
 $Y=\cos(2x) + \cos(4x)$

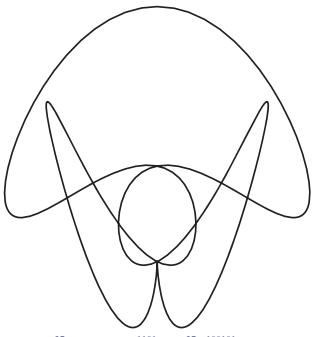


26_{[2, 13]=HeFc(15)}=222_{3 sin(x)}, 15=1111_{2 sin(x)}
 $X=2 \sin(x) + 2 \sin(2x) + 2 \sin(3x)$
 $Y=\cos(x) + \cos(2x) + \cos(3x) + \cos(4x)$

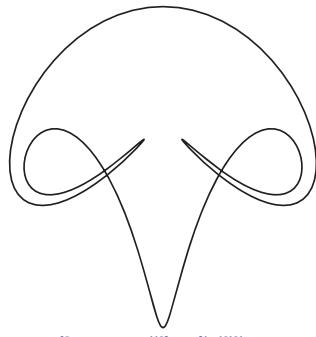


27_{[3, 3, 3]=HeFc(9)}=1000_{3 sin(x)}, 9=1001_{2 sin(x)}
 $X=\sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(x) + \cos(4x)$

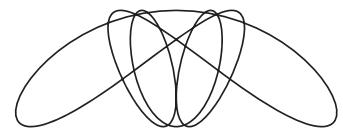




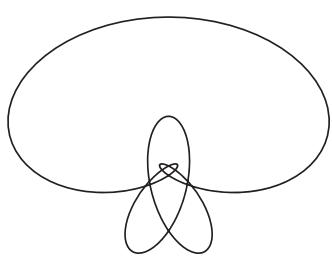
37_{[37]=HeFc(37)}=1101₃_{sinus}, 37=100101₂_{sinus}
 $X=\sin(x)+\sin(3x)+\sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(x)+\cos(3x)+\cos(6x)$



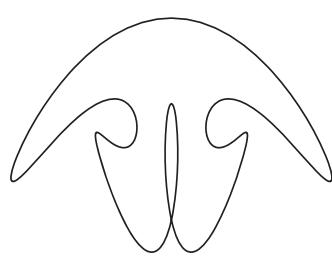
38_{[2, 19]=HeFc(29)}=1102₃_{sinus}, 21=10101₂_{sinus}
 $X=2\sin(x)+\sin(3x)+\sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(x)+\cos(3x)+\cos(5x)$



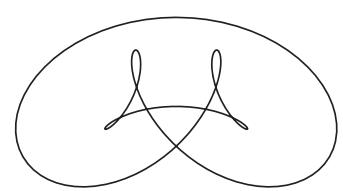
39_{[3, 13]=HeFc(16)}=1110₃_{sinus}, 16=10000₂_{sinus}
 $X=\sin(2x)+\sin(3x)+\sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(5x)$



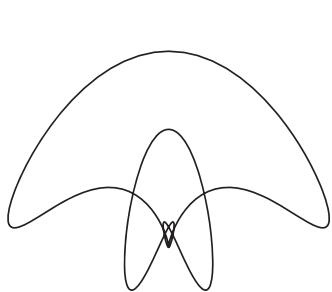
40_{[2, 2, 2, 5]=HeFc(11)}=1111₃_{sinus}, 11=1011₂_{sinus}
 $X=\sin(x)+\sin(2x)+\sin(3x)+\sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(x)+\cos(2x)+\cos(4x)$



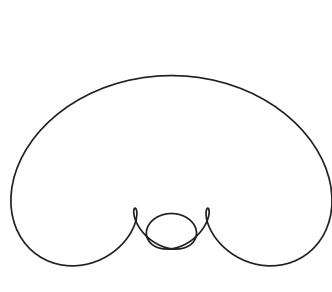
41_{[41]=HeFc(41)}=1112₃_{sinus}, 41=101001₂_{sinus}
 $X=2\sin(x)+\sin(2x)+\sin(3x)+\sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(x)+\cos(4x)+\cos(6x)$



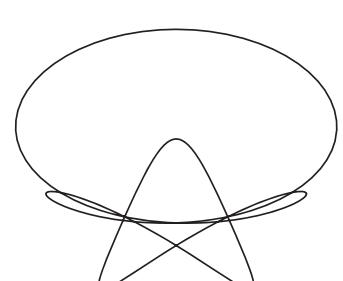
42_{[2, 3, 7]=HeFc(12)}=1120₃_{sinus}, 12=1100₂_{sinus}
 $X=2\sin(2x)+\sin(3x)+\sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(3x)+\cos(4x)$



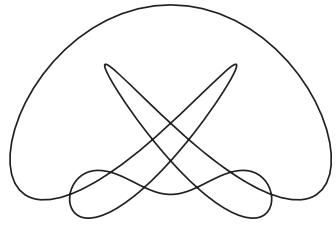
43_{[43]=HeFc(43)}=1121₃_{sinus}, 43=101011₂_{sinus}
 $X=\sin(x)+2\sin(2x)+\sin(3x)+\sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(x)+\cos(2x)+\cos(4x)+\cos(6x)$



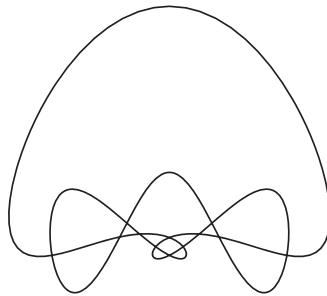
44_{[2, 2, 11]=HeFc(15)}=1122₃_{sinus}, 15=1111₂_{sinus}
 $X=2\sin(x)+2\sin(2x)+\sin(3x)+\sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(x)+\cos(2x)+\cos(3x)+\cos(4x)$



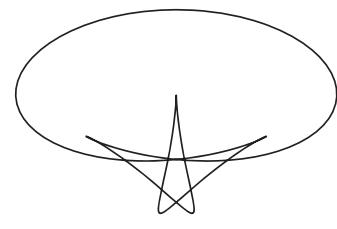
45_{[3, 3, 5]=HeFc(11)}=1200₃_{sinus}, 11=1011₂_{sinus}
 $X=2\sin(3x)+\sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(x)+\cos(2x)+\cos(4x)$



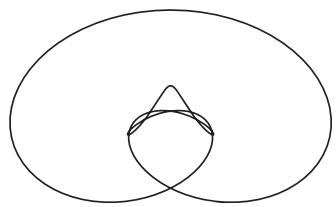
46_[{2, 23} = HeFc(25)] = 1201_{3 sinuu}, 25 = 11001_{2 sinuu}
 $X = \sin(x) + 2 \sin(3x) + \sin(4x)$
 $Y = \cos(x) + \cos(4x) + \cos(5x)$



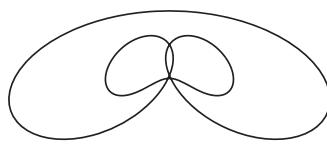
47_[{47} = HeFc(47)] = 1202_{3 sinuu}, 47 = 101111_{2 sinuu}
 $X = 2 \sin(x) + 2 \sin(3x) + \sin(4x)$
 $Y = \cos(x) + \cos(2x) + \cos(3x) + \cos(4x) + \cos(6x)$



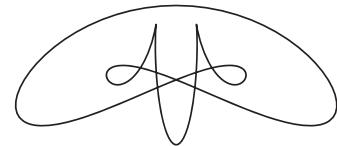
48_[{2, 2, 2, 2, 3} = HeFc(11)] = 1210_{3 sinuu}, 11 = 1011_{2 sinuu}
 $X = \sin(2x) + 2 \sin(3x) + \sin(4x)$
 $Y = \cos(x) + \cos(2x) + \cos(4x)$



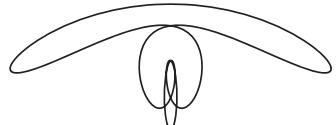
49_[{7, 7} = HeFc(14)] = 1211_{3 sinuu}, 14 = 1110_{2 sinuu}
 $X = \sin(x) + \sin(2x) + 2 \sin(3x) + \sin(4x)$
 $Y = \cos(2x) + \cos(3x) + \cos(4x)$



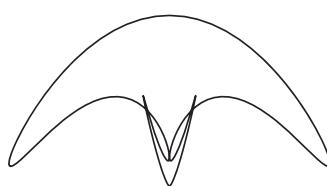
50_[{2, 5, 5} = HeFc(12)] = 1212_{3 sinuu}, 12 = 1100_{2 sinuu}
 $X = 2 \sin(x) + \sin(2x) + 2 \sin(3x) + \sin(4x)$
 $Y = \cos(3x) + \cos(4x)$



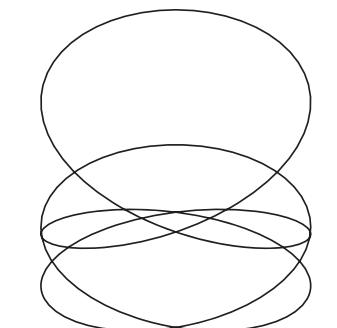
51_[{3, 17} = HeFc(20)] = 1220_{3 sinuu}, 20 = 10100_{2 sinuu}
 $X = 2 \sin(2x) + 2 \sin(3x) + \sin(4x)$
 $Y = \cos(3x) + \cos(5x)$



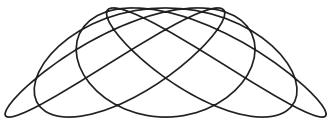
52_[{2, 2, 13} = HeFc(17)] = 1221_{3 sinuu}, 17 = 10001_{2 sinuu}
 $X = \sin(x) + 2 \sin(2x) + 2 \sin(3x) + \sin(4x)$
 $Y = \cos(x) + \cos(5x)$



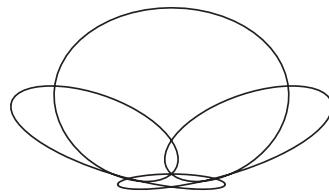
53_[{53} = HeFc(53)] = 1222_{3 sinuu}, 53 = 110101_{2 sinuu}
 $X = 2 \sin(x) + 2 \sin(2x) + 2 \sin(3x) + \sin(4x)$
 $Y = \cos(x) + \cos(3x) + \cos(5x) + \cos(6x)$



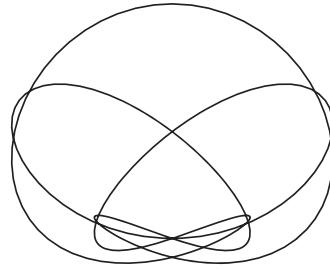
54_[{2, 3, 3, 3} = HeFc(11)] = 2000_{3 sinuu}, 11 = 1011_{2 sinuu}
 $X = 2 \sin(4x)$
 $Y = \cos(x) + \cos(2x) + \cos(4x)$



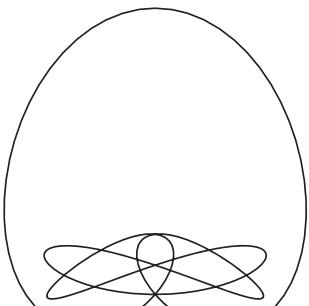
55_{[5, 11]}=HeFc(16)}=2001₃_{sinus}, 16=10000₂_{sinus}
 $X=\sin(x) + 2 \sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(5x)$



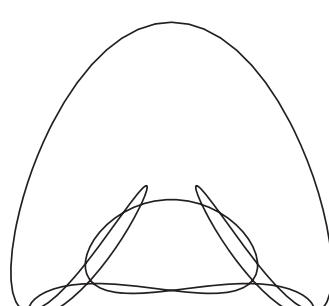
56_{[2, 2, 2, 7]}=HeFc(13)}=2002₃_{sinus}, 13=1101₂_{sinus}
 $X=2 \sin(x) + 2 \sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(x) + \cos(3x) + \cos(4x)$



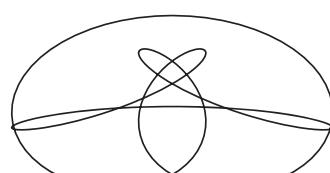
57_{[3, 19]}=HeFc(21)}=2010₃_{sinus}, 22=10110₂_{sinus}
 $X=\sin(2x) + 2 \sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(2x) + \cos(3x) + \cos(5x)$



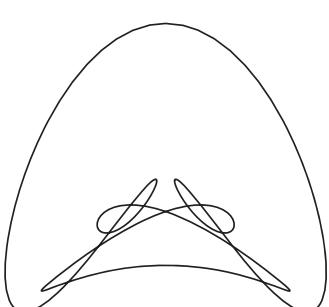
58_{[2, 29]}=HeFc(31)}=2011₃_{sinus}, 31=11111₂_{sinus}
 $X=\sin(x) + \sin(2x) + 2 \sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(x) + \cos(2x) + \cos(3x) + \cos(4x) + \cos(5x)$



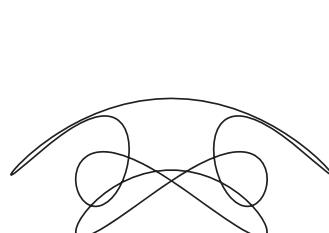
59_{[159]}=HeFc(59)}=2012₃_{sinus}, 59=1110112₂_{sinus}
 $X=2 \sin(x) + \sin(2x) + 2 \sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(x) + \cos(2x) + \cos(4x) + \cos(5x) + \cos(6x)$



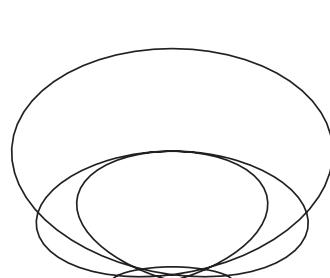
60_{[2, 2, 3, 5]}=HeFc(12)}=2020₃_{sinus}, 12=1100₂_{sinus}
 $X=2 \sin(2x) + 2 \sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(3x) + \cos(4x)$



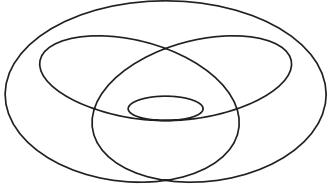
61_{[61]}=HeFc(61)}=2021₃_{sinus}, 61=111101₂_{sinus}
 $X=\sin(x) + 2 \sin(2x) + 2 \sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(x) + \cos(3x) + \cos(4x) + \cos(5x) + \cos(6x)$



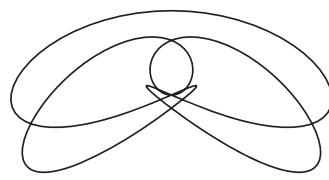
62_{[2, 31]}=HeFc(33)}=2022₃_{sinus}, 33=100001₂_{sinus}
 $X=2 \sin(x) + 2 \sin(2x) + 2 \sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(x) + \cos(6x)$



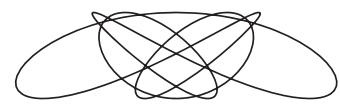
63_{[3, 3, 7]}=HeFc(13)}=2100₃_{sinus}, 13=1101₂_{sinus}
 $X=\sin(3x) + 2 \sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(x) + \cos(3x) + \cos(4x)$



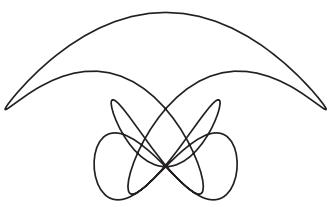
64_{[2, 2, 2, 2, 2]}=HefCo(12)}=2101₃sinus, 12=1100₂sinus
 $X=\sin(x)+\sin(3x)+2\sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(3x)+\cos(4x)$



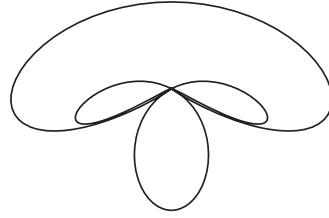
65_{[5, 13]}=HefCo(18)}=2102₃sinus, 18=10010₂sinus
 $X=2\sin(x)+\sin(3x)+2\sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(2x)+\cos(5x)$



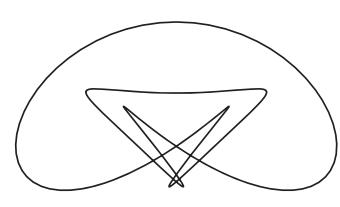
66_{[2, 3, 11]}=HefCo(16)}=2110₃sinus, 16=10000₂sinus
 $X=\sin(2x)+\sin(3x)+2\sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(5x)$



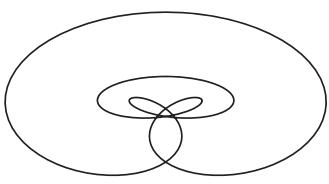
67_{[6?]}=HefCo(6?)}=2111₃sinus, 67=1000011₂sinus
 $X=\sin(x)+\sin(2x)+\sin(3x)+2\sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(x)+\cos(2x)+\cos(7x)$



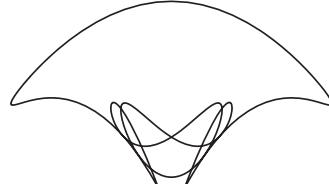
68_{[2, 2, 17]}=HefCo(21)}=2112₃sinus, 21=10101₂sinus
 $X=2\sin(x)+\sin(2x)+\sin(3x)+2\sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(x)+\cos(3x)+\cos(5x)$



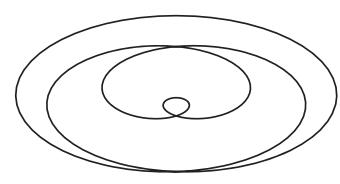
69_{[3, 21]}=HefCo(26)}=2120₃sinus, 26=11010₂sinus
 $X=2\sin(2x)+\sin(3x)+2\sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(2x)+\cos(4x)+\cos(5x)$



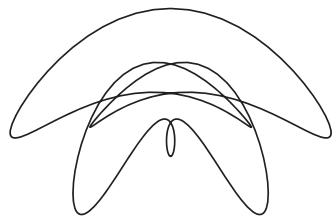
70_{[2, 5, 7]}=HefCo(14)}=2121₃sinus, 14=1110₂sinus
 $X=\sin(x)+2\sin(2x)+\sin(3x)+2\sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(2x)+\cos(3x)+\cos(4x)$



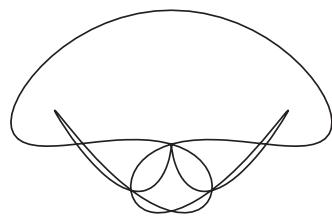
71_{[7?]}=HefCo(71)}=2122₃sinus, 71=1000111₂sinus
 $X=2\sin(x)+2\sin(2x)+\sin(3x)+2\sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(x)+\cos(2x)+\cos(3x)+\cos(7x)$



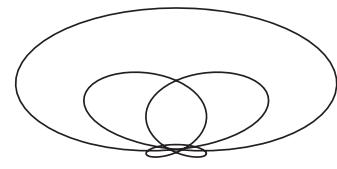
72_{[2, 2, 2, 3]}=HefCo(12)}=2200₃sinus, 12=1100₂sinus
 $X=2\sin(3x)+2\sin(4x)$
 $Y=\cos(3x)+\cos(4x)$



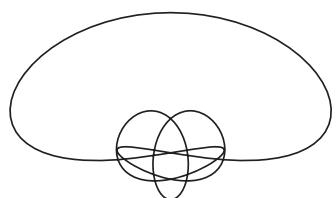
$$73_{\{[73]=HefCo(73)\}} = 2201_3 \sinus, 73 = 1001001_2 \sinus$$
$$X = \sin(x) + 2 \sin(3x) + 2 \sin(4x)$$
$$Y = \cos(x) + \cos(2x) + \cos(7x)$$



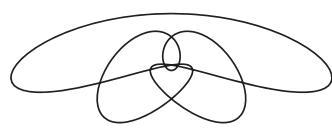
$$74_{\{[2, 37]=HefCo(39)\}} = 2202_3 \sinus, 39 = 100111_2 \sinus$$
$$X = 2 \sin(x) + 2 \sin(3x) + 2 \sin(4x)$$
$$Y = \cos(x) + \cos(2x) + \cos(3x) + \cos(6x)$$



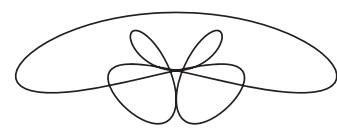
$$75_{\{[3, 5, 8]=HefCo(13)\}} = 2210_3 \sinus, 13 = 1101_2 \sinus$$
$$X = \sin(2x) + 2 \sin(3x) + 2 \sin(4x)$$
$$Y = \cos(x) + \cos(2x) + \cos(3x) + \cos(4x)$$



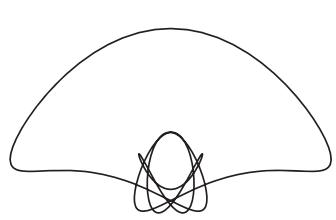
$$76_{\{[2, 2, 19]=HefCo(21)\}} = 2211_3 \sinus, 23 = 10111_2 \sinus$$
$$X = \sin(x) + \sin(2x) + 2 \sin(3x) + 2 \sin(4x)$$
$$Y = \cos(x) + \cos(2x) + \cos(3x) + \cos(5x)$$



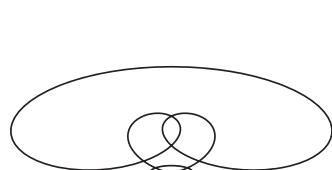
$$77_{\{[17, 11]=HefCo(18)\}} = 2212_3 \sinus, 18 = 10010_2 \sinus$$
$$X = 2 \sin(x) + \sin(2x) + 2 \sin(3x) + 2 \sin(4x)$$
$$Y = \cos(2x) + \cos(5x)$$



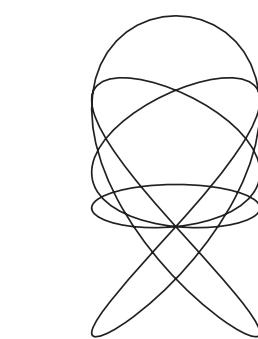
$$78_{\{[2, 3, 13]=HefCo(8)\}} = 2220_3 \sinus, 18 = 10010_2 \sinus$$
$$X = 2 \sin(2x) + 2 \sin(3x) + 2 \sin(4x)$$
$$Y = \cos(2x) + \cos(5x)$$



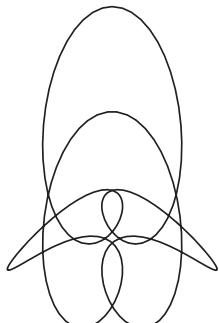
$$79_{\{[79]=HefCo(79)\}} = 2221_3 \sinus, 79 = 1001111_2 \sinus$$
$$X = \sin(x) + 2 \sin(2x) + 2 \sin(3x) + 2 \sin(4x)$$
$$Y = \cos(x) + \cos(2x) + \cos(3x) + \cos(4x) + \cos(7x)$$



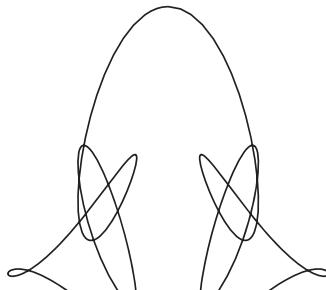
$$80_{\{[2, 2, 2, 2, 5]=HefCo(13)\}} = 2222_3 \sinus, 13 = 1101_2 \sinus$$
$$X = 2 \sin(x) + 2 \sin(2x) + 2 \sin(3x) + 2 \sin(4x)$$
$$Y = \cos(x) + \cos(3x) + \cos(4x)$$



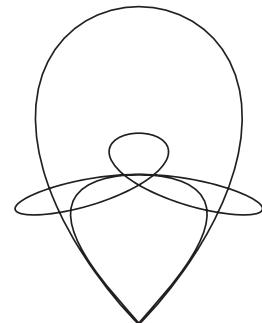
$$81_{\{[3, 3, 3, 3]=HefCo(12)\}} = 10000_3 \sinus, 12 = 11001_2 \sinus$$
$$X = \sin(3x)$$
$$Y = \cos(3x) + \cos(4x)$$



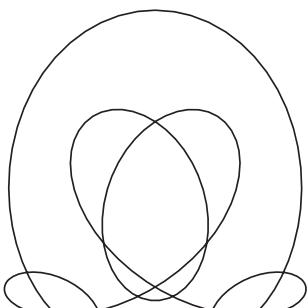
82_{[2, 41]=HeFc(43)}=10001_{3 sinus}, 43=101011_{2 sinus}
 $X = \sin(x) + \sin(5x)$
 $Y = \cos(x) + \cos(2x) + \cos(4x) + \cos(6x)$



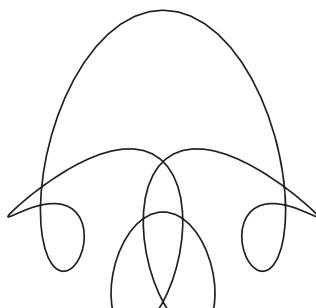
83_{[83]=HeFc(83)}=10002_{3 sinus}, 83=1010011_{2 sinus}
 $X = 2 \sin(x) + \sin(5x)$
 $Y = \cos(x) + \cos(2x) + \cos(5x) + \cos(7x)$



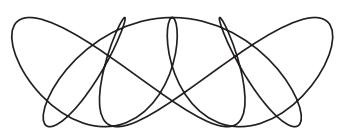
84_{[2, 2, 3, 7]=HeFc(14)}=10010_{3 sinus*}, 14=1110_{2 sinus}
 $X = \sin(2x) + \sin(5x)$
 $Y = \cos(2x) + \cos(3x) + \cos(4x)$



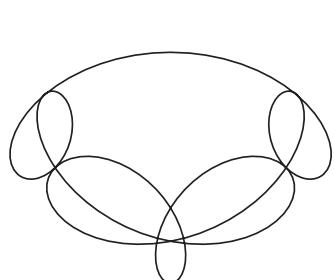
85_{[5, 17]=HeFc(22)}=10011_{3 sinus*}, 22=10110_{2 sinus}
 $X = \sin(x) + \sin(2x) + \sin(5x)$
 $Y = \cos(2x) + \cos(3x) + \cos(5x)$



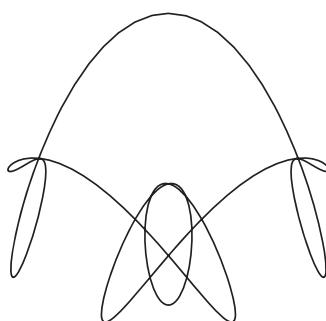
86_{[2, 43]=HeFc(45)}=10012_{3 sinus*}, 45=101101_{2 sinus}
 $X = 2 \sin(x) + \sin(2x) + \sin(5x)$
 $Y = \cos(x) + \cos(3x) + \cos(4x) + \cos(6x)$



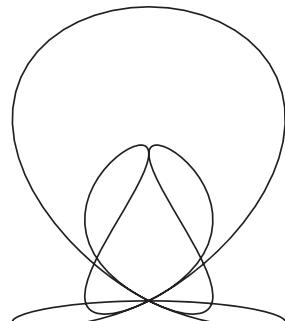
87_{[3, 29]=HeFc(32)}=10020_{3 sinus}, 32=100000_{2 sinus}
 $X = 2 \sin(2x) + \sin(5x)$
 $Y = \cos(6x)$



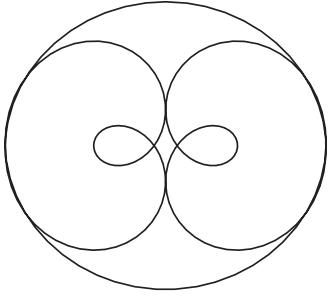
88_{[2, 2, 2, 11]=HeFc(17)}=10021_{3 sinus}, 17=10001_{2 sinus}
 $X = \sin(x) + 2 \sin(2x) + \sin(5x)$
 $Y = \cos(x) + \cos(5x)$



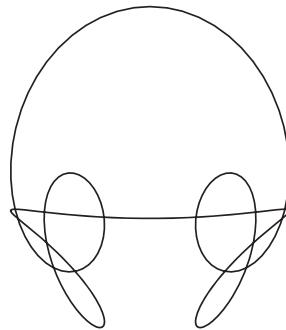
89_{[189]=HeFc(89)}=10022_{3 sinus}, 89=1011001_{2 sinus}
 $X = 2 \sin(x) + 2 \sin(2x) + \sin(5x)$
 $Y = \cos(x) + \cos(4x) + \cos(5x) + \cos(7x)$



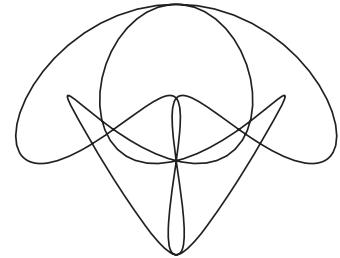
90_{[2, 3, 3, 5]=HeFc(13)}=10100_{3 sinus*}, 13=11012_{2 sinus}
 $X = \sin(3x) + \sin(5x)$
 $Y = \cos(x) + \cos(3x) + \cos(4x)$



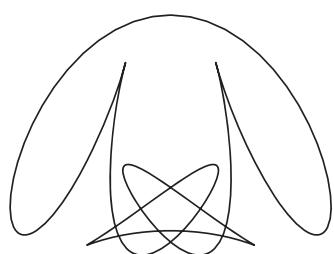
91_{(7, 13)=HeFc(20)}=10101_{3 sinew}, 20=10100_{2 sinew}
 $X=\sin(x)+\sin(3x)+\sin(5x)$
 $Y=\cos(3x)+\cos(5x)$



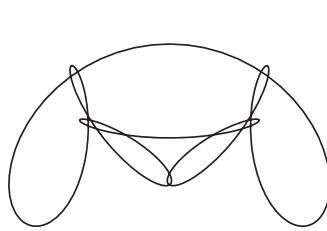
92_{(2, 2, 23)=HeFc(27)}=10102_{3 sinew}, 27=11011_{2 sinew}
 $X=2\sin(x)+\sin(3x)+\sin(5x)$
 $Y=\cos(x)+\cos(2x)+\cos(4x)+\cos(5x)$



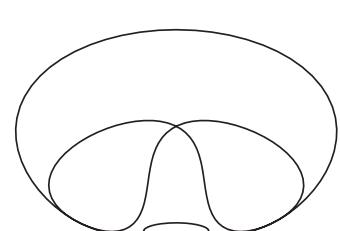
93_{(3, 31)=HeFc(34)}=10110_{3 sinew}, 34=100010_{2 sinew}
 $X=\sin(2x)+\sin(3x)+\sin(5x)$
 $Y=\cos(2x)+\cos(6x)$



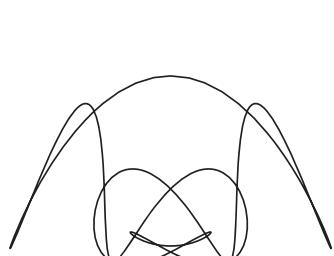
94_{(2, 47)=HeFc(49)}=10111_{3 sinew}, 49=110001_{2 sinew}
 $X=\sin(x)+\sin(2x)+\sin(3x)+\sin(5x)$
 $Y=\cos(x)+\cos(5x)+\cos(6x)$



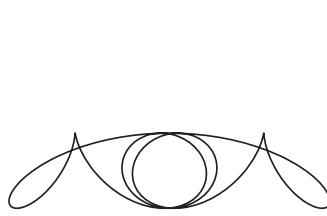
95_{(5, 19)=HeFc(24)}=10112_{3 sinew}, 24=11000_{2 sinew}
 $X=2\sin(x)+\sin(2x)+\sin(3x)+\sin(5x)$
 $Y=\cos(4x)+\cos(5x)$



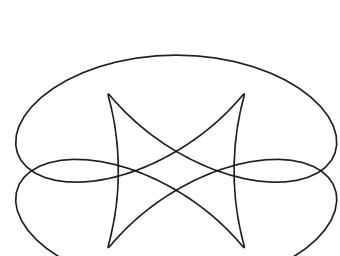
96_{(2, 2, 2, 2, 3)=HeFc(13)}=10120_{3 sinew}, 13=1101_{2 sinew}
 $X=2\sin(2x)+\sin(3x)+\sin(5x)$
 $Y=\cos(x)+\cos(3x)+\cos(4x)$



97_{(97)=HeFc(97)}=10121_{3 sinew}, 97=1100001_{2 sinew}
 $X=\sin(x)+2\sin(2x)+\sin(3x)+\sin(5x)$
 $Y=\cos(x)+\cos(6x)+\cos(7x)$



98_{(2, 7, 7)=HeFc(16)}=10122_{3 sinew}, 16=10000_{2 sinew}
 $X=2\sin(x)+2\sin(2x)+\sin(3x)+\sin(5x)$
 $Y=\cos(5x)$



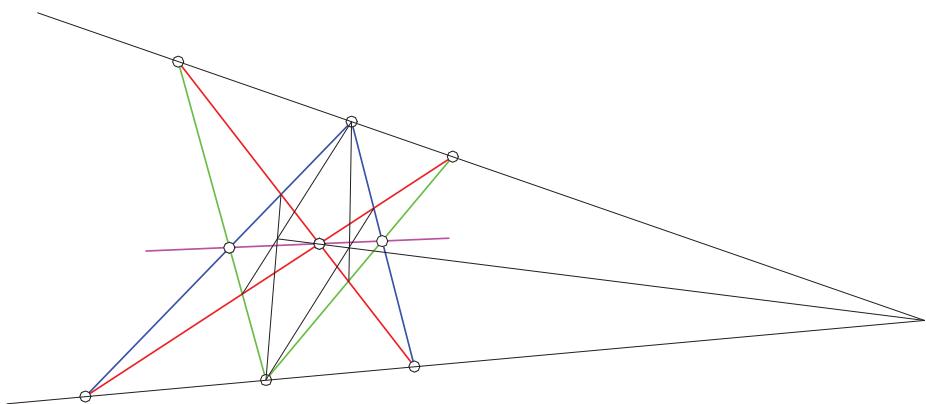
99_{(3, 3, 11)=HeFc(17)}=10200_{3 sinew}, 17=10001_{2 sinew}
 $X=2\sin(3x)+\sin(5x)$
 $Y=\cos(x)+\cos(5x)$

蛭子井博孝

幾何数学創書

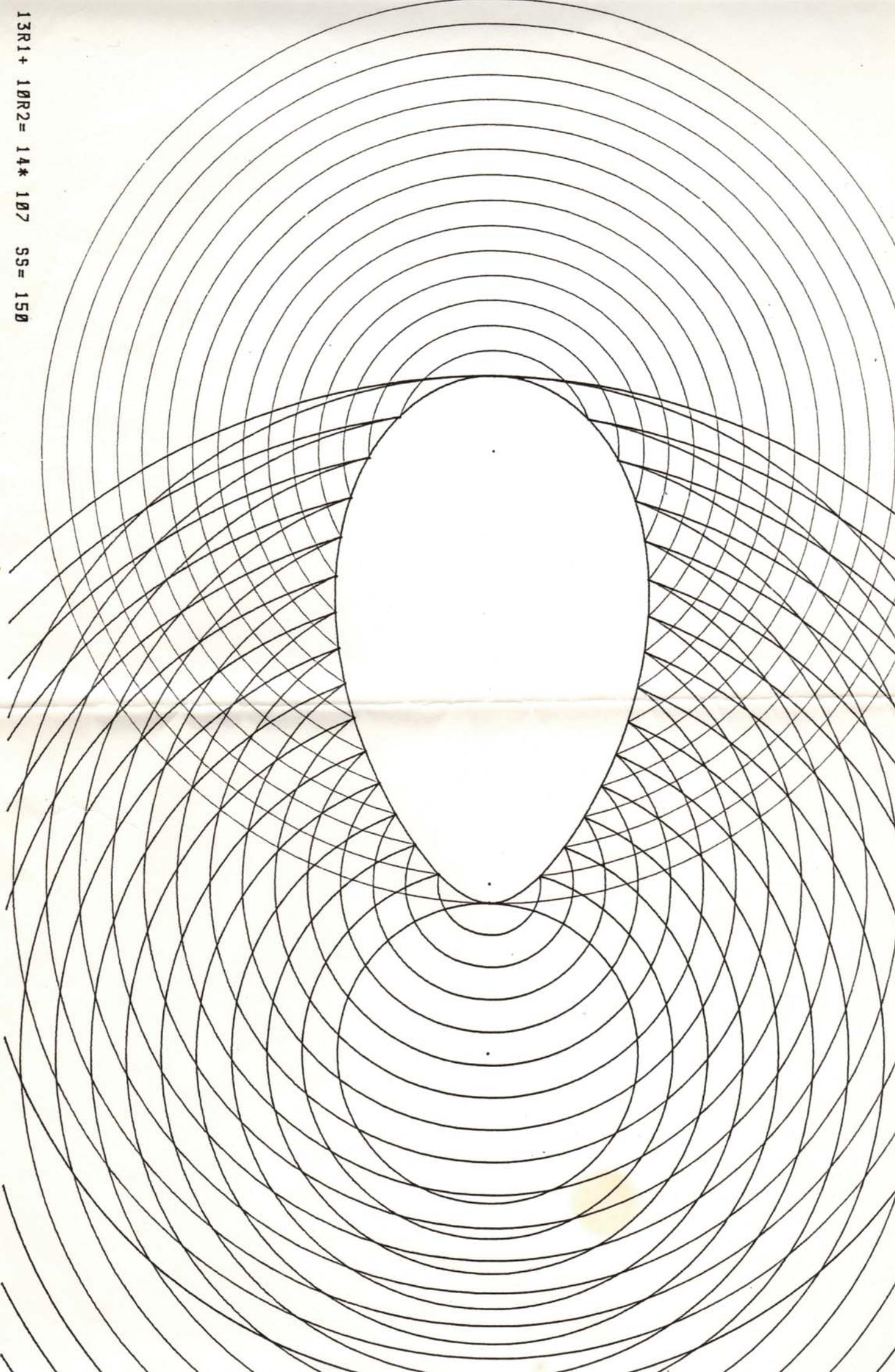
あるところにはある構図の不思議

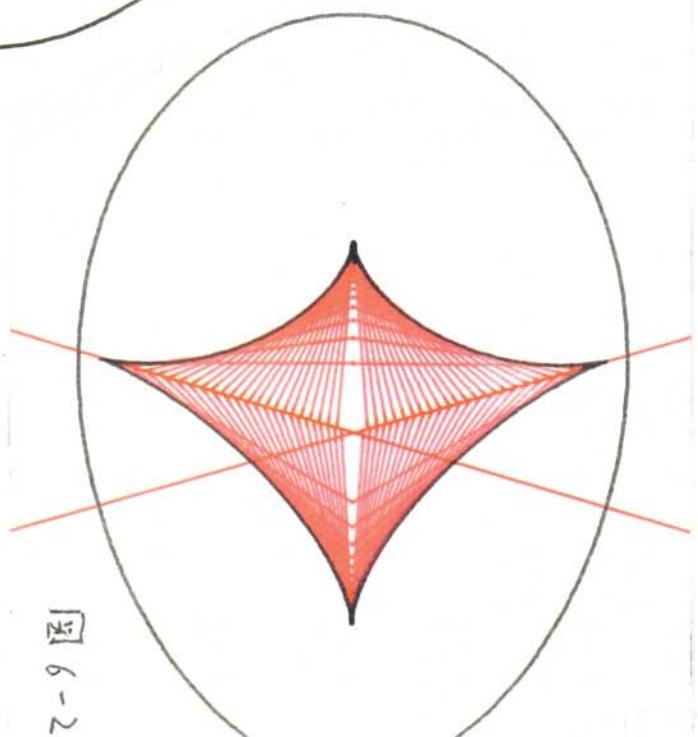
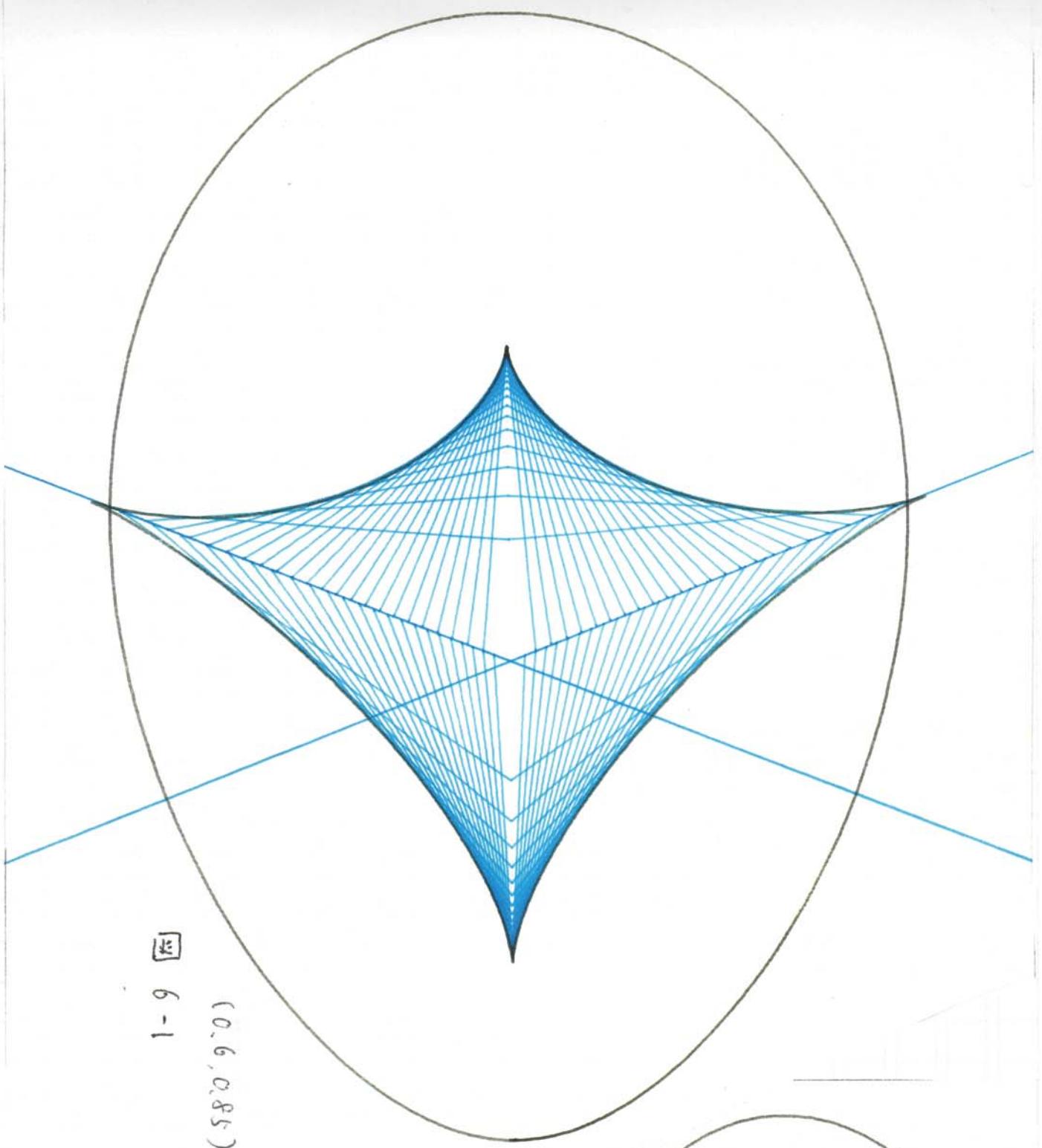
パップスの定理の系



さみしさや 僕を知らない 幾何学者

13R1 + 10R2 = 14 * 107 55 = 150

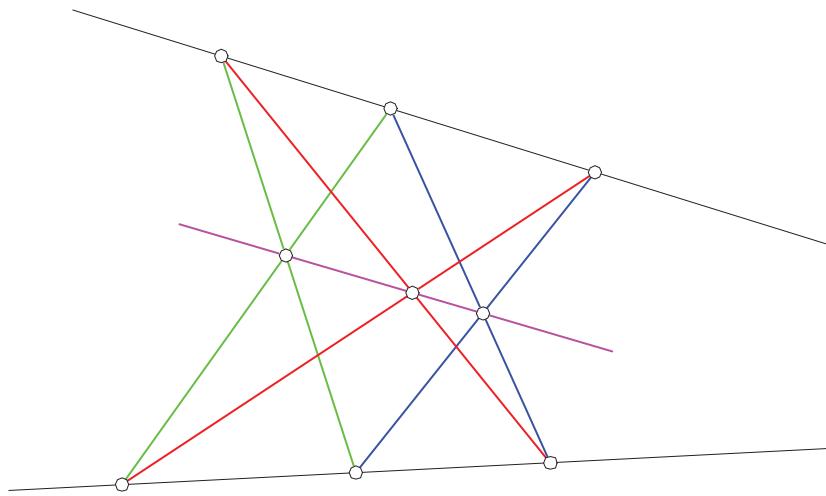




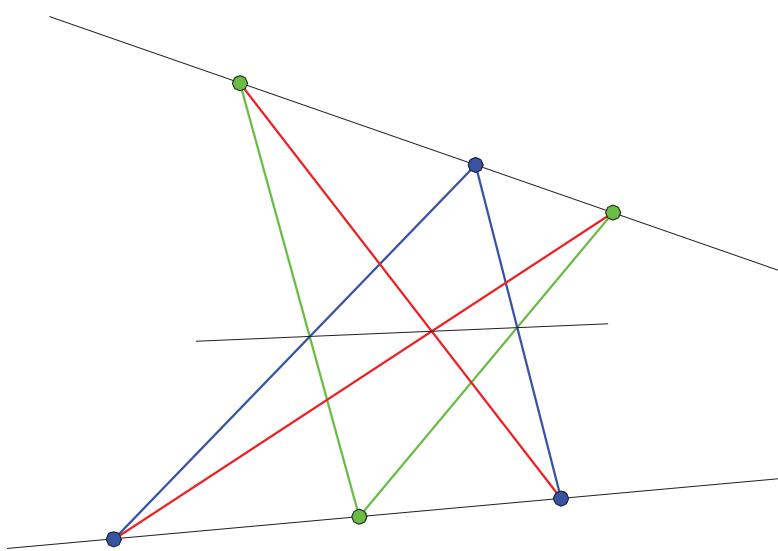
パッパスの定理

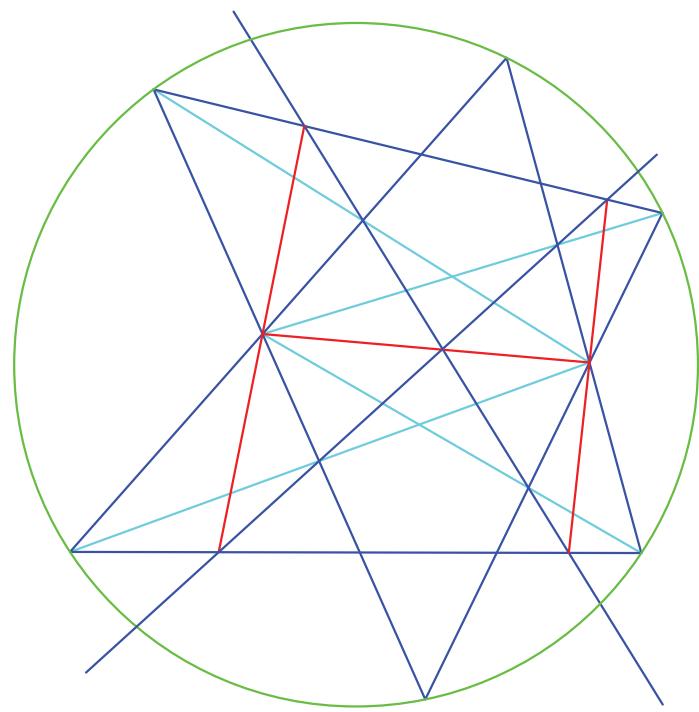
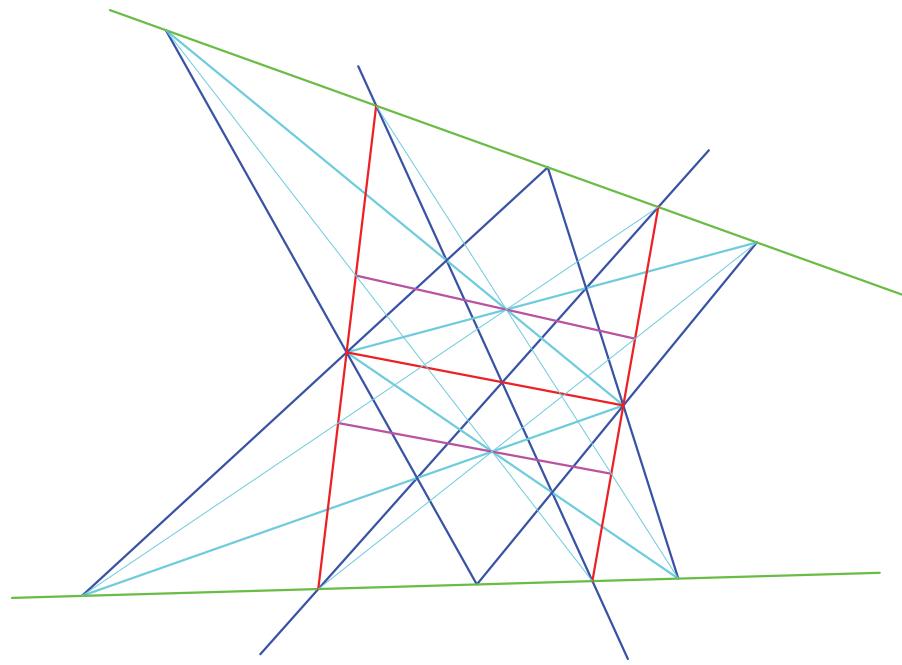
by 蛭子井博孝

定理の覚え方： 2直線上に3点3点を取り、
3×（ばつ）の3点が一直線上にあるという、共線定理

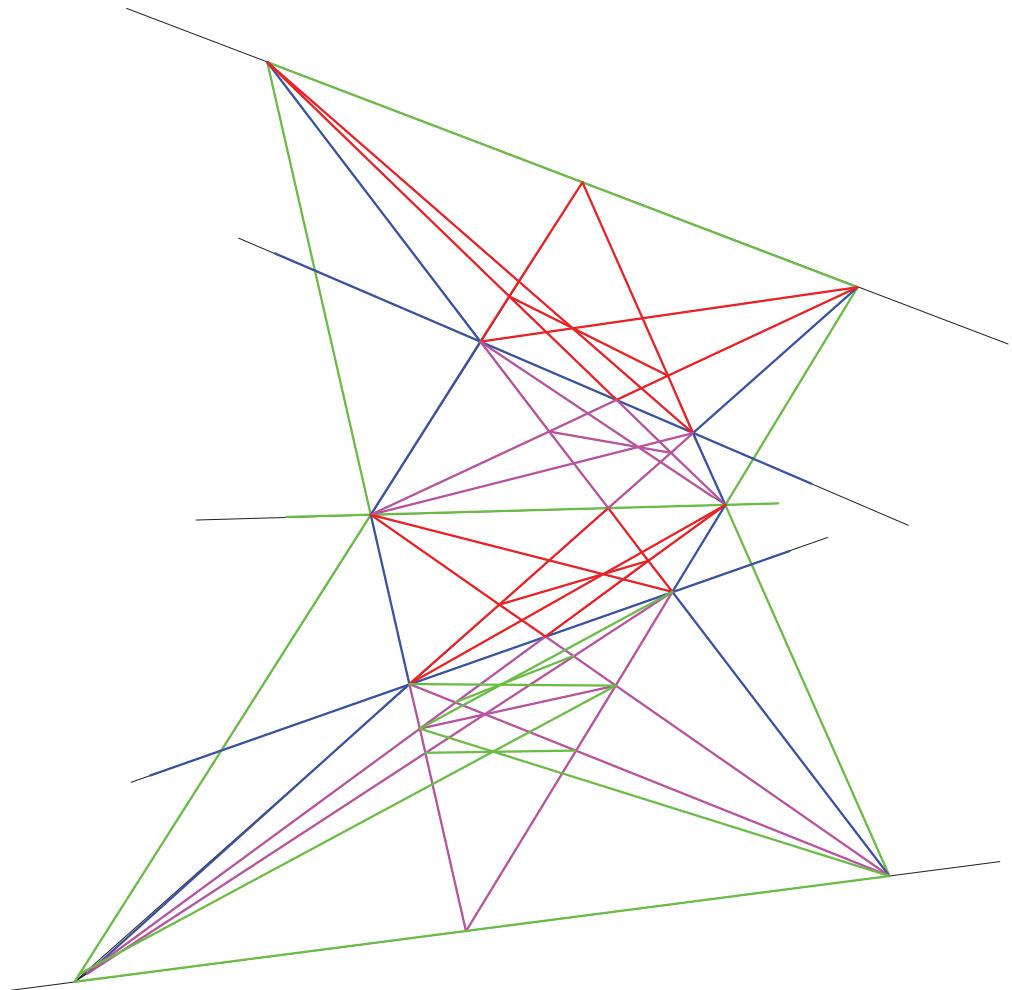


書き方：2直線上に3点3点を取り、Vと逆Vを重ねて×をする



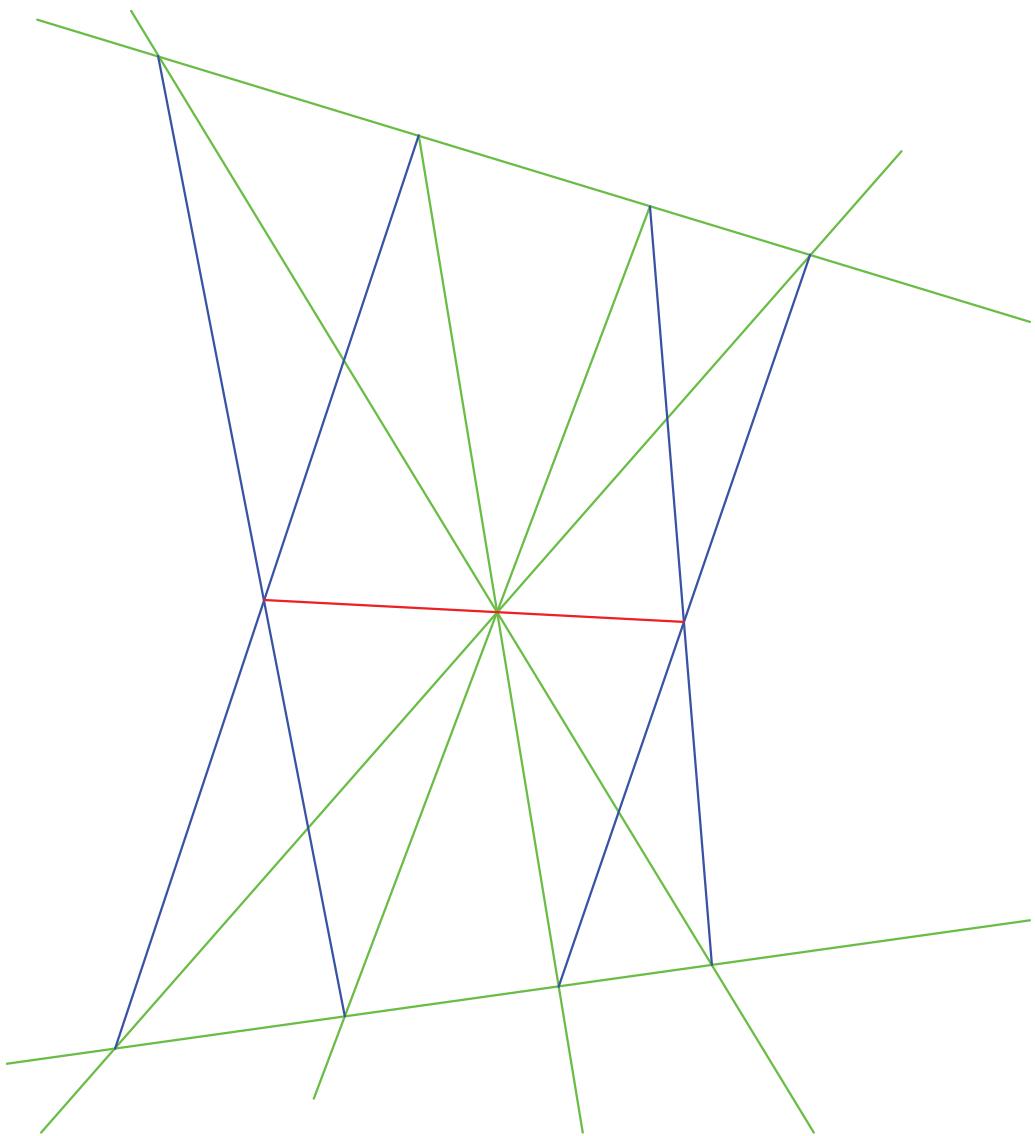


発展定理 1 パップス（フラクタル）連鎖定理

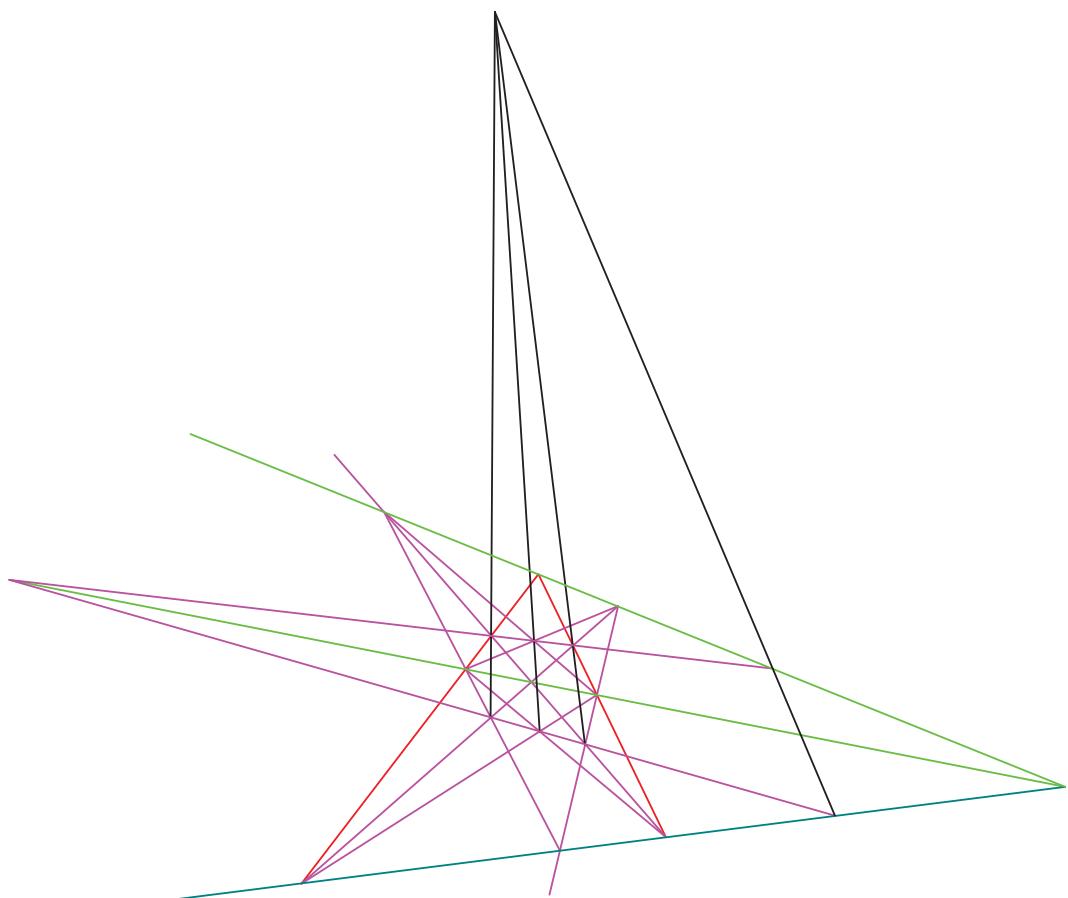


拡張定理 1

4 点エビスイ定理



発展 2 蝋子井-Papus-Papus 定理



Ebisui-Papus-Papus Theorem

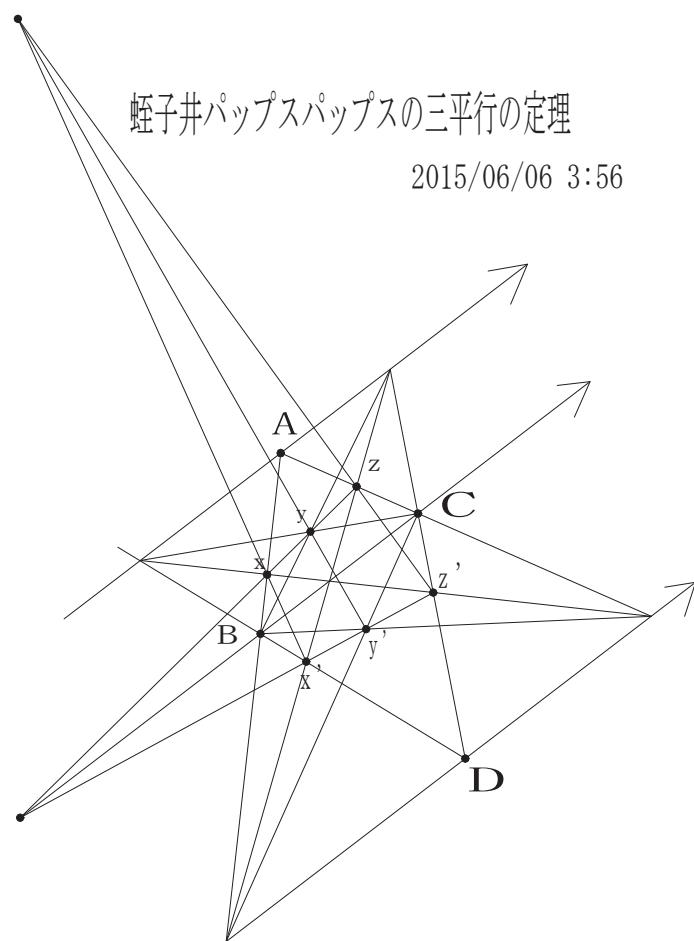
Hirotaka Ebisui

Oval Research Center

Abstract: Papus Theorem is very famous in Geometry History. About this theorem, We hit to The Two USE of Papus Theorems. And, We found Following Theorem. In This Theorem, First of all We fix 3 parallel Lines. and draw two papus structures like following figure. In this composition A, B, C, D are given on 3 Parallel lines and use these 4 points to construct papus Theorem then, line xx' , yy' , zz' are concurrent and xyz , $x'y'z'$, BC are concurrent.

We call This as Ebisui-Papus-Papus Theorem.

We give the enjoy of proof to all. Thank you for your sharing of this theorem.

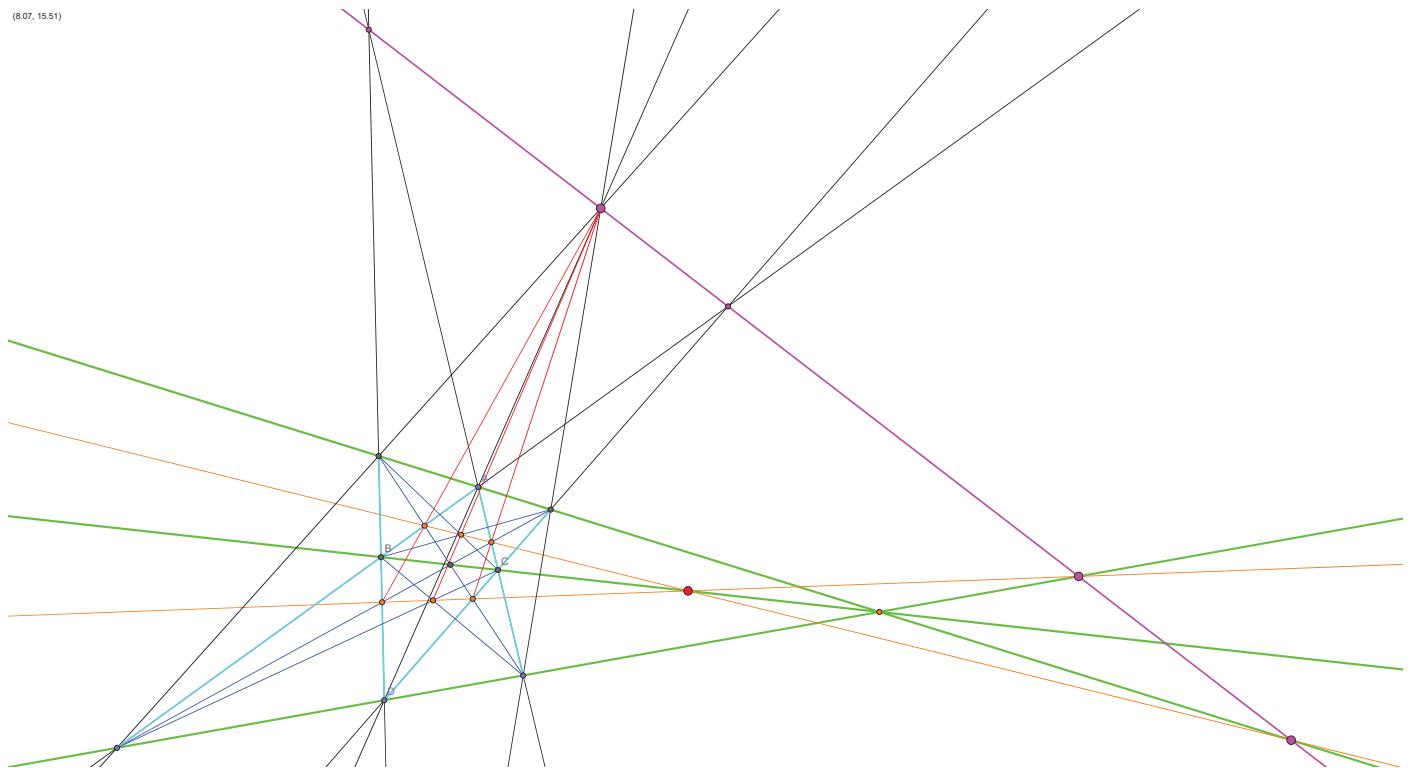


Reference Kentaro Yano "幾何の有名な定理"; Kyoritu, 2005

Ebisui-Papus-Papus Theorem

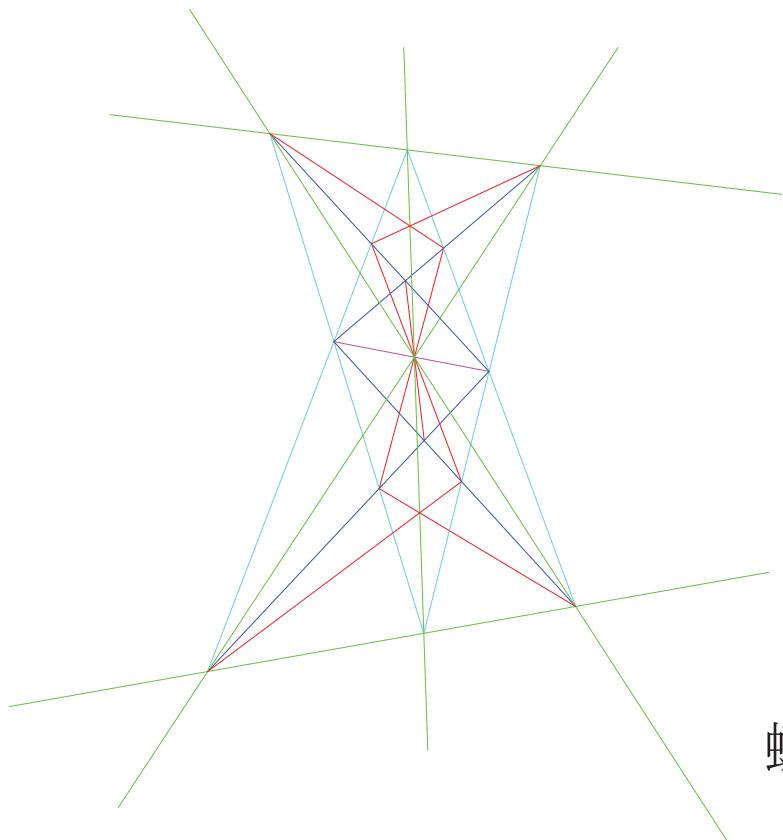
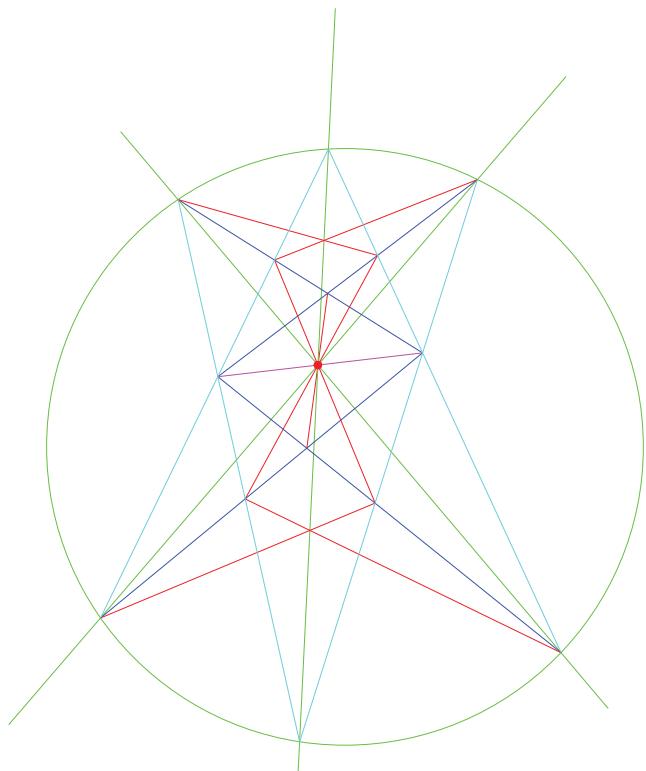
蛭子井博孝

<http://geomatics85.org/> - 2015-8-25 - 縮尺 (cm単位) : 2:1 (x), 2.82857:1 (y)



Ebisui Pasacal, Papus 共点3線の定理

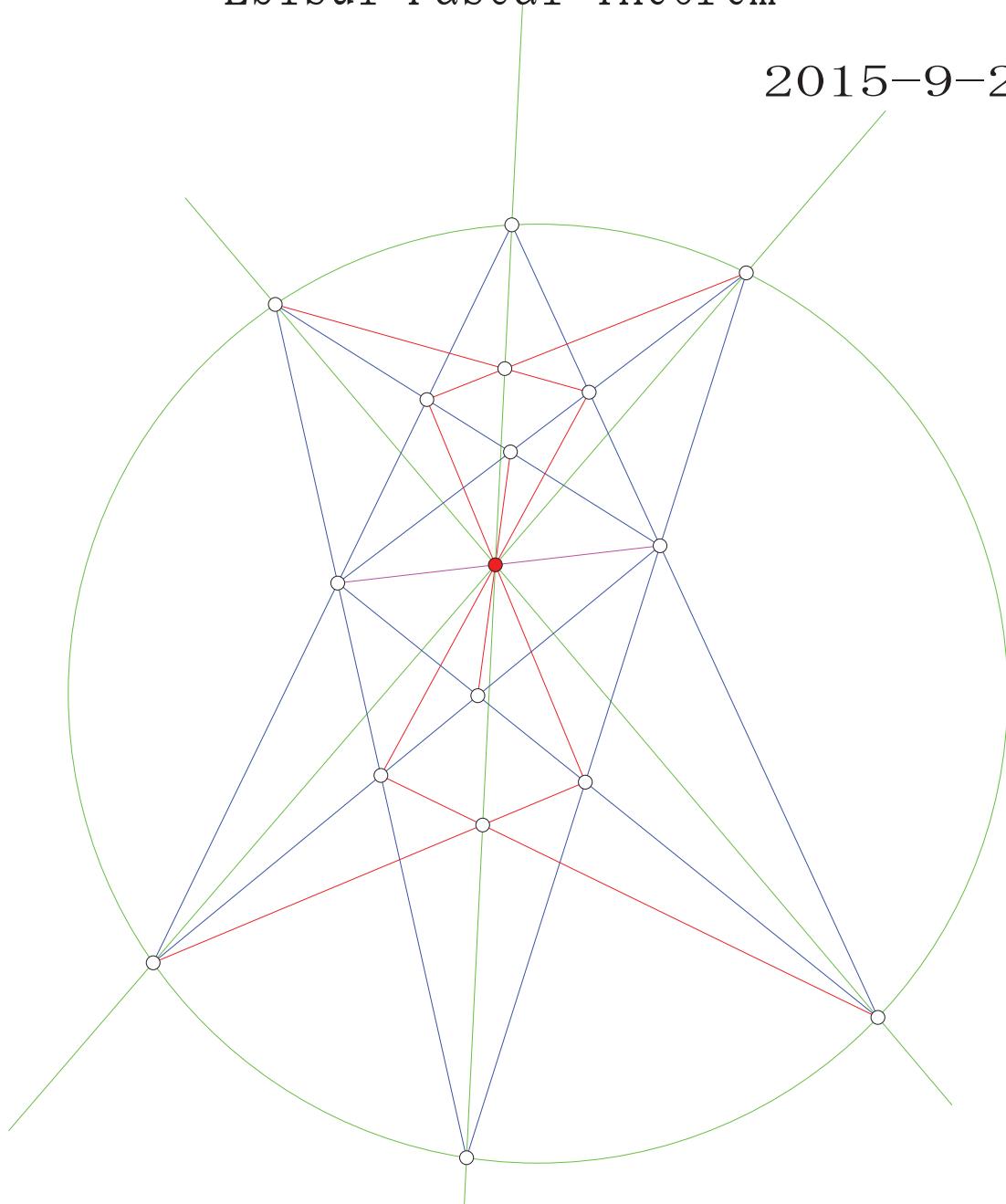
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蛭子井博孝

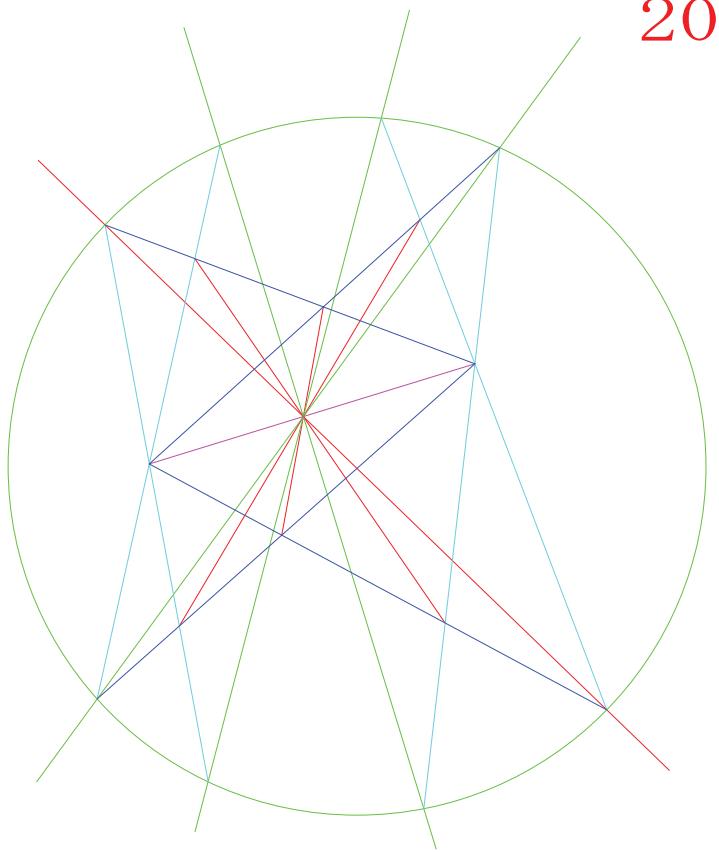
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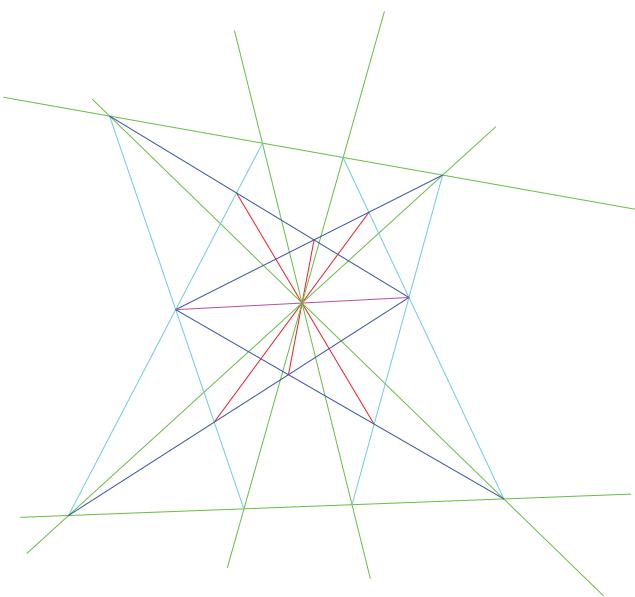


蛭子井博孝

2015-9-3



蛭子井 共点四線 共点定理



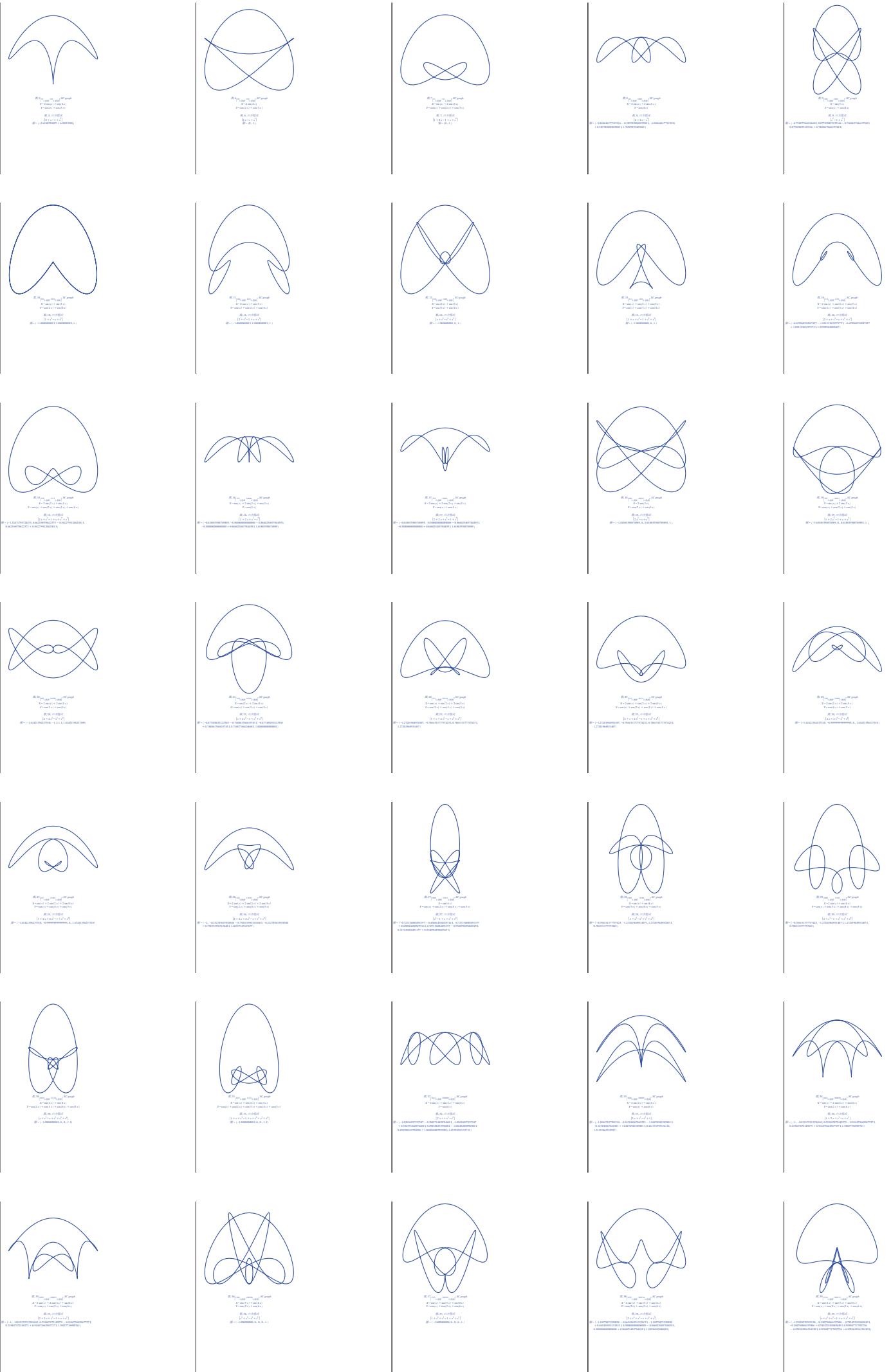
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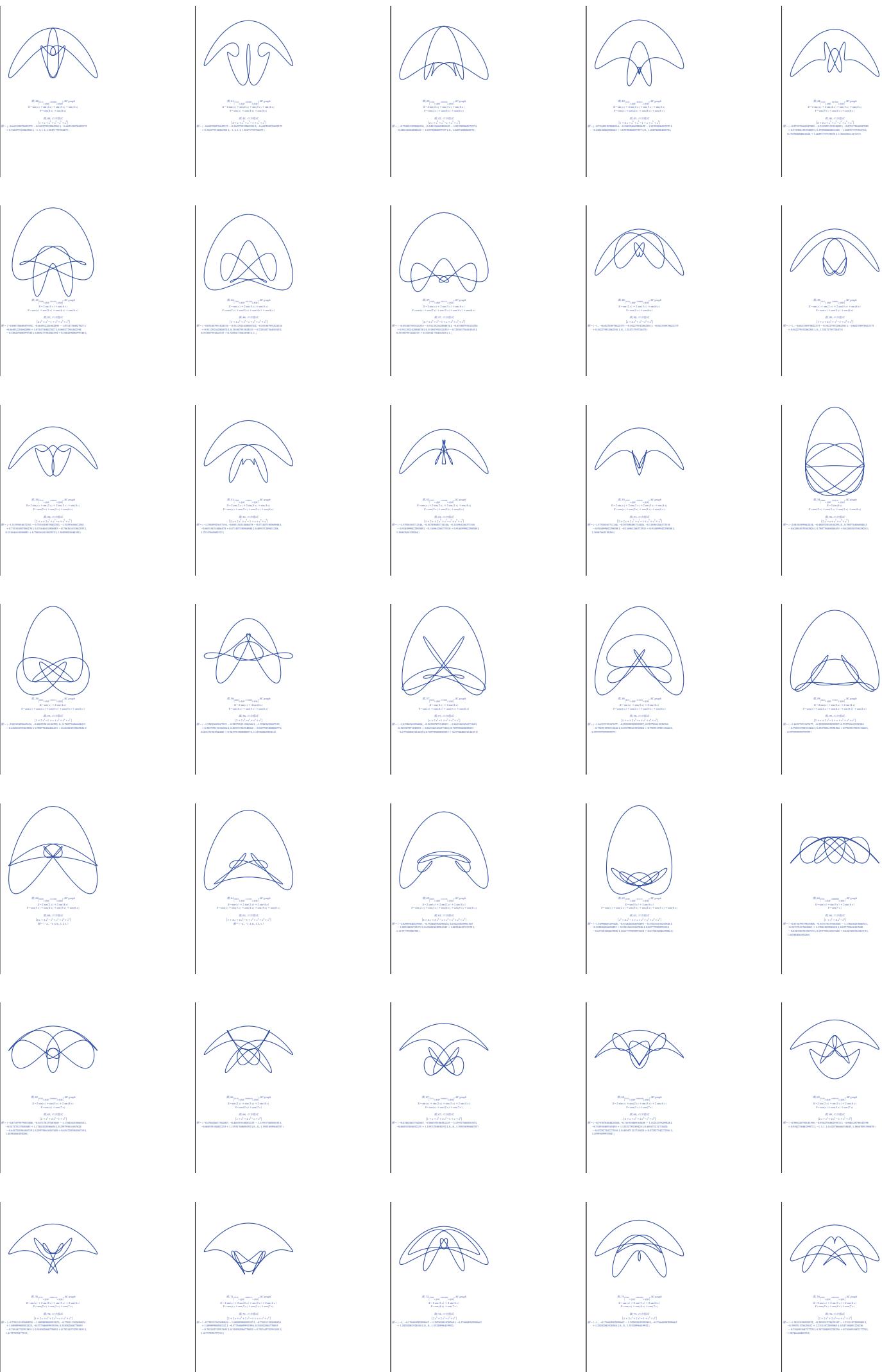
エビちゃんの共点4線 共線共点定理

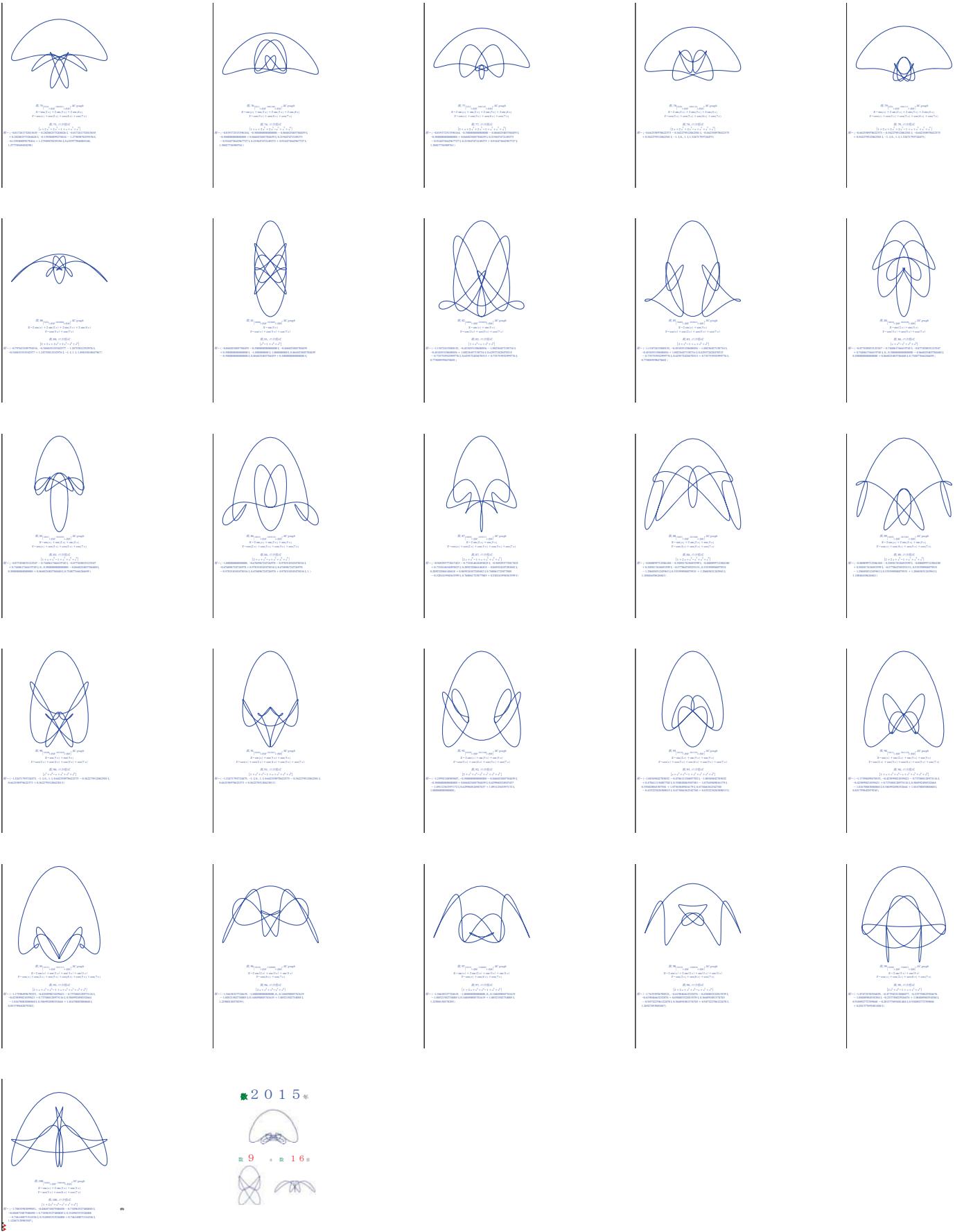
うれしいな











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[> # BUNSU by H.E 2014-6-10:
[> # I:
[> MDP := [31, 28, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31];
[> MDP := [31, 28, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31] (1)
[> c := 0 :for hy from 26 to 50 do for m from 1 to 12 do for d from 1 to MDP[m] do for t
  from 1 to 24 do for f from 1 to 60 do HiDa :=  $\frac{1}{hy} + \frac{1}{m} + \frac{1}{d} + \frac{1}{t} + \frac{1}{f}$  :
  if floor( $\text{evalf}\left(\frac{1}{HiDa}\right)$ ) =  $\frac{1}{HiDa}$  then c := c + 1 :print(Hida(c)  $\left[\frac{1}{hy[HeY]}$ 
  +  $\frac{1}{m[M]} + \frac{1}{d[D]} + \frac{1}{t[T]} + \frac{1}{f[mi]} = HiDa\right]$ ) fi:od:od:od:od:od:
  Hida(1)  $\frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{2_M} + \frac{1}{3_D} + \frac{1}{9_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = 1$ 
  Hida(2)  $\frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{2_M} + \frac{1}{9_D} + \frac{1}{3_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = 1$ 
  Hida(3)  $\frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{3_M} + \frac{1}{2_D} + \frac{1}{9_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = 1$ 
  Hida(4)  $\frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{3_M} + \frac{1}{9_D} + \frac{1}{2_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = 1$ 
  Hida(5)  $\frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{3_M} + \frac{1}{18_D} + \frac{1}{18_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{2}$ 
  Hida(6)  $\frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{3_M} + \frac{1}{27_D} + \frac{1}{18_T} + \frac{1}{27_mi} = \frac{1}{2}$ 
  Hida(7)  $\frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{4_M} + \frac{1}{9_D} + \frac{1}{12_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{2}$ 
  Hida(8)  $\frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{4_M} + \frac{1}{12_D} + \frac{1}{9_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{2}$ 
  Hida(9)  $\frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{6_M} + \frac{1}{6_D} + \frac{1}{9_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{2}$ 
  Hida(10)  $\frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{6_M} + \frac{1}{9_D} + \frac{1}{6_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{2}$ 
  Hida(11)  $\frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{6_M} + \frac{1}{18_D} + \frac{1}{18_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{3}$ 
  Hida(12)  $\frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{6_M} + \frac{1}{27_D} + \frac{1}{18_T} + \frac{1}{27_mi} = \frac{1}{3}$ 
  Hida(13)  $\frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{8_M} + \frac{1}{9_D} + \frac{1}{24_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{3}$ 
  Hida(14)  $\frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{8_M} + \frac{1}{24_D} + \frac{1}{9_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{3}$ 

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$$Hida(15) \quad \frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{9_M} + \frac{1}{2_D} + \frac{1}{3_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(16) \quad \frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{9_M} + \frac{1}{3_D} + \frac{1}{2_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(17) \quad \frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{9_M} + \frac{1}{4_D} + \frac{1}{12_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$Hida(18) \quad \frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{9_M} + \frac{1}{6_D} + \frac{1}{6_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$Hida(19) \quad \frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{9_M} + \frac{1}{8_D} + \frac{1}{24_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$Hida(20) \quad \frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{9_M} + \frac{1}{9_D} + \frac{1}{18_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$Hida(21) \quad \frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{9_M} + \frac{1}{10_D} + \frac{1}{15_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$Hida(22) \quad \frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{9_M} + \frac{1}{12_D} + \frac{1}{4_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$Hida(23) \quad \frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{9_M} + \frac{1}{12_D} + \frac{1}{12_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$Hida(24) \quad \frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{9_M} + \frac{1}{15_D} + \frac{1}{10_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$Hida(25) \quad \frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{9_M} + \frac{1}{18_D} + \frac{1}{9_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$Hida(26) \quad \frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{9_M} + \frac{1}{24_D} + \frac{1}{8_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$Hida(27) \quad \frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{9_M} + \frac{1}{24_D} + \frac{1}{24_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$Hida(28) \quad \frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{9_M} + \frac{1}{27_D} + \frac{1}{9_T} + \frac{1}{27_mi} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$Hida(29) \quad \frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{9_M} + \frac{1}{28_D} + \frac{1}{21_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$Hida(30) \quad \frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{9_M} + \frac{1}{30_D} + \frac{1}{20_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$Hida(31) \quad \frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{10_M} + \frac{1}{9_D} + \frac{1}{15_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$Hida(32) \quad \frac{1}{27_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{10_M} + \frac{1}{15_D} + \frac{1}{9_T} + \frac{1}{54_mi} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$Hida(33) \quad \frac{1}{27} \frac{1}{HeY} + \frac{1}{12} \frac{1}{M} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{D} + \frac{1}{9} \frac{1}{T} + \frac{1}{54} \frac{1}{mi} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$Hida(34) \quad \frac{1}{27} \frac{1}{HeY} + \frac{1}{12} \frac{1}{M} + \frac{1}{9} \frac{1}{D} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{T} + \frac{1}{54} \frac{1}{mi} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$Hida(35) \quad \frac{1}{27} \frac{1}{HeY} + \frac{1}{12} \frac{1}{M} + \frac{1}{9} \frac{1}{D} + \frac{1}{12} \frac{1}{T} + \frac{1}{54} \frac{1}{mi} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$Hida(36) \quad \frac{1}{27} \frac{1}{HeY} + \frac{1}{12} \frac{1}{M} + \frac{1}{12} \frac{1}{D} + \frac{1}{9} \frac{1}{T} + \frac{1}{54} \frac{1}{mi} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$Hida(37) \quad \frac{1}{27} \frac{1}{HeY} + \frac{1}{12} \frac{1}{M} + \frac{1}{18} \frac{1}{D} + \frac{1}{18} \frac{1}{T} + \frac{1}{54} \frac{1}{mi} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$Hida(38) \quad \frac{1}{27} \frac{1}{HeY} + \frac{1}{12} \frac{1}{M} + \frac{1}{27} \frac{1}{D} + \frac{1}{18} \frac{1}{T} + \frac{1}{27} \frac{1}{mi} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$Hida(39) \quad \frac{1}{28} \frac{1}{HeY} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{M} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{D} + \frac{1}{12} \frac{1}{T} + \frac{1}{21} \frac{1}{mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(40) \quad \frac{1}{28} \frac{1}{HeY} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{M} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{D} + \frac{1}{21} \frac{1}{T} + \frac{1}{12} \frac{1}{mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(41) \quad \frac{1}{28} \frac{1}{HeY} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{M} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{D} + \frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{T} + \frac{1}{21} \frac{1}{mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(42) \quad \frac{1}{28} \frac{1}{HeY} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{M} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{D} + \frac{1}{7} \frac{1}{T} + \frac{1}{14} \frac{1}{mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(43) \quad \frac{1}{28} \frac{1}{HeY} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{M} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{D} + \frac{1}{14} \frac{1}{T} + \frac{1}{7} \frac{1}{mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(44) \quad \frac{1}{28} \frac{1}{HeY} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{M} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{D} + \frac{1}{21} \frac{1}{T} + \frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(45) \quad \frac{1}{28} \frac{1}{HeY} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{M} + \frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{D} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{T} + \frac{1}{21} \frac{1}{mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(46) \quad \frac{1}{28} \frac{1}{HeY} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{M} + \frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{D} + \frac{1}{21} \frac{1}{T} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(47) \quad \frac{1}{28} \frac{1}{HeY} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{M} + \frac{1}{7} \frac{1}{D} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{T} + \frac{1}{14} \frac{1}{mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(48) \quad \frac{1}{28} \frac{1}{HeY} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{M} + \frac{1}{7} \frac{1}{D} + \frac{1}{14} \frac{1}{T} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(49) \quad \frac{1}{28} \frac{1}{HeY} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{M} + \frac{1}{12} \frac{1}{D} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{T} + \frac{1}{21} \frac{1}{mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(50) \quad \frac{1}{28} \frac{1}{HeY} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{M} + \frac{1}{12} \frac{1}{D} + \frac{1}{21} \frac{1}{T} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(51) \quad \frac{1}{28_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{2_M} + \frac{1}{14_D} + \frac{1}{4_T} + \frac{1}{7_mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(52) \quad \frac{1}{28_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{2_M} + \frac{1}{14_D} + \frac{1}{7_T} + \frac{1}{4_mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(53) \quad \frac{1}{28_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{2_M} + \frac{1}{21_D} + \frac{1}{3_T} + \frac{1}{12_mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(54) \quad \frac{1}{28_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{2_M} + \frac{1}{21_D} + \frac{1}{4_T} + \frac{1}{6_mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(55) \quad \frac{1}{28_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{2_M} + \frac{1}{21_D} + \frac{1}{6_T} + \frac{1}{4_mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(56) \quad \frac{1}{28_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{2_M} + \frac{1}{21_D} + \frac{1}{12_T} + \frac{1}{3_mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(57) \quad \frac{1}{28_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{3_M} + \frac{1}{2_D} + \frac{1}{12_T} + \frac{1}{21_mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(58) \quad \frac{1}{28_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{3_M} + \frac{1}{2_D} + \frac{1}{21_T} + \frac{1}{12_mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(59) \quad \frac{1}{28_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{3_M} + \frac{1}{3_D} + \frac{1}{4_T} + \frac{1}{21_mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(60) \quad \frac{1}{28_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{3_M} + \frac{1}{3_D} + \frac{1}{21_T} + \frac{1}{4_mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(61) \quad \frac{1}{28_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{3_M} + \frac{1}{4_D} + \frac{1}{3_T} + \frac{1}{21_mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(62) \quad \frac{1}{28_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{3_M} + \frac{1}{4_D} + \frac{1}{21_T} + \frac{1}{3_mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(63) \quad \frac{1}{28_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{3_M} + \frac{1}{12_D} + \frac{1}{2_T} + \frac{1}{21_mi} = 1$$

$$Hida(64) \quad \frac{1}{28_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{3_M} + \frac{1}{12_D} + \frac{1}{21_T} + \frac{1}{2_mi} = 1$$

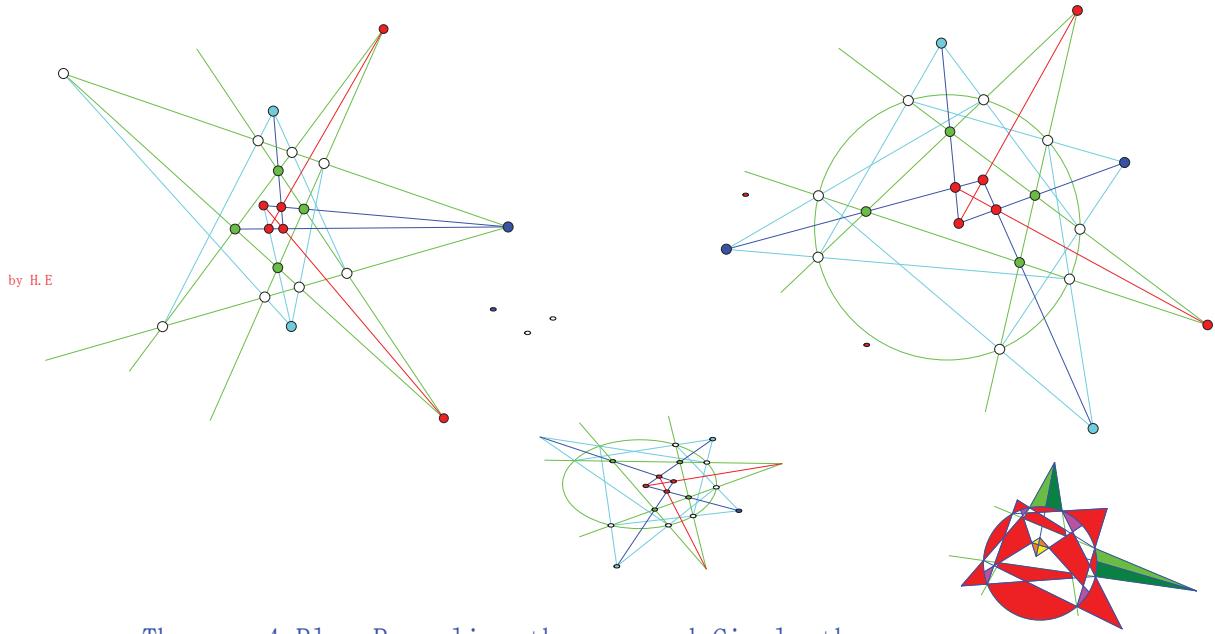
$$Hida(65) \quad \frac{1}{28_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{3_M} + \frac{1}{14_D} + \frac{1}{24_T} + \frac{1}{56_mi} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$Hida(66) \quad \frac{1}{28_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{3_M} + \frac{1}{15_D} + \frac{1}{21_T} + \frac{1}{60_mi} = \frac{1}{2}$$

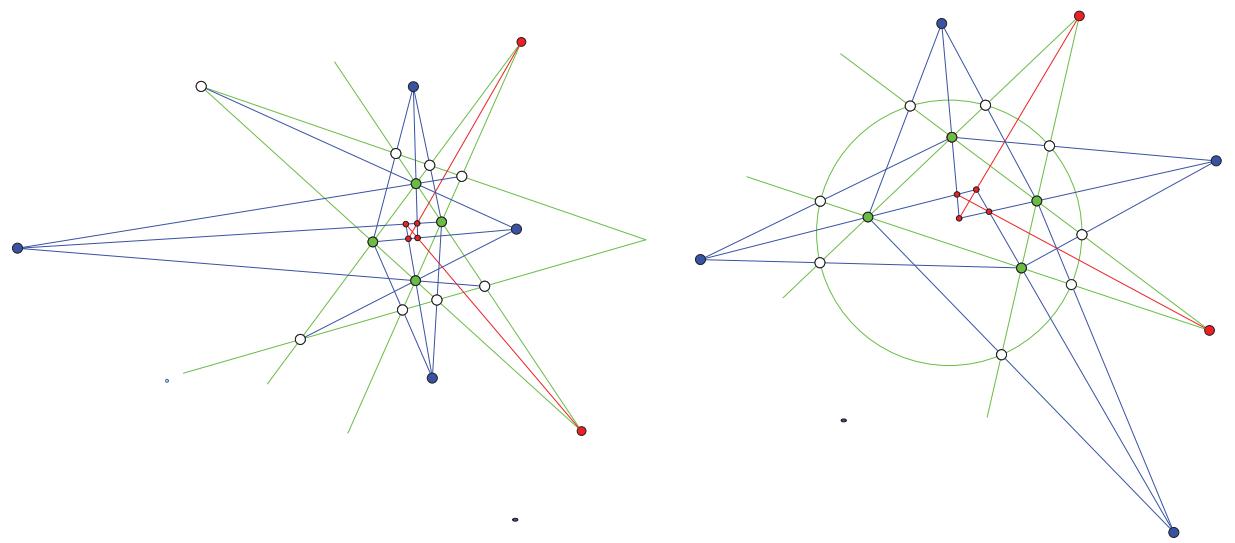
$$Hida(67) \quad \frac{1}{28_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{3_M} + \frac{1}{16_D} + \frac{1}{21_T} + \frac{1}{48_mi} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$Hida(68) \quad \frac{1}{28_{HeY}} + \frac{1}{3_M} + \frac{1}{18_D} + \frac{1}{21_T} + \frac{1}{36_mi} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Theorem 3. RED Rose line Theorem and Circle Thoerem

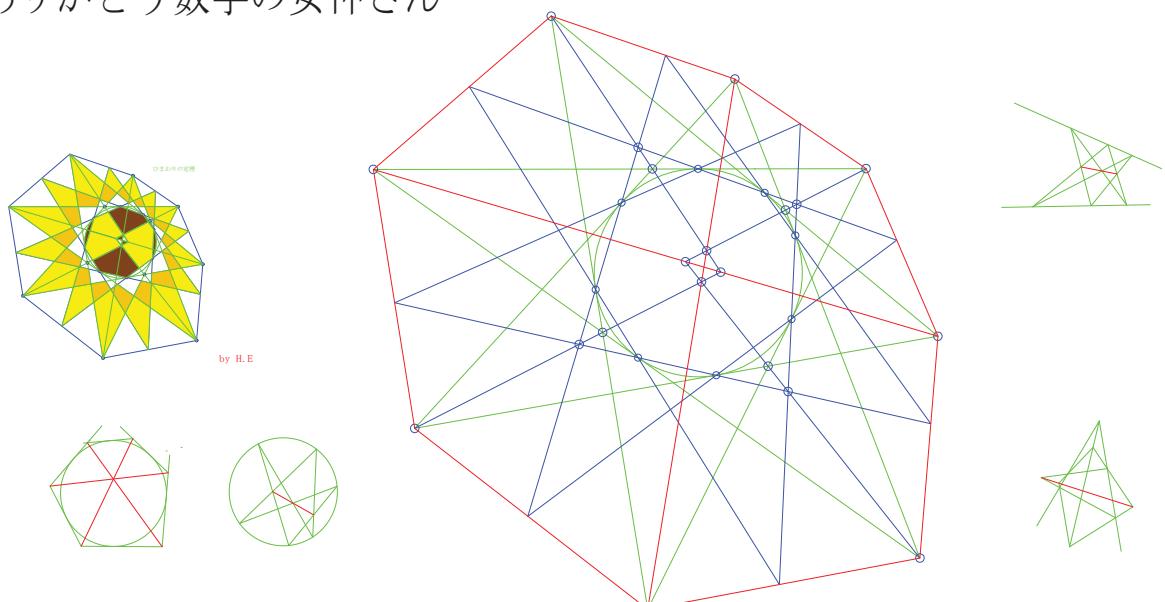


Theorem 4 Blue Rose line theorem and Circle theorem

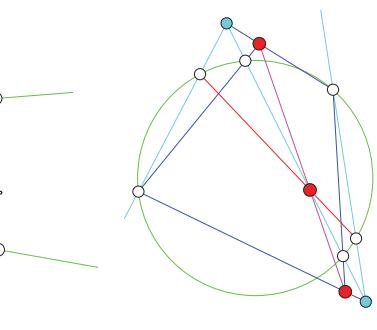
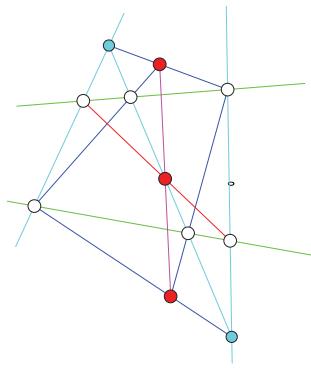
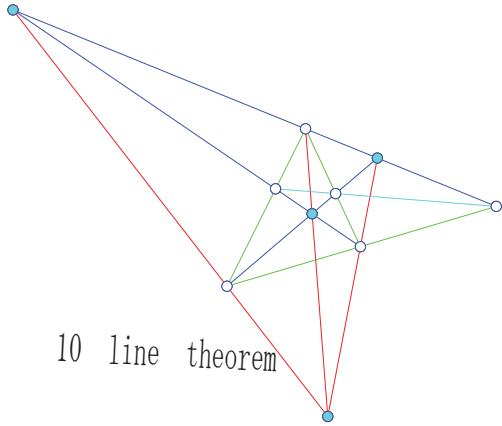


ありがとう数学の女神さん

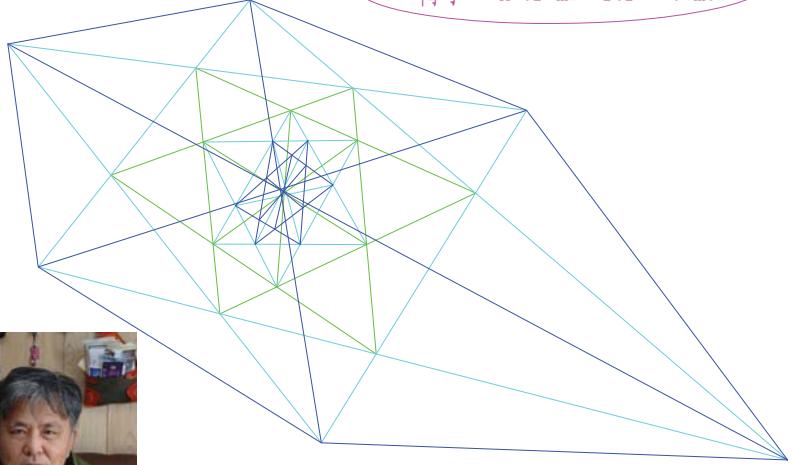
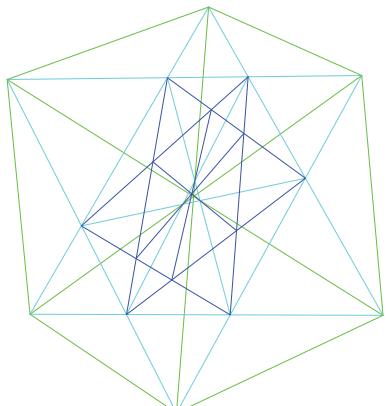
Sun flower Theorem



Thank you for all

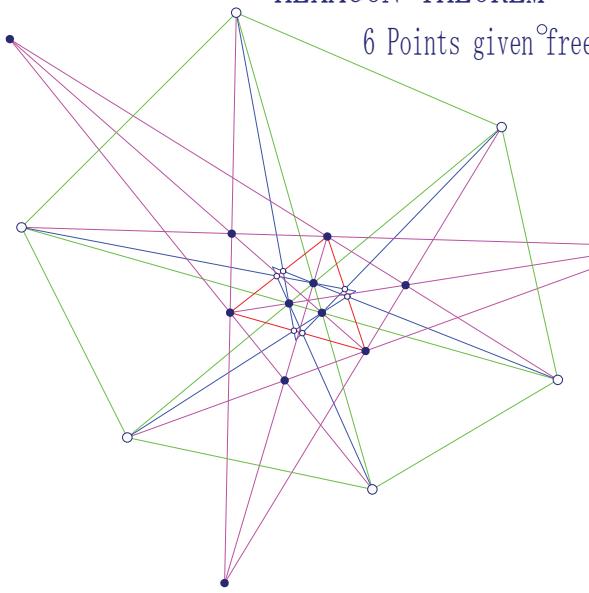


Hexagon Star Theorem



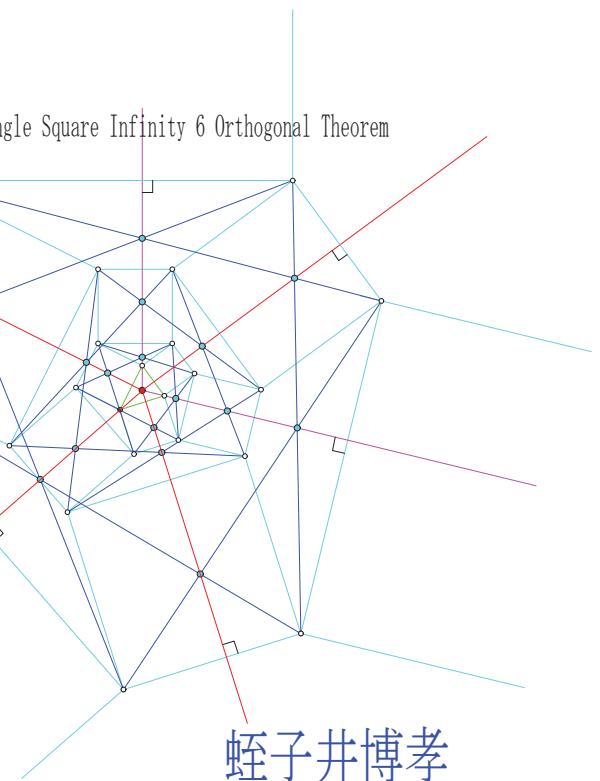
HEXAGON THEOREM

6 Points given °freely

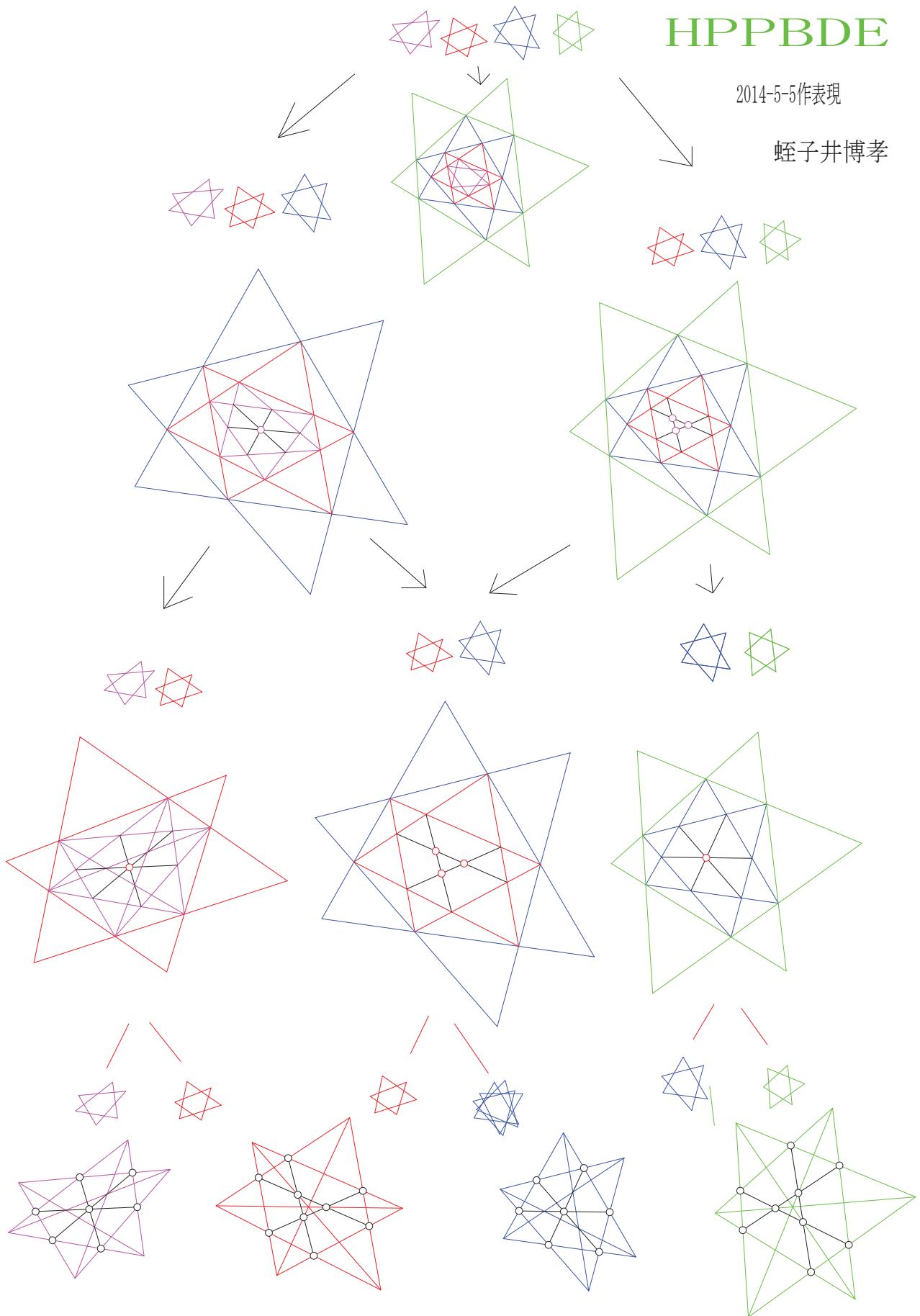


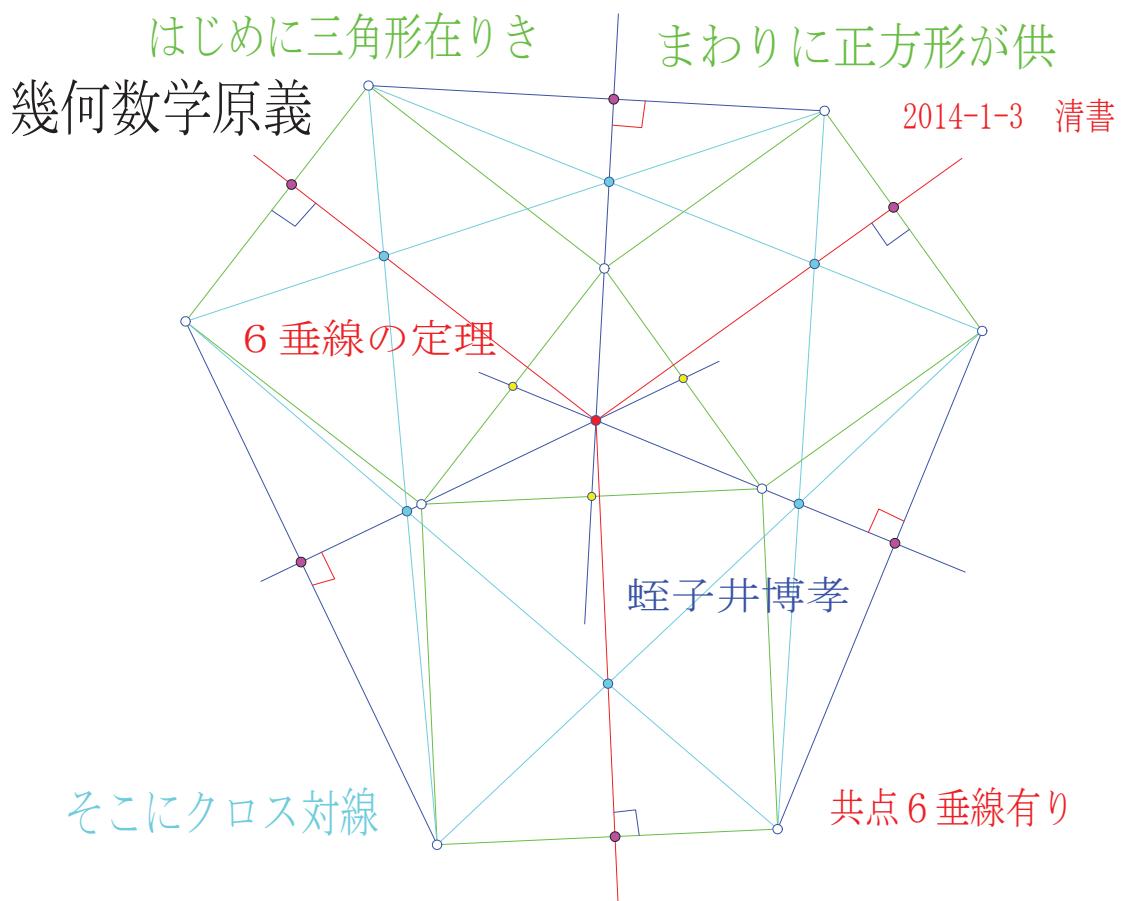
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Triangle Square Infinity 6 Orthogonal Theorem



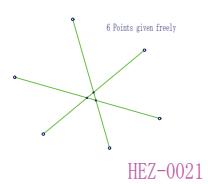
星形連鎖公理 三角-点 交互無限連鎖





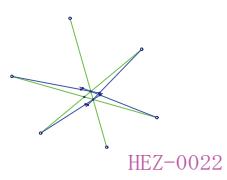
幾何数学原義2.

6点を2つずつ結びと③交点できる。



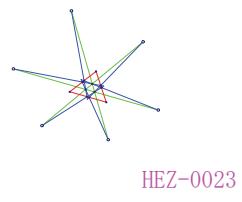
HEZ-0021

青線とひく。2交点を作る



HEZ-0022

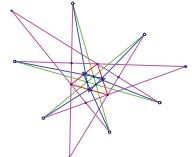
2交点を3つから赤三角形を作る



HEZ-0023

赤三角形の頂点と初めの点を結び、

マゼンタの直線から交点を作る



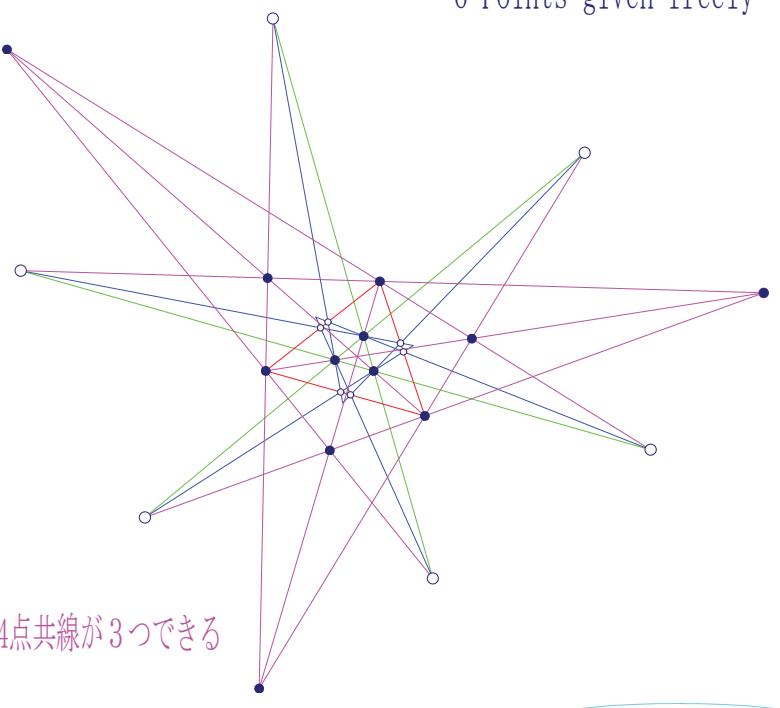
Collinear NOTE no. 9

HEZ-0020

ICGG K-JH

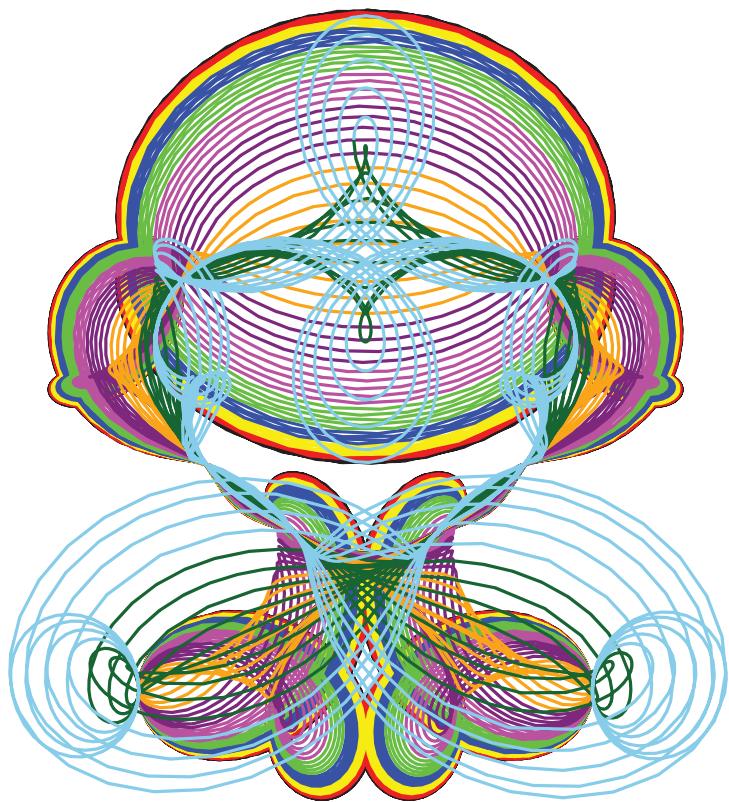
HEXAGON THEOREM

6 Points given freely



Hirotaka Ebisui

Pachikuri AKISOYOGU by H.E



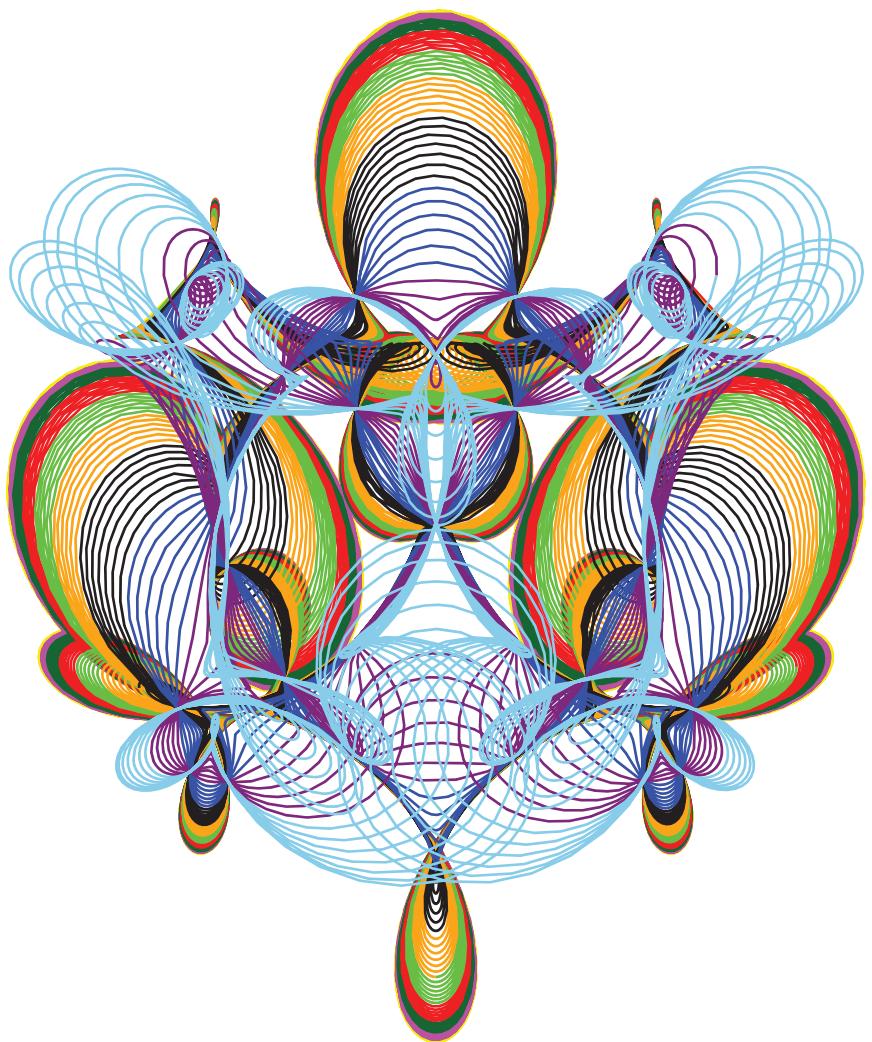
BGT = "05-25 (11:39:35 PM)", [80], HEB = [8, 5, 2]

$$X = \sin\left(\frac{1383}{10} t\right) + \sin\left(\frac{1844}{5} t\right) \cos\left(\frac{461}{2} t\right) \cos\left(\frac{461}{5} t\right) \cos\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{5} t\right)\right)$$
$$Y = \cos\left(\frac{461}{5} t\right) + \cos\left(\frac{1844}{5} t\right) \cos\left(\frac{461}{2} t\right) \cos\left(\frac{461}{5} t\right) \cos\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{5} t\right)\right)$$
$$\left[t = 0 .. 2\pi, st = \frac{1}{10} \right], \text{蛭子井博孝}$$

"2015-05-25 (11:39:35 PM)"

(4)





$$Hi_8 - Equ$$
$$X = \sin(126s) + \sin(378s) \cos(315s) \cos(630s) \cos\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{5}s\right)\right)$$

$$Hi_{2432} - Equ$$
$$Y = \cos(189s) + \cos(378s) \cos(315s) \cos(630s) \cos\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{5}s\right)\right)$$

【6垂線の定理】

蛭子井博孝発見定理

まず、任意の形の三角形の各辺を一邊とする正方形（緑）を3つ描く。

次に、三角形の各辺に平行な3つの正方形の3辺について考える。

3つの辺の両端点を対角に図のように結び、6本の線（青線）の6交点を創る。

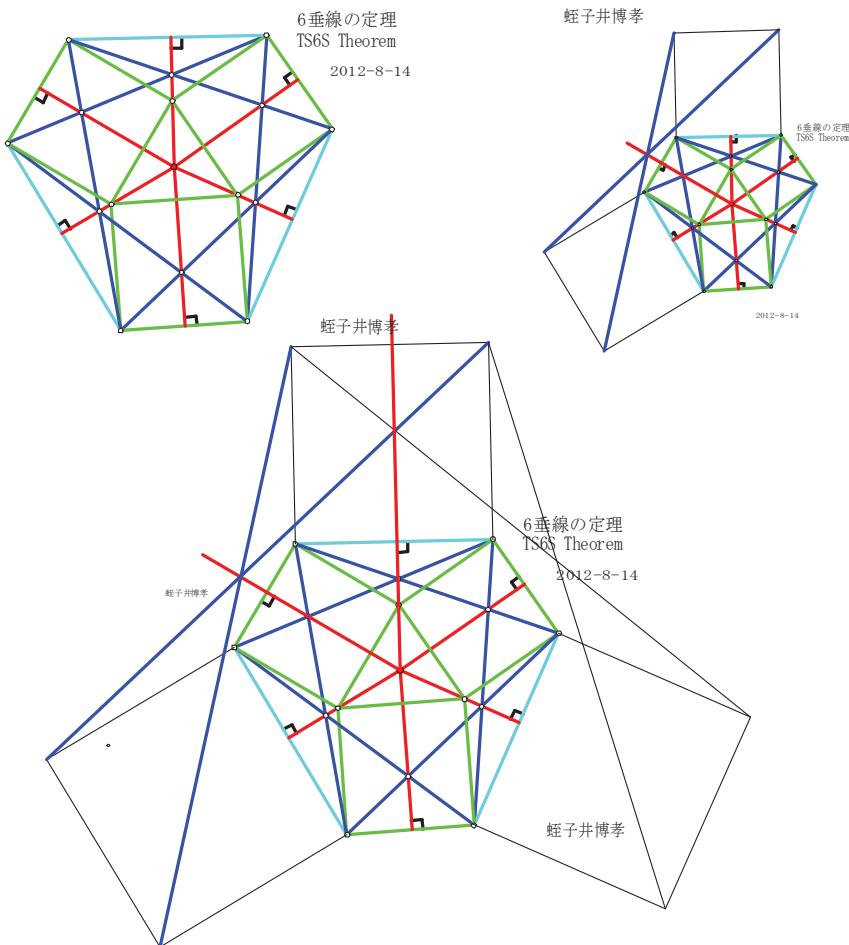
さらに、三角形の外側の3つの正方形の端点を結び、外郭6角形を描く。

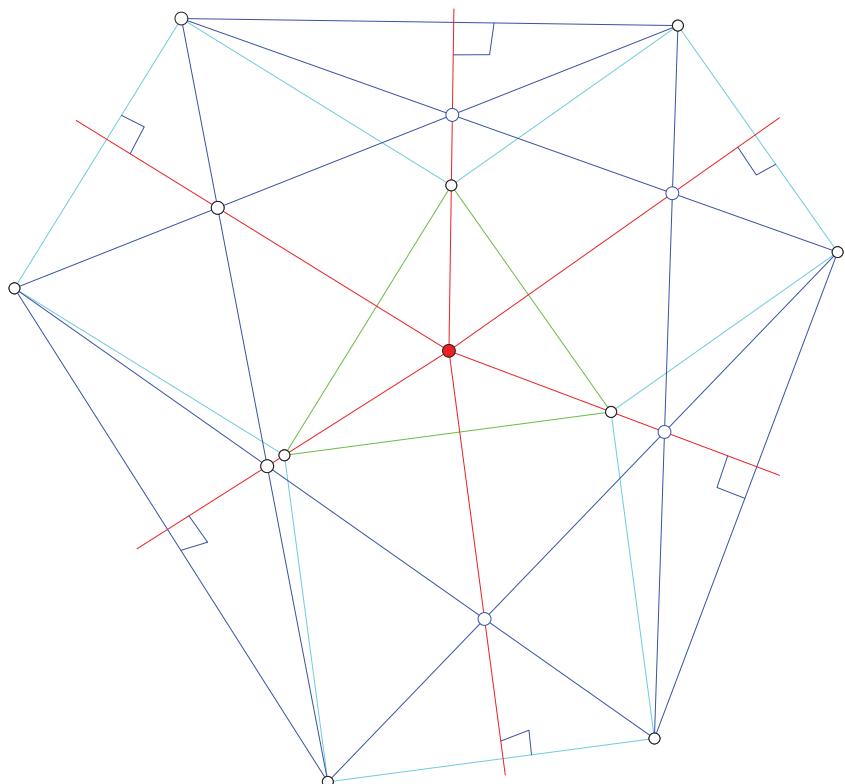
先ほどの6点より、その6角形の最近側の辺に、図のように垂線を下す。

その6本の垂線の逆延長の交点は、ただ1点になる。これを6垂線の定理という。

これは、さらに、外側に図のように正方形を追加していき、無限に拡張できる。

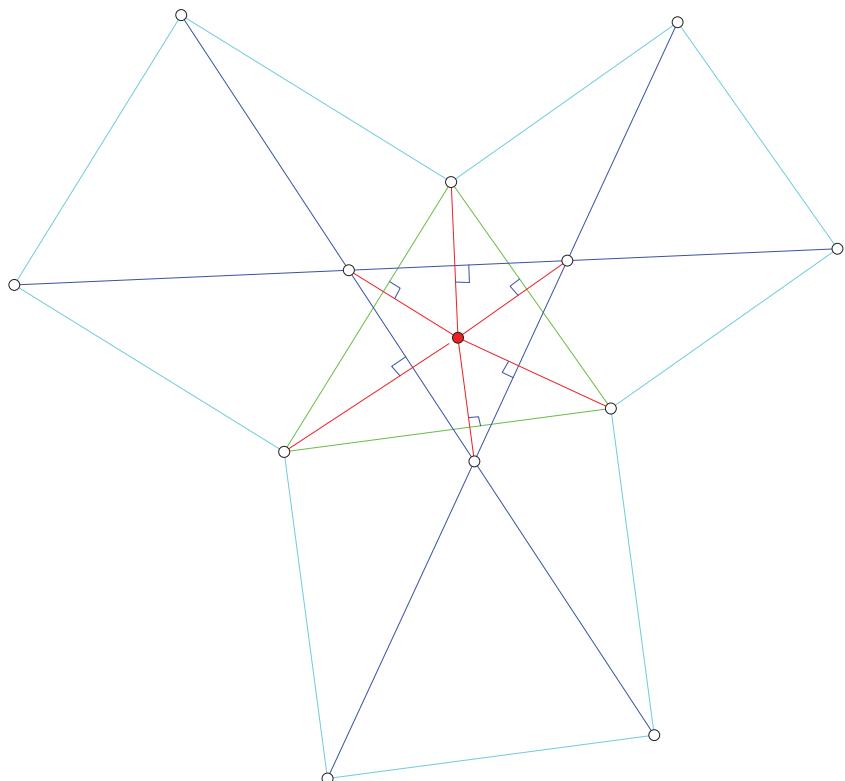
このとき、新しくできる、対角点は、はじめの6垂線の延長線上にある。





蛭子井博孝

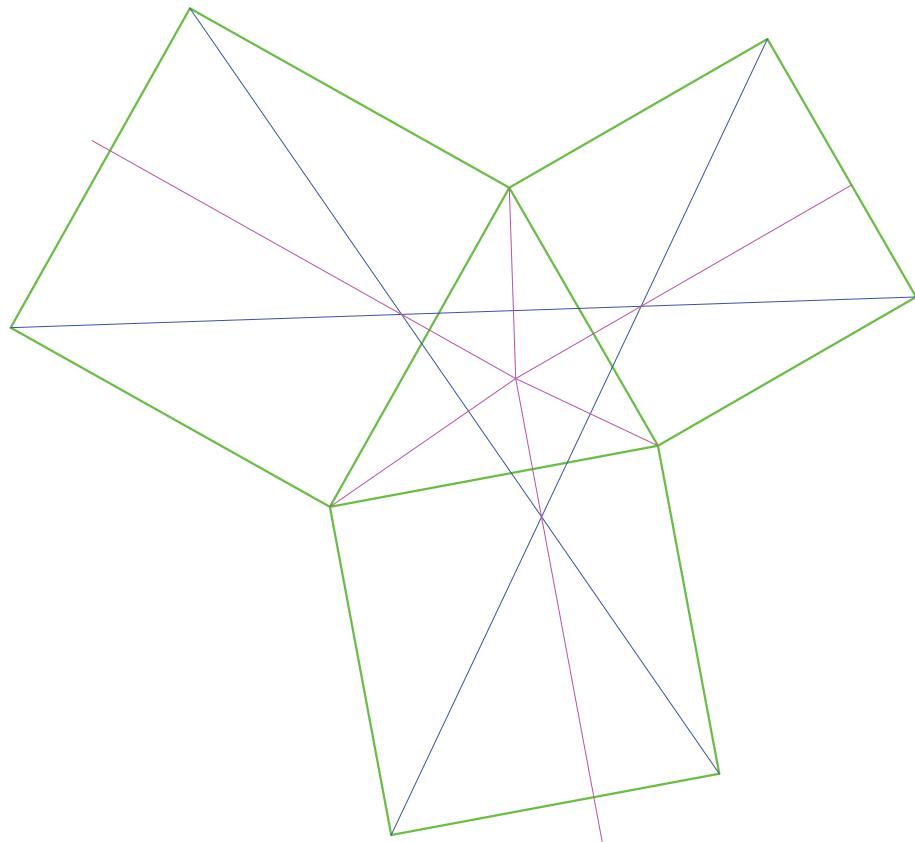
6垂線の定理



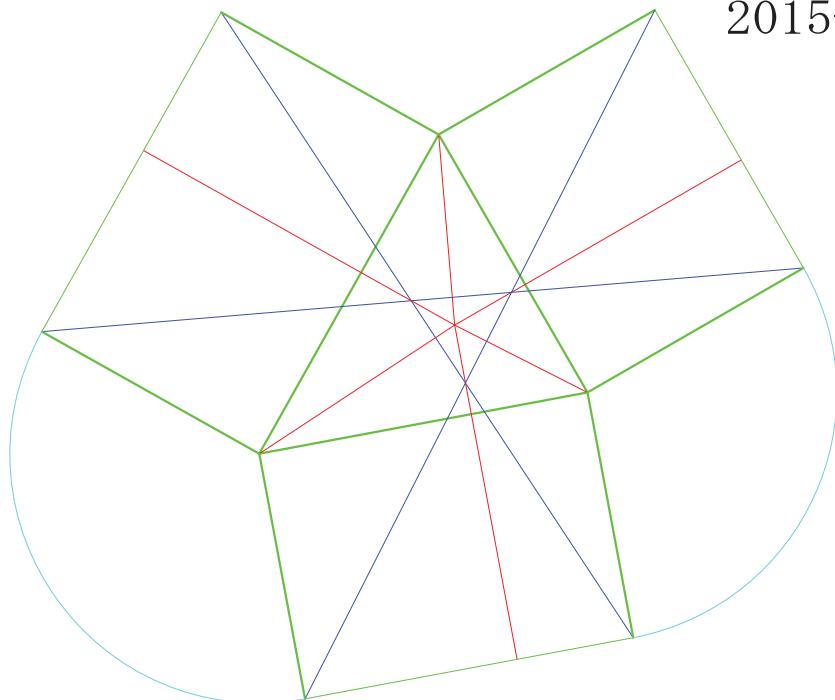
スター 6垂線の定理 蛭子井博孝

6垂線共点第二定理

2015-4-14



2015-8-1



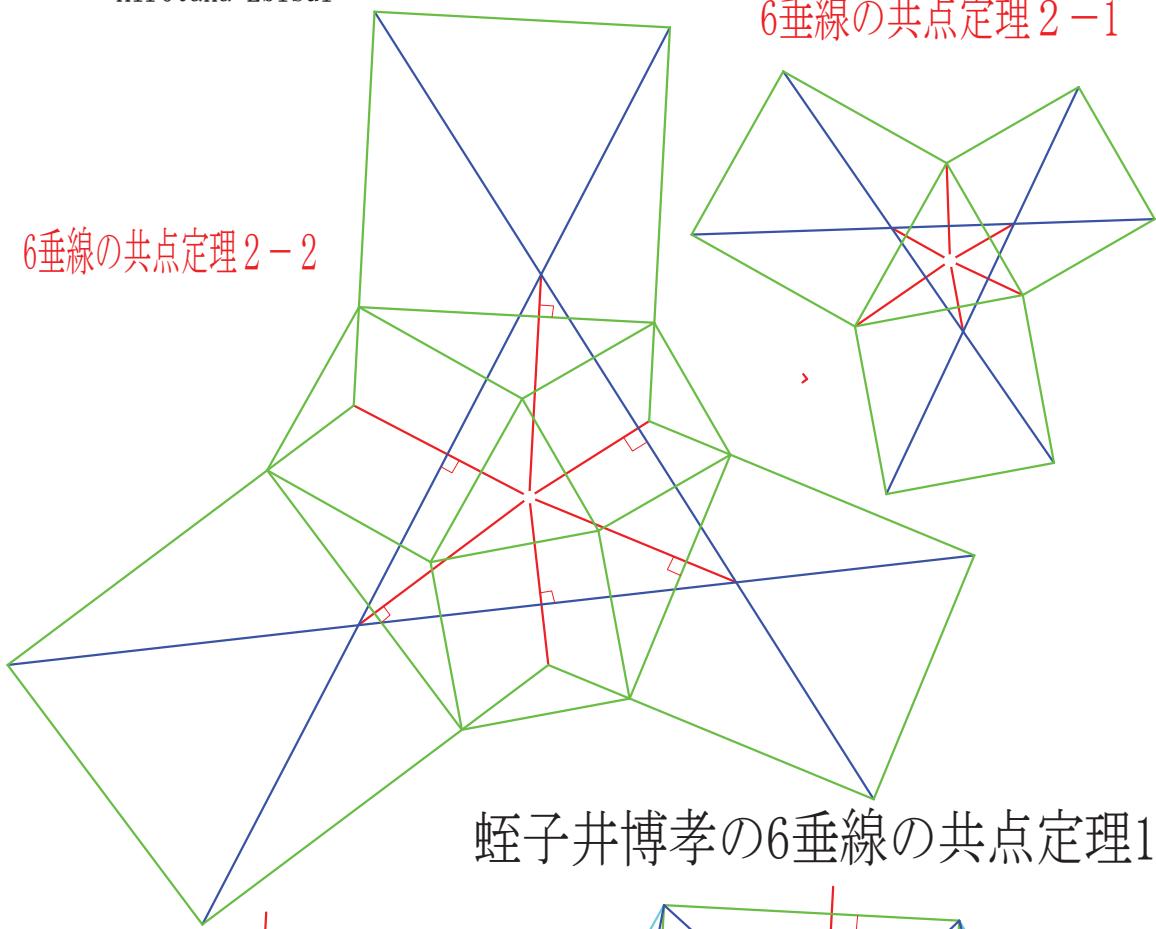
蛭子井博孝

6 Orthogonal lines concurrent Theorems 2015-4-14 清書

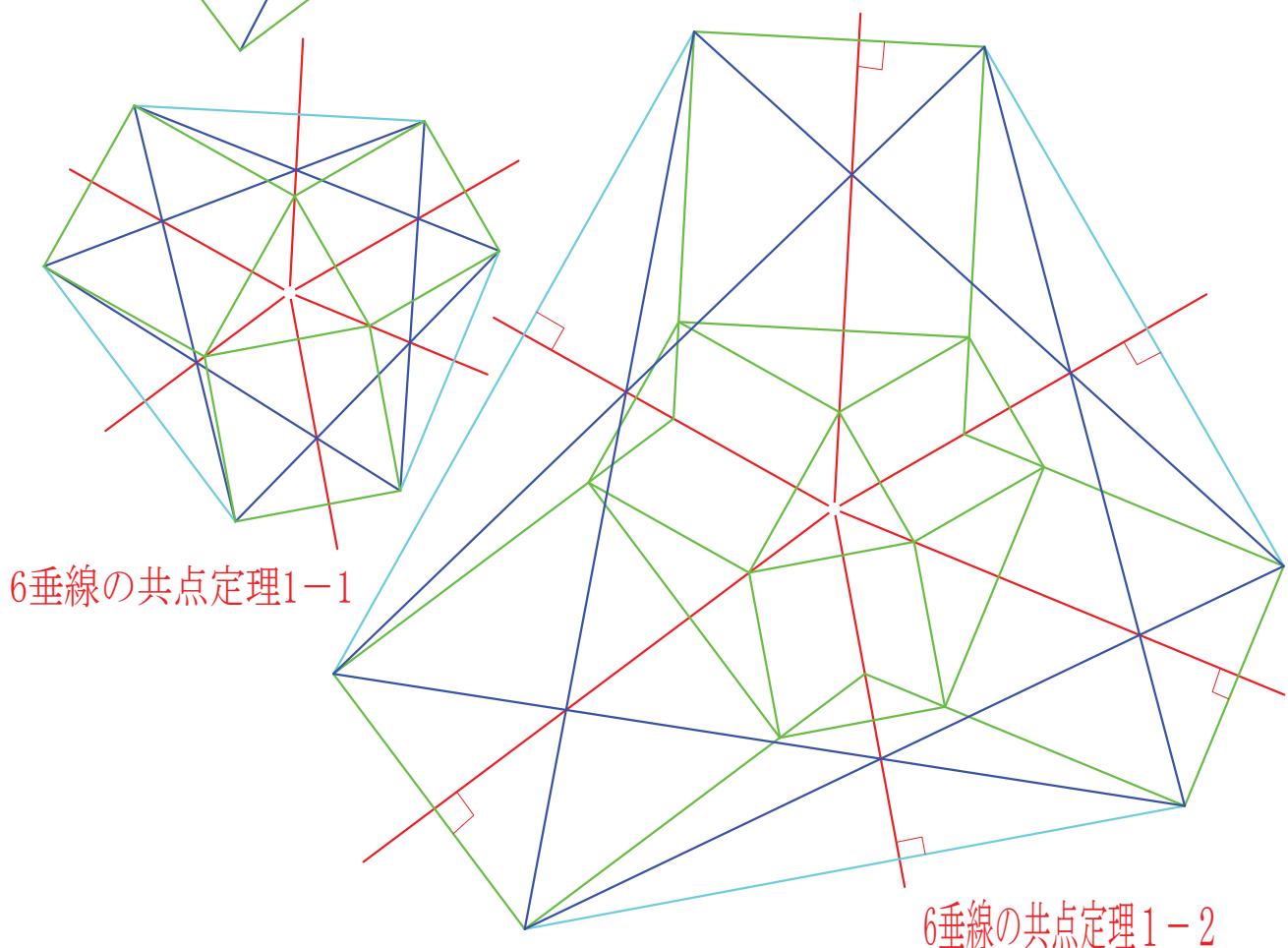
Hirotaka Ebisui

6垂線の共点定理 2-1

6垂線の共点定理 2-2



蛭子井博孝の6垂線の共点定理1、2

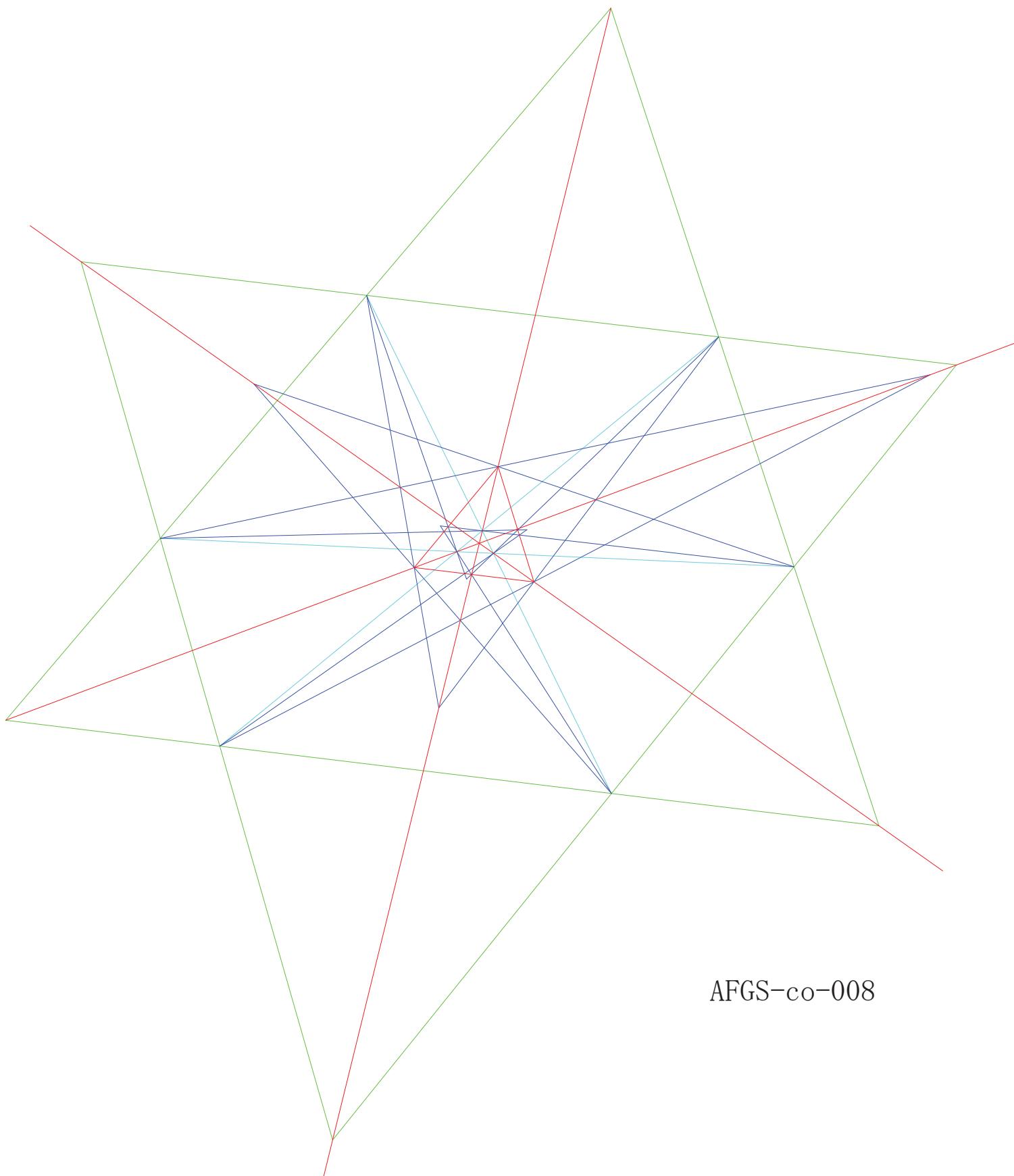


6垂線の共点定理 1-2

AFGS-ortho-005

Collinear Second NOTE No. 8

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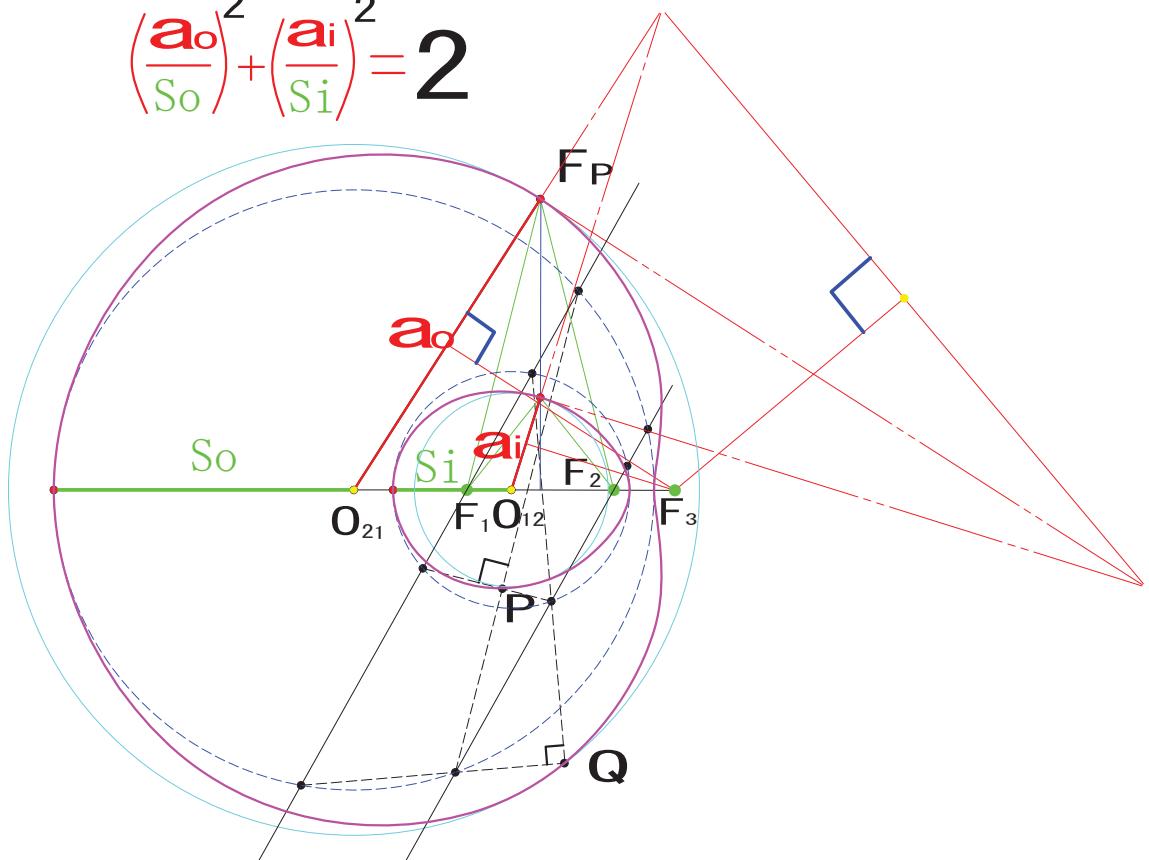
AFGS-co-008

Example Theorem In Doval of Orthogonal line Theorems

Hirotaka Ebisui

Doval不变式

$$\left(\frac{a_o}{S_o}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{a_i}{S_i}\right)^2 = 2$$

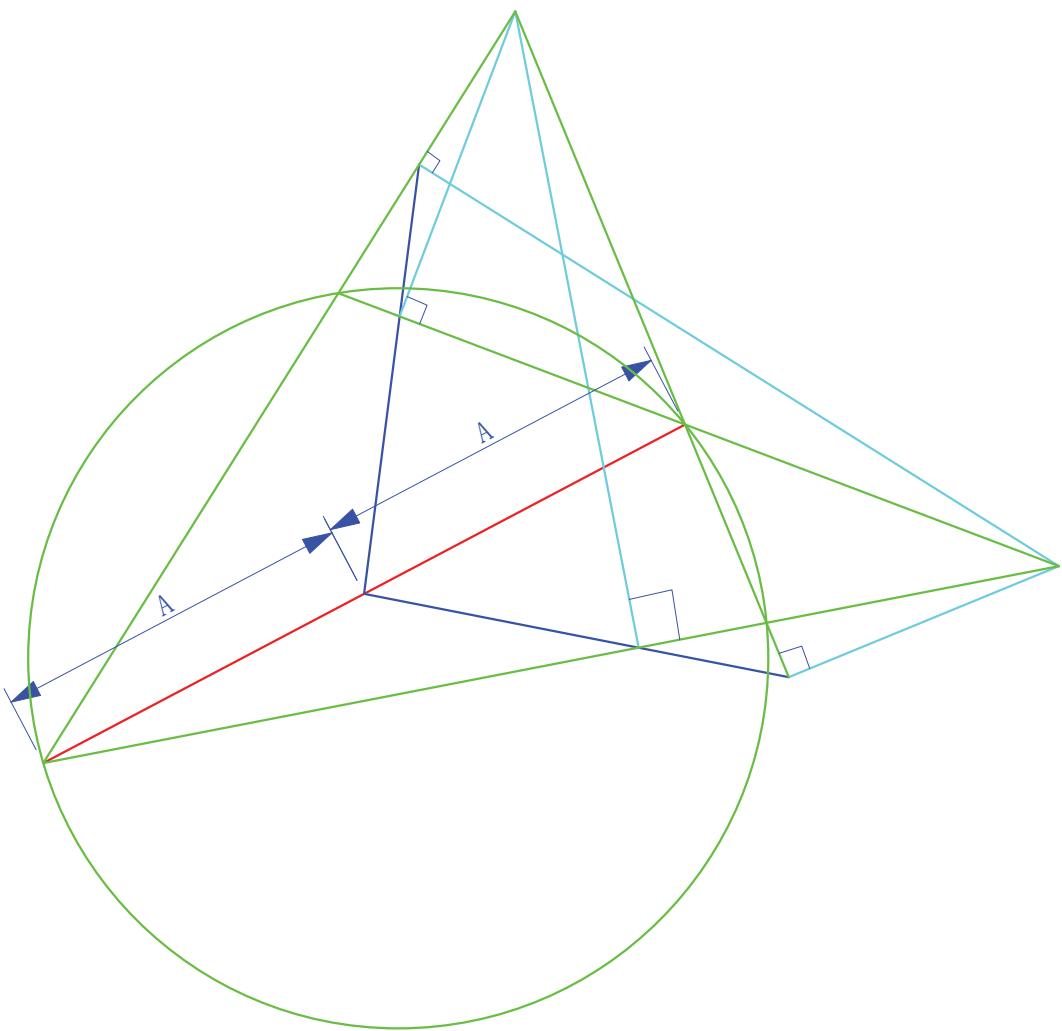


a_i (内短軸), a_o (外長軸)の垂直2等分線は、第3焦点を通る

AFGS ORTH-001

Collinear Second NOTE No. 2

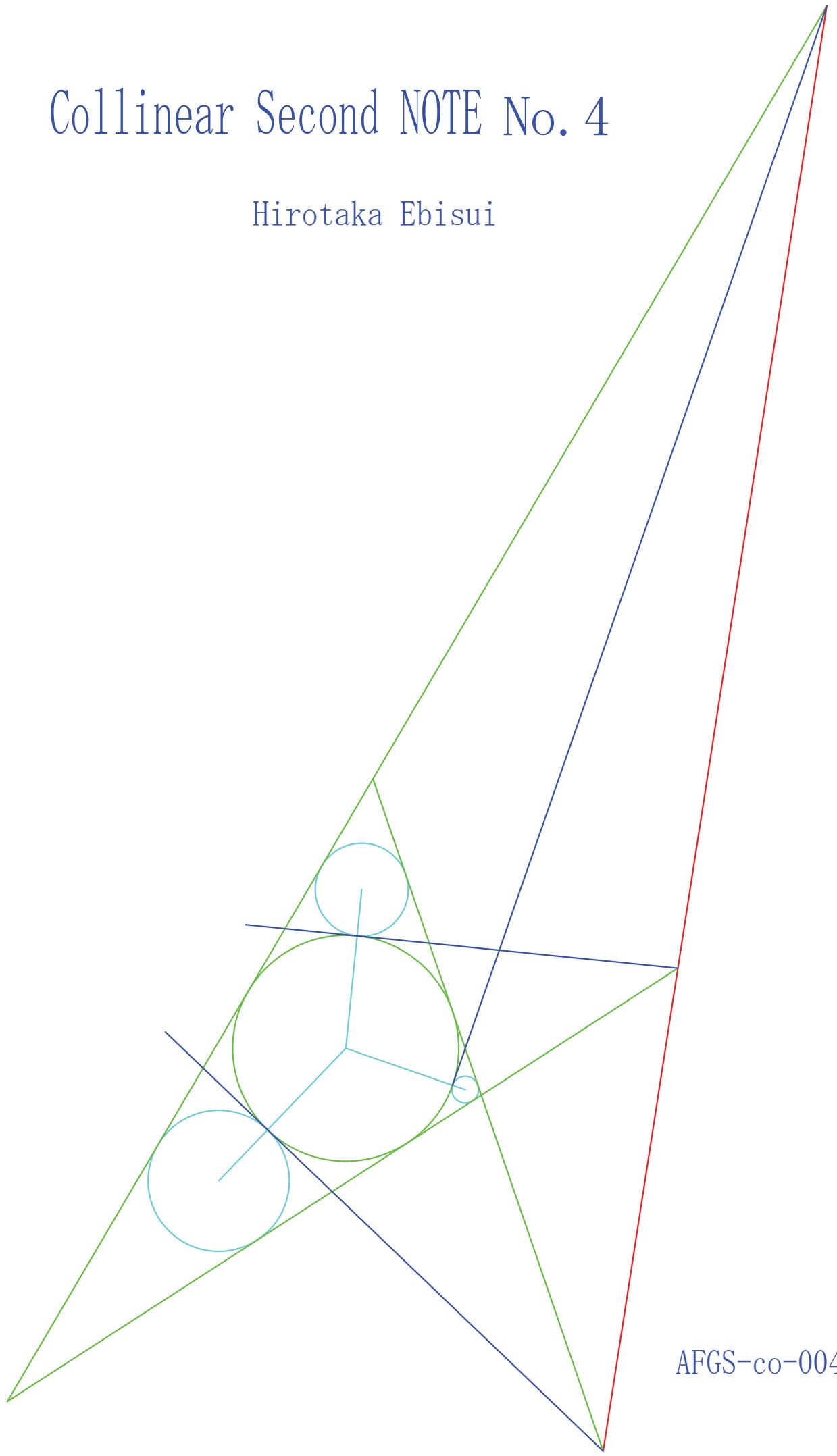
Hirotaka Ebisui



AFGS-co-002

Collinear Second NOTE No. 4

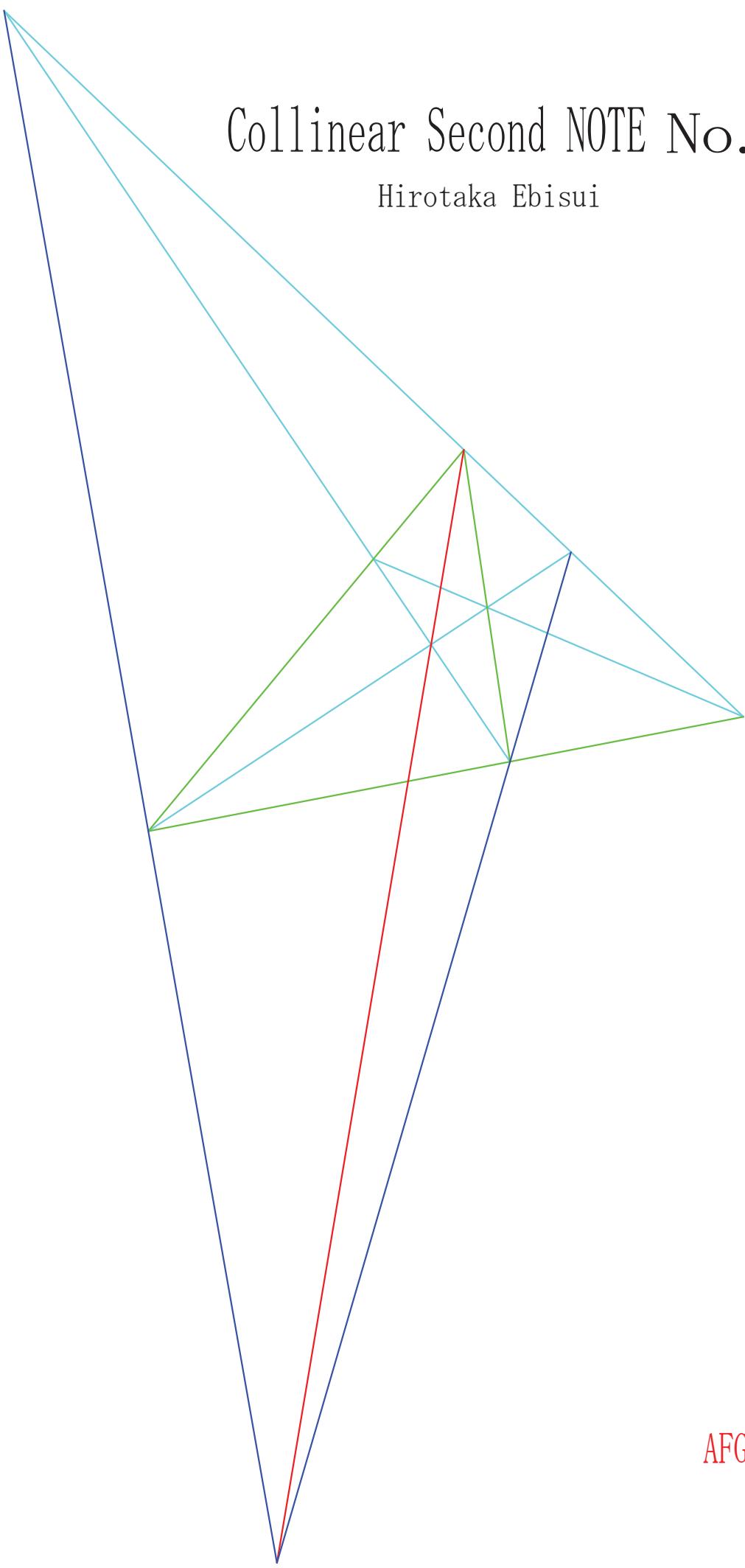
Hirotaka Ebisui



AFGS-co-004

Collinear Second NOTE No. 5

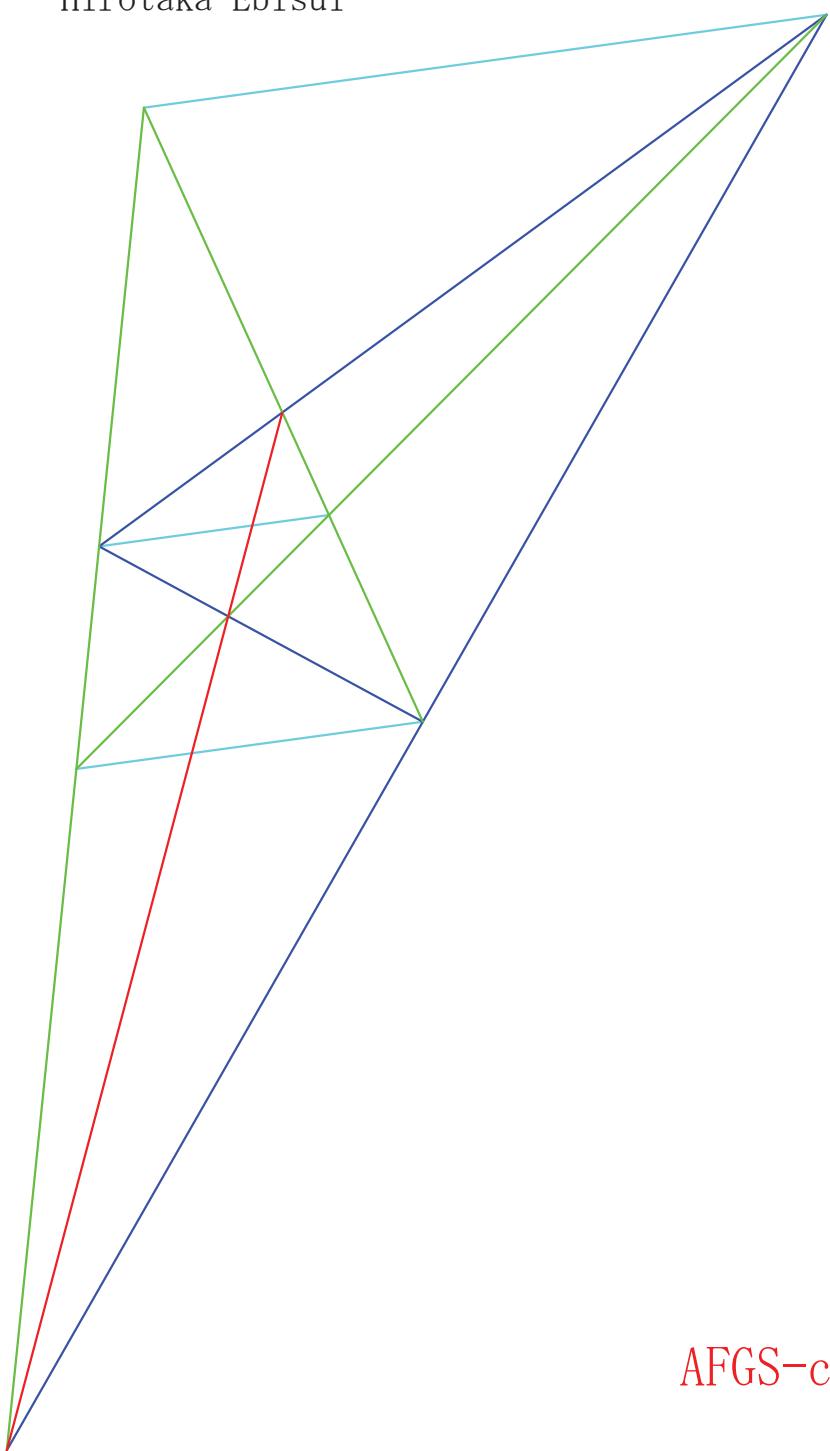
Hirotaka Ebisui



AFGS-co-005

Collinear Second NOTE No. 7

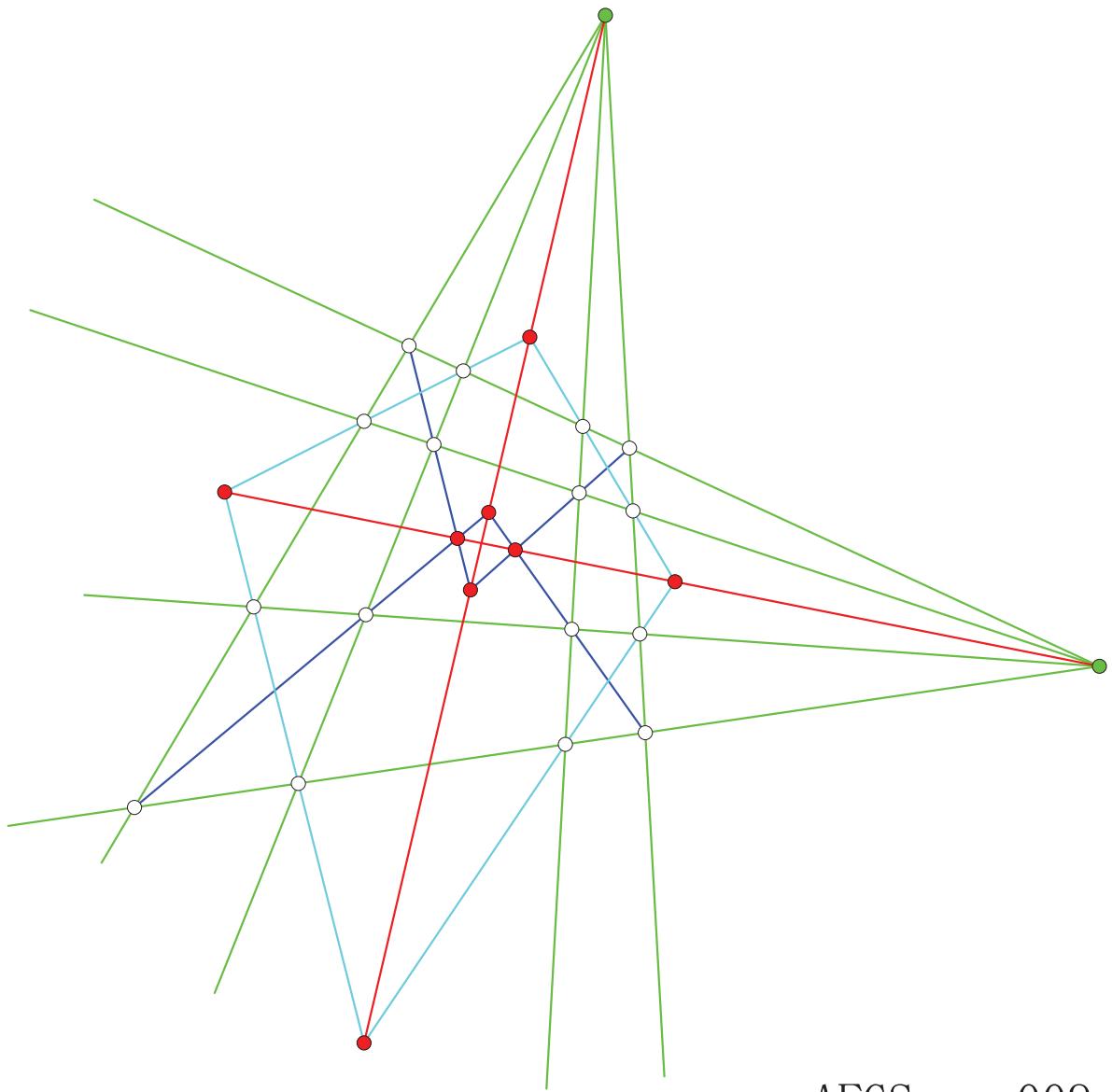
Hirotaka Ebisui



AFGS-co-007

Collinear Second NOTE No. 9

Hirotaka Ebisui



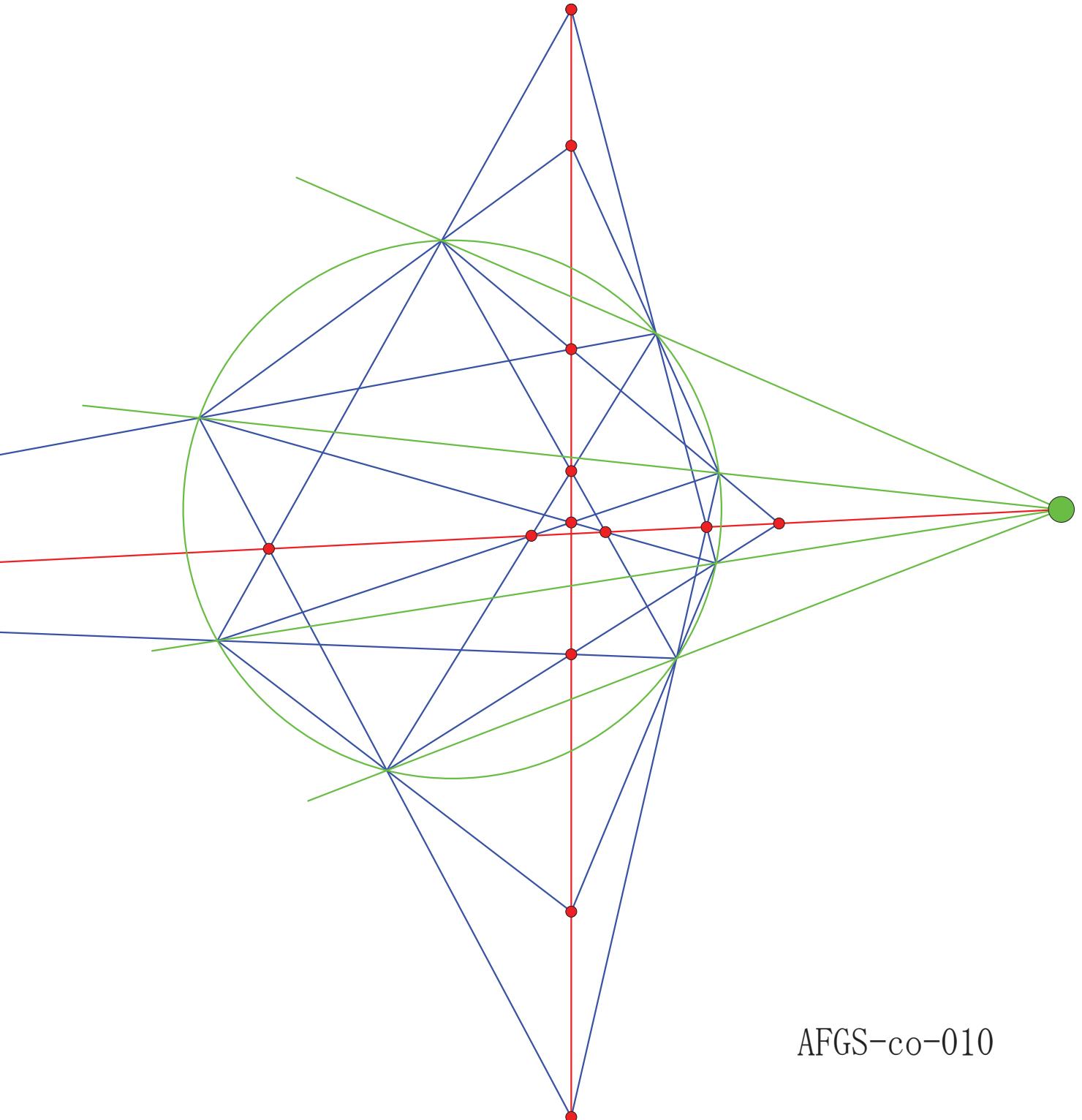
AFGS-co-009

Collinear Second NOTE No.10

Hirotaka Ebisui

87(はな)の定理

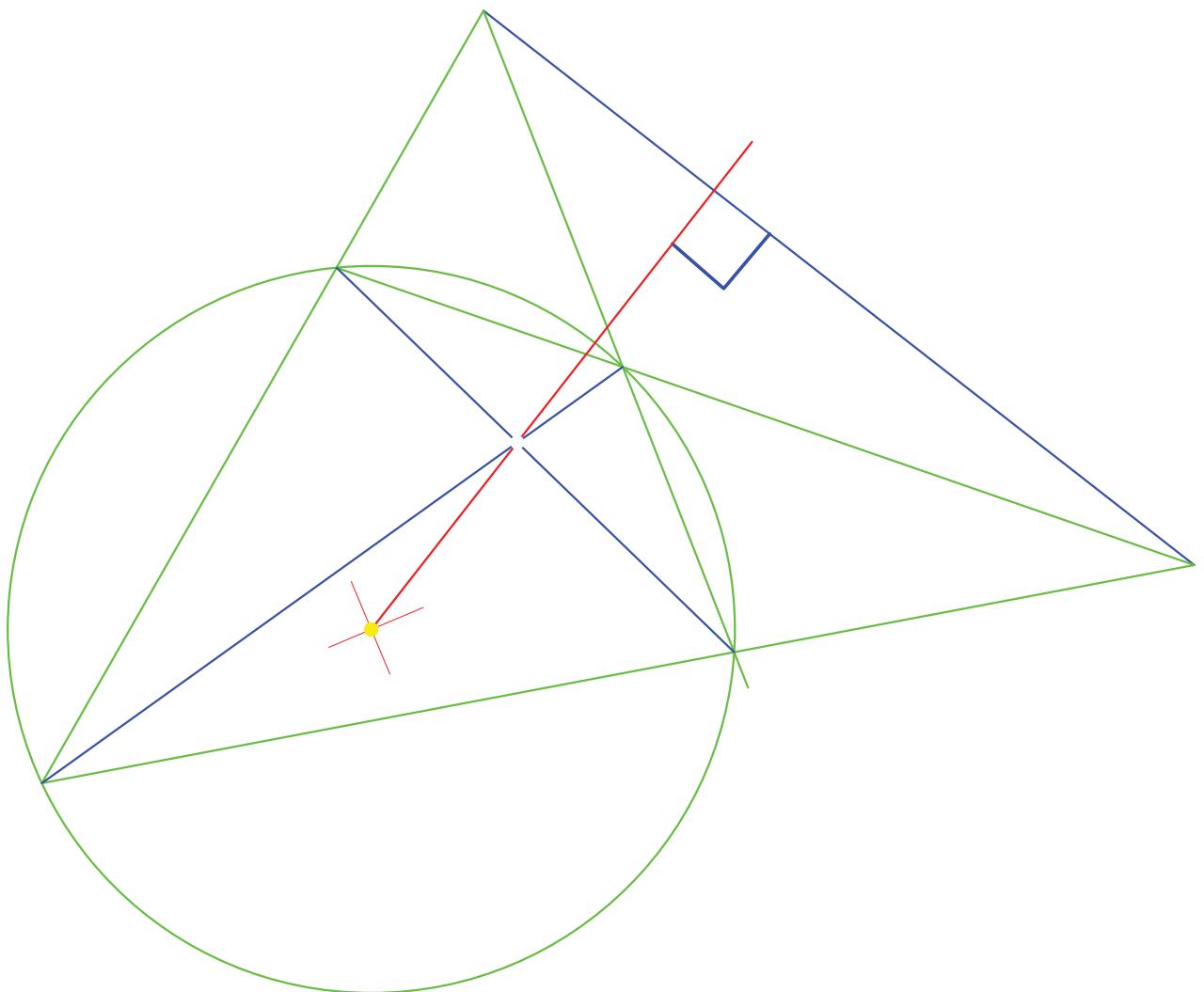
2015-5-15



AFGS-co-010

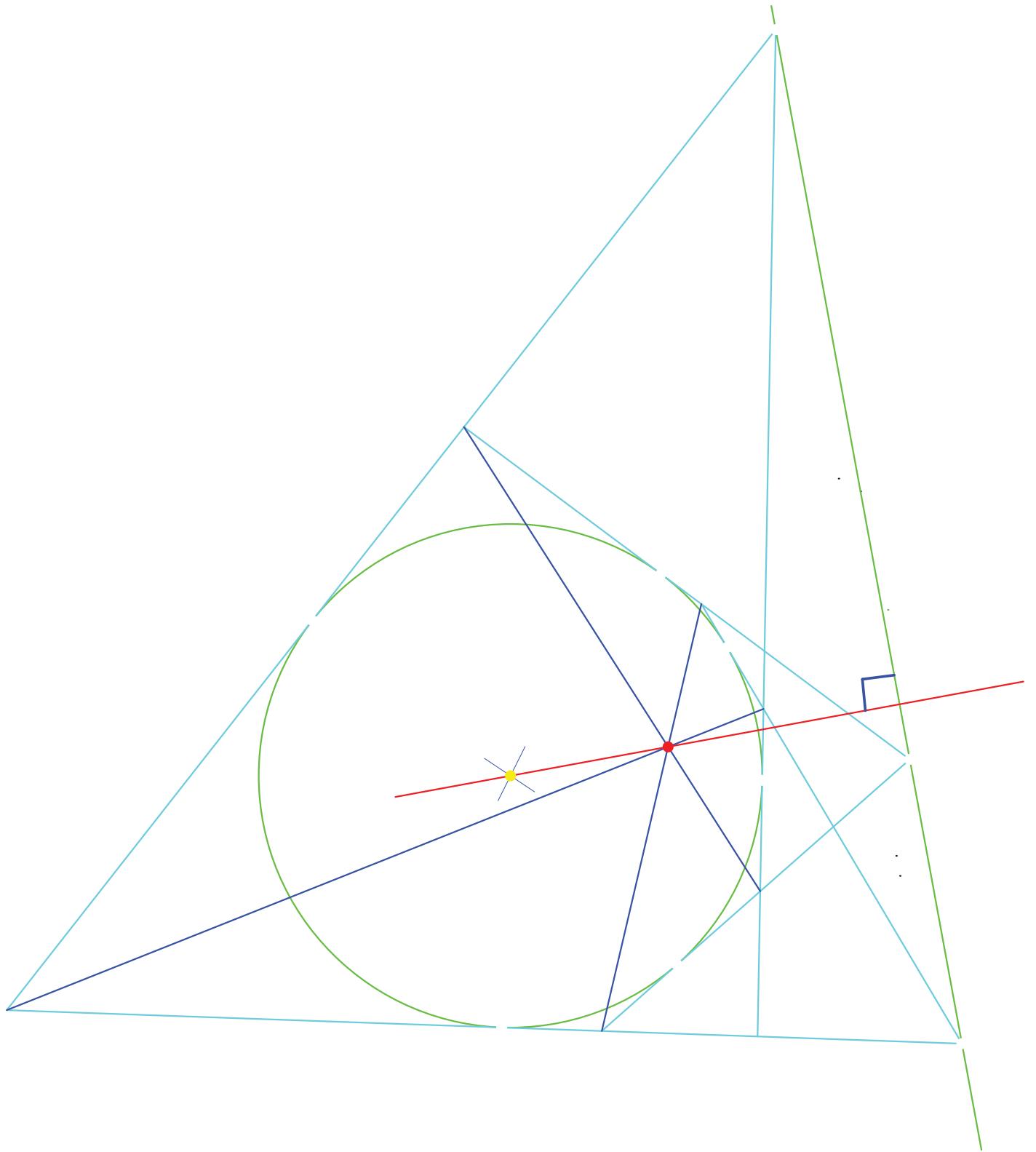
Example 1 of Orthogonal line Theorems

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AFGS-ortho-002

Example 2 of Orthogonal line Theorems

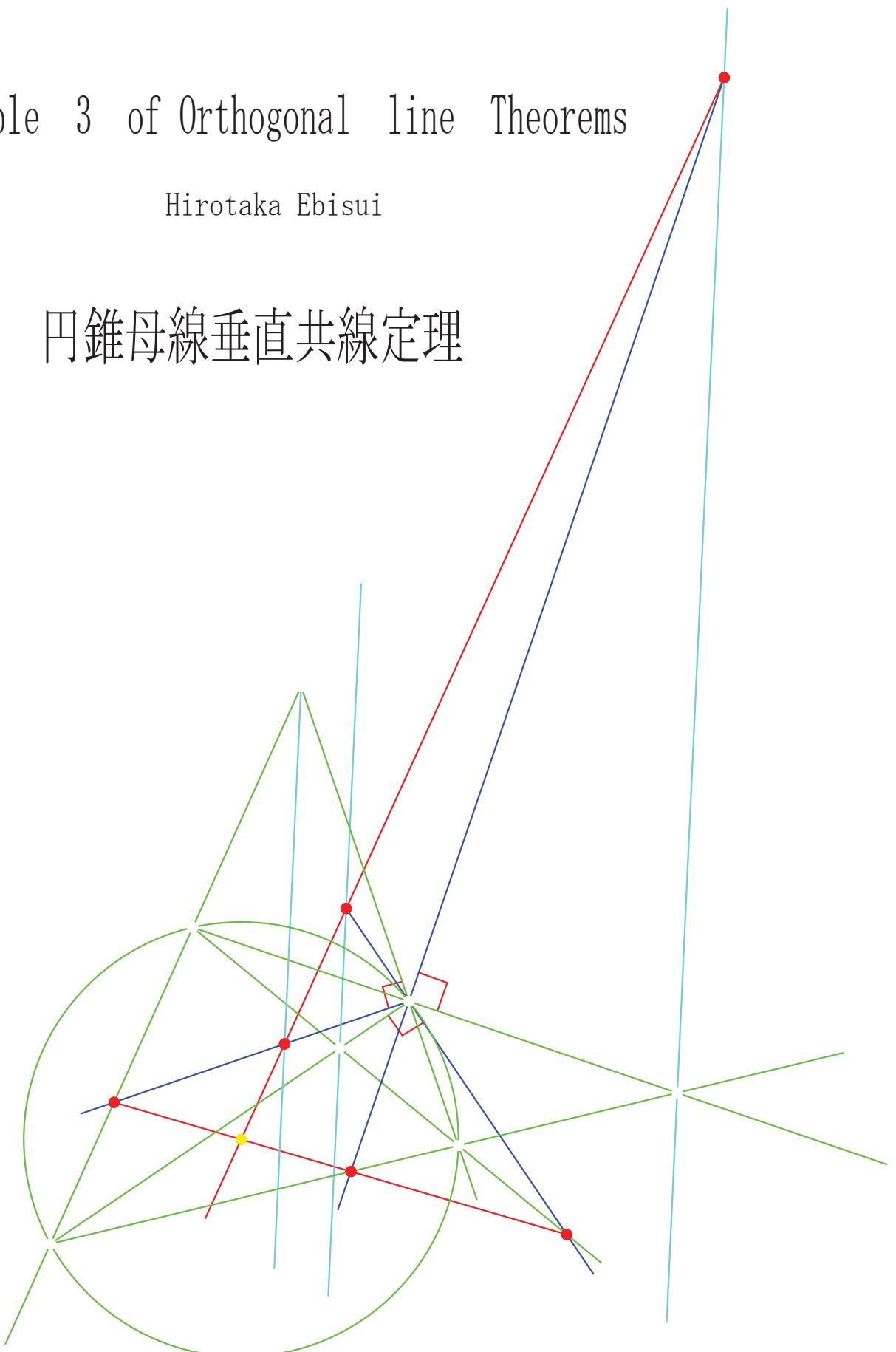


AFGS-ortho-003

Example 3 of Orthogonal line Theorems

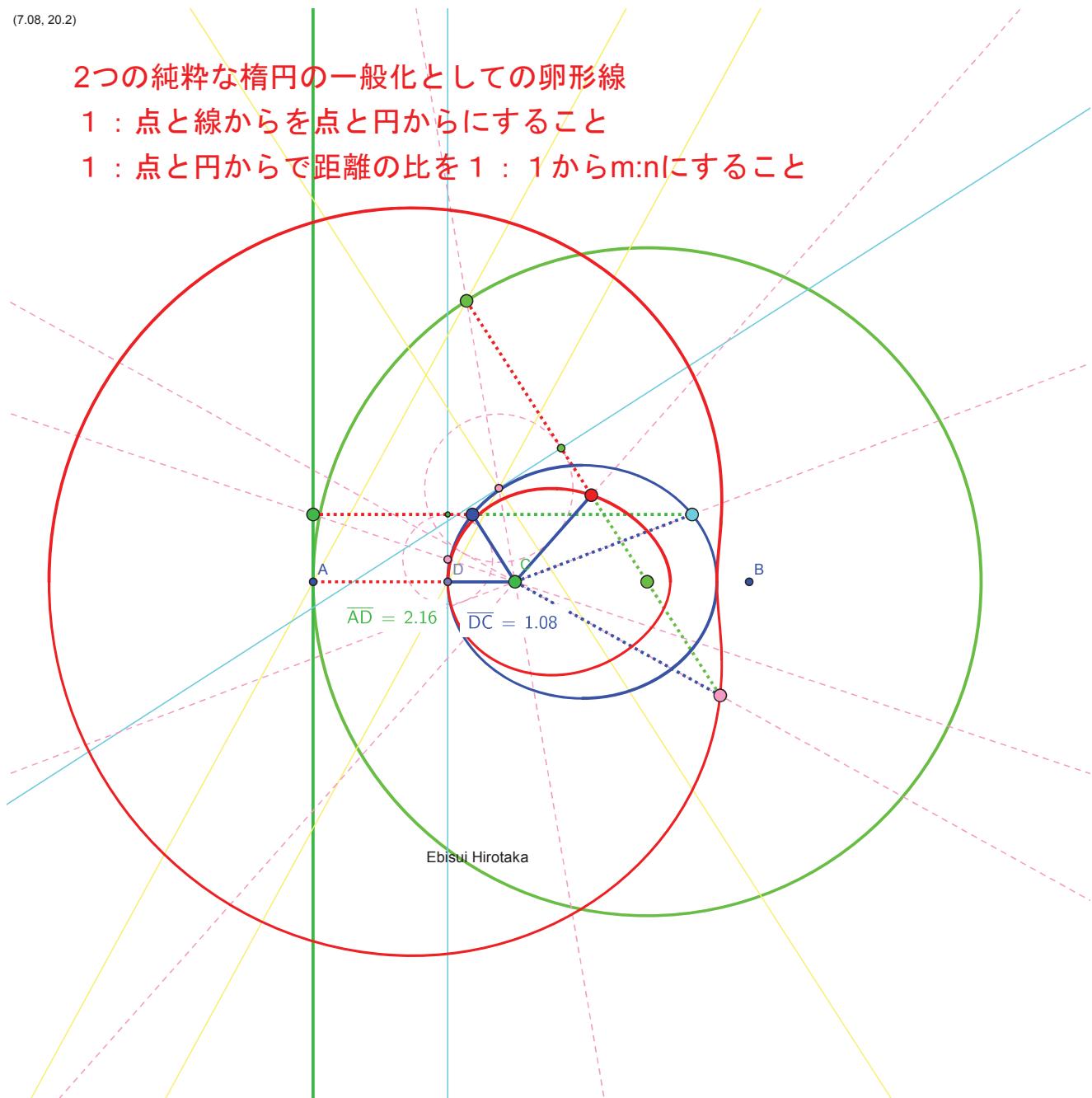
Hirotaka Ebisui

円錐母線垂直共線定理

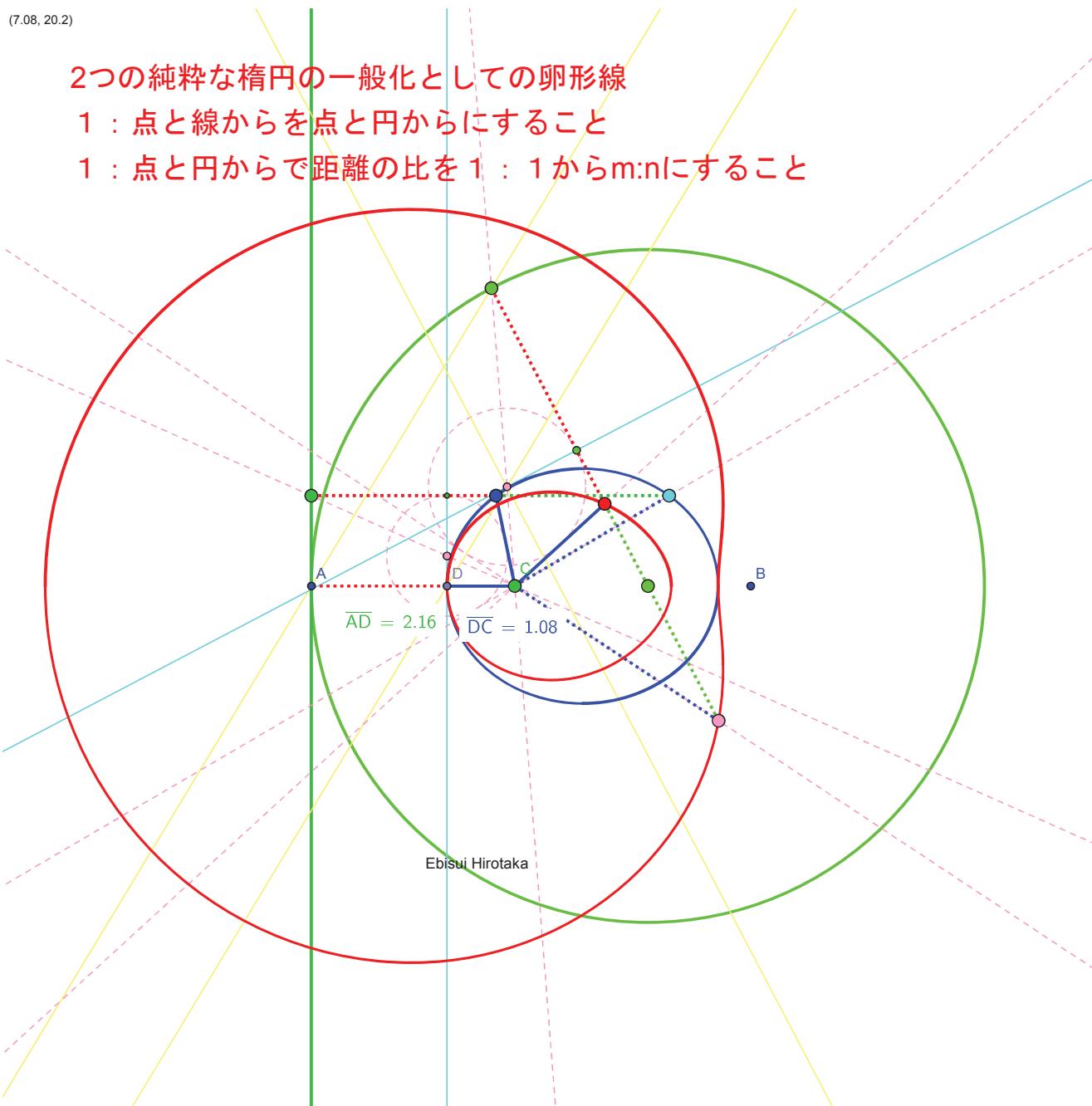


AFGS-ortho-004

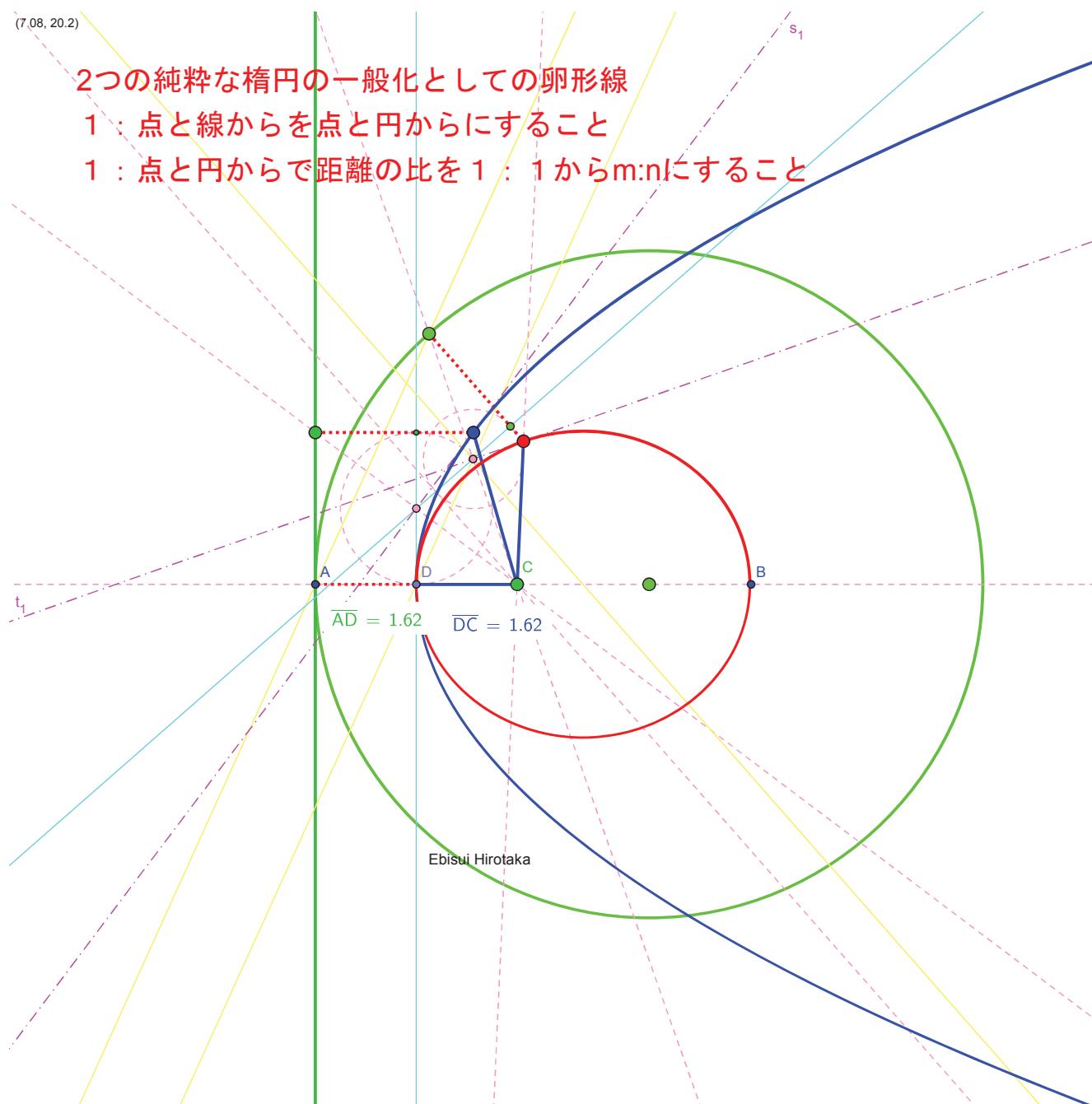
点と線から（点と円から） 1 : 2 (m:n)のとき橿円と（卵形線）（日本数学
蛭子井博孝



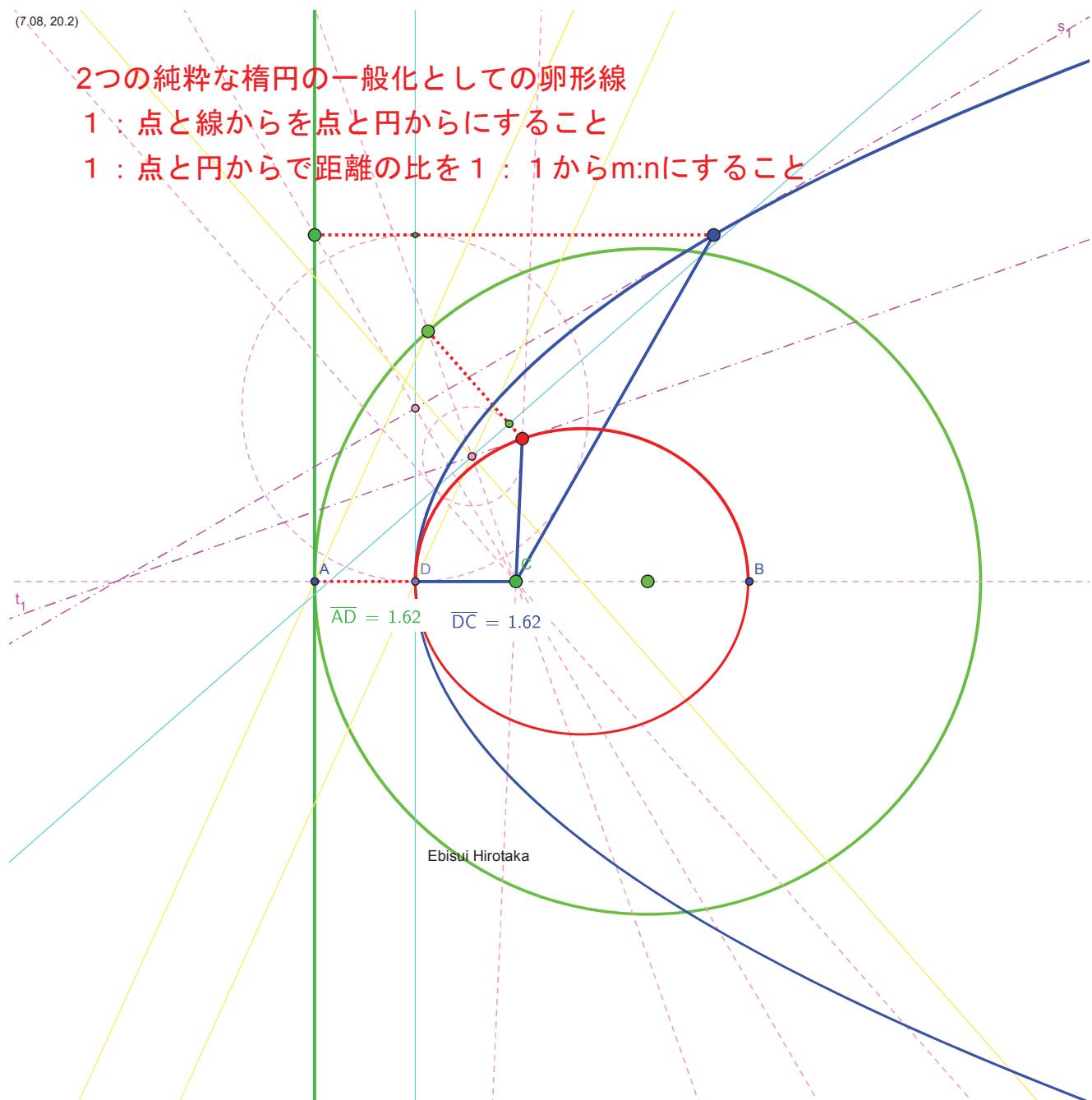
点と線から（点と円から） 1 : 2 (m:n)のとき橿円と（卵形線）（日本数学
蛭子井博孝



点と線から（点と円から）1:1のとき放物線（橙円）（日本数学会2014年
蛭子井博孝



点と線から（点と円から） 1 : 1のとき放物線（橙円）（日本数学会2014年
蛭子井博孝



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> #  $p1^e + p2^e + p3^e + p4^e + p5^e + p6^e + p7^e = prime$  {when  $e = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7$ } = all prime
  by H.E:
> c := 0 :for h1 from 3 to 10 do for h2 from h1 + 1 to 10 do for h3 from h2 + 1 to 25 do
    for h4 from h3 + 1 to 50 do for h5 from h4 + 1 to 60 do for h6 from h5 + 1 to 70 do
      for h7 from h6 + 1 to 80 do for e from 1 to 7 do SP||e := ithprime(h1)^e
      + ithprime(h2)^e + ithprime(h3)^e + ithprime(h4)^e + ithprime(h5)^e + ithprime(h6)^e
      + ithprime(h7)^e :od:if isprime(SP||1) and isprime(SP||2) and isprime(SP||3)
      and isprime(SP||4) and isprime(SP||5) and isprime(SP||6) and isprime(SP||7)
      then c := c + 1 :print( {ithprime(h1)[h1], ithprime(h2)[h2], ithprime(h3)[h3],
      ithprime(h4)[h4], ithprime(h5)[h5], ithprime(h6)[h6], ithprime(h7)[h7]} ) :print
      (PrimeSumPrime[ [P[SP||1], P[SP||2]^2, P[SP||3]^3, P[SP||4]^4, P[SP||5]^5, P[SP||6]^6,
      P[SP||7]^7][c]):print( ) fi:od:od:od:od:od:od:
      {5_3, 7_4, 11_5, 13_6, 17_7, 23_9, 271_58}

```

$$\text{PrimeSumPrime}_{\left[\frac{P_{347}}{P_{107345798750789267}}, \frac{P_{74623}}{P_1}, \frac{P_{19923587}}{P_2}, \frac{P_{5393990071}}{P_3}, \frac{P_{1461668718827}}{P_4}, \frac{P_{396110123010223}}{P_5}\right]_1}$$

$$\{5_3, 7_4, 11_5, 13_6, 17_7, 23_9, 271_{58}\}$$

$$\text{PrimeSumPrime}_{\left[\frac{P_{953}}{P_{2164701257118689129}}, \frac{P_{308311}}{P_2}, \frac{P_{109534409}}{P_3}, \frac{P_{40234715431}}{P_4}, \frac{P_{15047600972633}}{P_5}, \frac{P_{5687639483459191}}{P_6}\right]_2}$$

$$\{5_3, 7_4, 11_5, 13_6, 17_7, 23_9, 271_{58}\}$$

$$\text{PrimeSumPrime}_{\left[\frac{P_{311}}{P_{39057456137468443}}, \frac{P_{25183}}{P_5}, \frac{P_{2308463}}{P_6}, \frac{P_{218116471}}{P_7}, \frac{P_{20903481191}}{P_8}, \frac{P_{2022621537103}}{P_9}, \frac{P_{197107413836063}}{P_{10}}\right]_3}$$

$$\{5_3, 7_4, 11_5, 13_6, 17_7, 23_9, 271_{58}\}$$

$$\text{PrimeSumPrime}_{\left[\frac{P_{739}}{P_{717671901785402827}}, \frac{P_{196543}}{P_4}, \frac{P_{60987547}}{P_5}, \frac{P_{19635401911}}{P_6}, \frac{P_{6436730298259}}{P_7}, \frac{P_{2137953988895983}}{P_8}\right]_4}$$

$$\{5_3, 7_4, 11_5, 13_6, 17_7, 23_9, 271_{58}\}$$

$$\text{PrimeSumPrime}_{\left[\frac{P_{619}}{P_{39057456137468443}}, \frac{P_{104311}}{P_5}, \frac{P_{20156923}}{P_6}, \frac{P_{4111602151}}{P_7}, \frac{P_{860765921419}}{P_8}, \frac{P_{182643083893591}}{P_9}\right]_5}$$

$$\{5_3, 7_4, 11_5, 13_6, 17_7, 23_9, 271_{58}\}$$

$$\text{PrimeSumPrime}_{\left[\frac{P_{751}}{P_{342195052741886983}}, \frac{P_{174943}}{P_6}, \frac{P_{46965943}}{P_7}, \frac{P_{13267788151}}{P_8}, \frac{P_{3855790803391}}{P_9}, \frac{P_{1141286207791183}}{P_{10}}\right]_6}$$

$$\{5_3, 7_4, 11_5, 13_6, 17_7, 23_9, 271_{58}\}$$

$$\text{PrimeSumPrime}_{\left[\frac{P_{499}}{P_{37486338931777171}}, \frac{P_{75703}}{P_7}, \frac{P_{14653651}}{P_8}, \frac{P_{3144029671}}{P_9}, \frac{P_{706446729139}}{P_{10}}, \frac{P_{162008212557463}}{P_{11}}\right]_7}$$

$$\{5_3, 7_4, 11_5, 13_6, 17_7, 23_9, 271_{58}\}$$

$$\text{PrimeSumPrime}_{\left[\begin{smallmatrix} P_{421}, P_{42703}^2, P_{4917853}^3, P_{596975191}^4, P_{74536966741}^5, P_{9452664930463}^6, P_{1209129034661773}^7 \end{smallmatrix} \right]_8}$$

$$\{5_3, 7_4, 17_7, 79_{22}, 83_{23}, 197_{45}, 229_{50}\}$$

$$\text{PrimeSumPrime}_{\left[\begin{smallmatrix} P_{617}, P_{104743}^2, P_{20724569}^3, P_{4342691911}^4, P_{933490209737}^5, P_{203237597210983}^6 \\ P_{44586752895800249}^7 \end{smallmatrix} \right]_9}$$

$$\{5_3, 7_4, 17_7, 97_{25}, 199_{46}, 211_{47}, 293_{62}\}$$

$$\text{PrimeSumPrime}_{\left[\begin{smallmatrix} P_{829}, P_{179743}^2, P_{43346341}^3, P_{11009025271}^4, P_{2898320467789}^5, P_{783894267722383}^6 \\ P_{216443823163401781}^7 \end{smallmatrix} \right]_{10}}$$

$$\{5_3, 7_4, 19_8, 29_{10}, 41_{13}, 73_{21}, 349_{70}\}$$

$$\text{PrimeSumPrime}_{\left[\begin{smallmatrix} P_{523}, P_{130087}^2, P_{42998203}^3, P_{14867548231}^4, P_{5179795711723}^5, P_{1807133464418407}^6 \\ P_{630646141889247643}^7 \end{smallmatrix} \right]_{11}}$$

$$\{5_3, 7_4, 19_8, 37_{12}, 61_{18}, 89_{24}, 191_{43}\}$$

$$\text{PrimeSumPrime}_{\left[\begin{smallmatrix} P_{409}, P_{49927}^2, P_{7957801}^3, P_{1409458951}^4, P_{260695397689}^5, P_{49102340843527}^6 \\ P_{9320754122456521}^7 \end{smallmatrix} \right]_{12}}$$

$$\{5_3, 7_4, 19_8, 211_{47}, 227_{49}, 271_{58}, 311_{64}\}$$

$$\text{PrimeSumPrime}_{\left[\begin{smallmatrix} P_{1051}, P_{266647}^2, P_{71081083}^3, P_{19386022951}^4, P_{5392019020891}^5, P_{1525997978639287}^6 \\ P_{438423338791846843}^7 \end{smallmatrix} \right]_{13}}$$

$$\{5_3, 7_4, 23_9, 29_{10}, 157_{37}, 193_{44}, 277_{59}\}$$

$$\text{PrimeSumPrime}_{\left[\begin{smallmatrix} P_{691}, P_{140071}^2, P_{32349907}^3, P_{7883390791}^4, P_{1993994169331}^5, P_{518389023341671}^6 \\ P_{137455112286417427}^7 \end{smallmatrix} \right]_{14}}$$

$$\{5_3, 7_4, 23_9, 37_{12}, 83_{23}, 131_{32}, 157_{37}\}$$

$$\text{PrimeSumPrime}_{\left[\begin{smallmatrix} P_{443}, P_{50671}^2, P_{6753059}^3, P_{951688471}^4, P_{137983323083}^5, P_{20359639244671}^6 \\ P_{3040540288032179}^7 \end{smallmatrix} \right]_{15}}$$

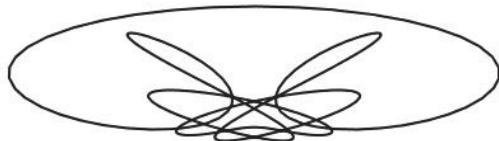
$$\{5_3, 7_4, 23_9, 41_{13}, 191_{43}, 227_{49}, 383_{76}\}$$

$$\text{PrimeSumPrime}_{\left[\begin{smallmatrix} P_{877}, P_{236983}^2, P_{74928397}^3, P_{25506872551}^4, P_{9098321026477}^5, P_{3341782302135703}^6 \\ P_{1249234915284327757}^7 \end{smallmatrix} \right]_{16}}$$

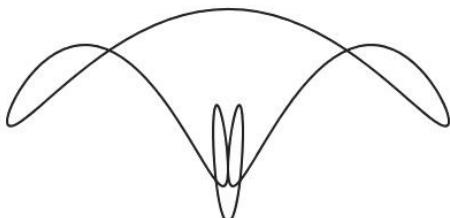
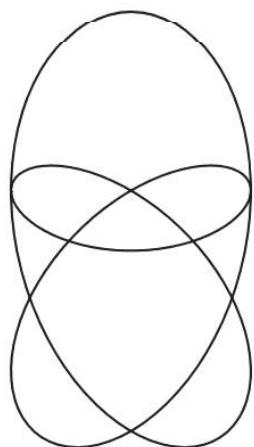
$$\{5_3, 7_4, 23_9, 61_{18}, 73_{21}, 277_{59}, 383_{76}\}$$

$$\text{PrimeSumPrime}_{\left[\begin{smallmatrix} P_{829}, P_{233071}^2, P_{78064453}^3, P_{27447529111}^4, P_{9874981971469}^5, P_{3608337097619071}^6 \\ P_{1334046207069688213}^7 \end{smallmatrix} \right]_{17}}$$

数 2 0 1 5 年



数 9 月 数 17 日



あとがき

数をグラフ化して、私は、もう、この世の仕事は、終わったぐらいに思っている。それほど、大切な仕事である。数を素因数分解して、グラフ化しようと思ったが、できなかった。2, 3進数に分解しないと。これを書き、また、新たなグラフ化を思いついた。素因数の和の2進数化と、素因数を使いx、yに直す方法、今からやろう。ではまた。そして、65ページの幾何数学明書を締めくくる。3進数をもちいた。 96君が出た。